

Martinsville, Virginia
A CITY WITHOUT LIMITS



**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE
FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PREPARED BY: _____

Finance Department

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

City Council

LC Jones, Mayor
Kathy Lawson, Vice-Mayor

Aaron Rawls

Rayshaun Gravely

Julian Mei

School Board

Yvonne Givens, Chairperson
Michael Williamson, Vice-Chairperson
Nekia Blackwell
Kathy Carter

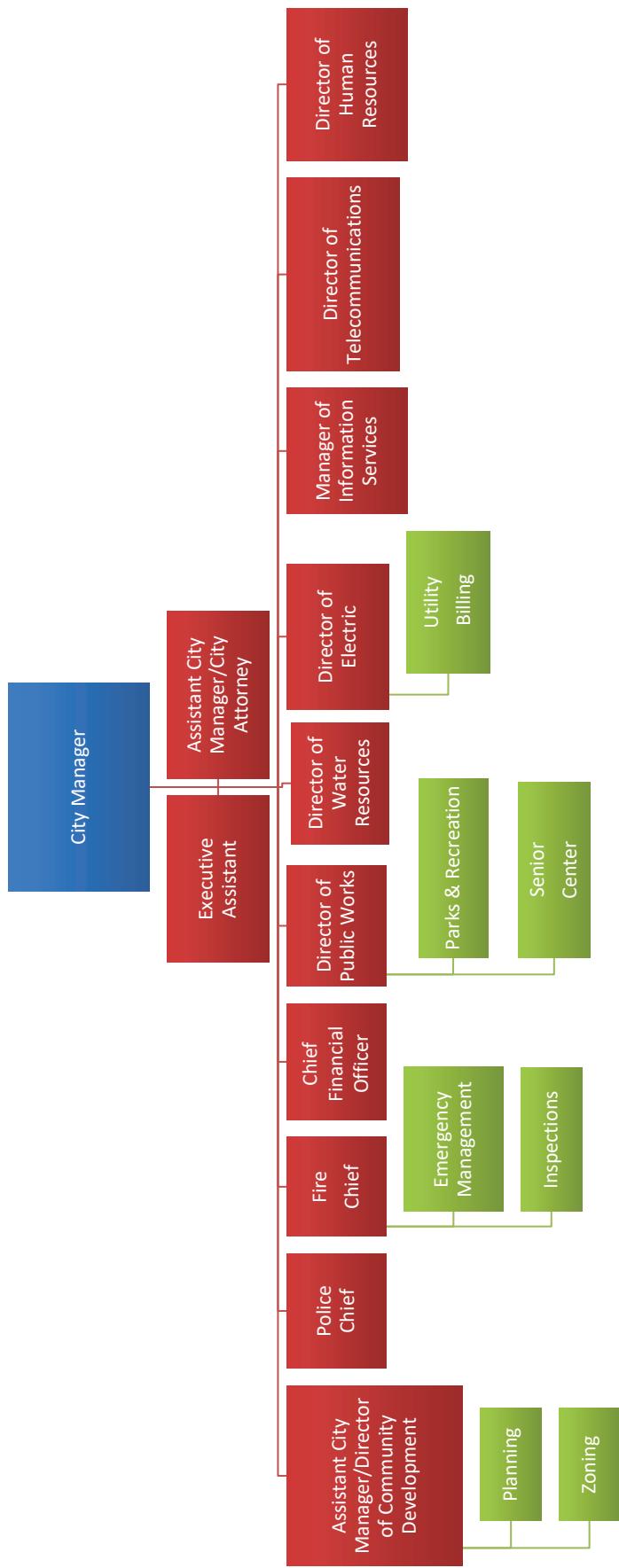
Anne Agee

Other Officials

City Manager.....	Aretha Ferrel-Benavides
Clerk of the Circuit Court.....	Jean P. Nunn
City Attorney/Asst. City Mgr.	Vacant
Commissioner of the Revenue.....	Ruth Easley
Treasurer	Cindy Dickerson
Police Chief.....	Rob Fincher
Superintendent of Schools.....	Zebadee Tally
Clerk of the School Board.....	Yani Smith
Chief Financial Officer.....	Richard Stanfield
Sheriff.....	Steve M. Draper
Commonwealth's Attorney.....	Glen A. Hall
Public Works Director	Greg Maggard
Electric Director.....	Durwin Joyce
Purchasing Manager.....	Zachary Morris
Fire Chief	Dan Howell
Water Resources	Mandy Muse

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City of Martinsville Organizational Chart



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Independent Auditors' Report

**To The Honorable Members of
City Council
City of Martinsville, Virginia**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Martinsville, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Martinsville, Virginia, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Martinsville, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2024, the City restated beginning balances of the general fund and governmental activities to correct an error in prior year revenue. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Martinsville, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Martinsville, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Martinsville, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 24, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia

April 24, 2025

To the Honorable Members of the City Council To the Citizens of the City of Martinsville

The management of the City of Martinsville, Virginia, presents this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage you to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the accompanying management letter on internal controls, the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$52,370,275 (total net position).
- The Governmental activities net position was \$11,340,728 of the City's total, an increase of \$4,340,605 from net position of \$7,000,123 at June 30, 2023.
- Net position of the City's various business-type activities totaled \$41,029,547. This is an increase of \$5,908,678 or 16.82% compared to net position of \$35,120,869 at June 30, 2023.

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing resources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses by \$1,033,526 (Exhibit 4) after making direct contributions totaling \$4,892,265 to the School Board. Additionally, \$1,202,088 was expended from the Meals Tax Fund for School related debt service. A total of \$6,094,353 was expended on School activities from Governmental Funds.

- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$14,362,343, which is an increase of \$1,033,526 in comparison with the prior fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,255,868 or 12.71% of total general fund expenditures.
- The combined long-term Governmental activities obligations decreased by \$2,401,673 or approximately 8.68% during the current fiscal year. This is primarily due to a decrease in the actuarially determined net pension liability.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements.

These financial statements are comprised of three (3) components:

1. Government-wide financial statements.
2. Fund financial statements.
3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and other information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Government-wide financial reporting consists of two statements: (1) The Statement of Net Position and (2) The Statement of Activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Net position (exhibit one) presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Net position is presented in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (exhibit two) presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items which result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Net position and The Statement of Activities are both divided into three types of activities:

1. **Governmental Activities** – Most of the City's basic services are reported in this column to include: Police, Fire, Courts, Recreation, Social Services, Economic Development, Community Development, Telecommunications, Capital Projects, and General Administration. Governmental Activities are supported primarily by taxes, state and federal grants, and transfers from the City's Enterprise funds (Electric, Water, Sewer, and Refuse).
2. **Business-Type Activities** – The City has four business-type activities: Electric, Water, Sewer, and Refuse. The City recovers all or a significant portion of the costs associated with providing these services through user fees and charges to the customers receiving these services.
3. **Component Unit** – The City has one component unit, the Martinsville Public Schools. While the School System is a legally separate entity, the City of Martinsville is financially accountable for the School System. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of these funds can be placed in either of three (3) categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – A *governmental fund* is used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting while governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Thus, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating the City's ability to satisfy near-term financing requirements. Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation between the two methods used is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet (exhibit 3) and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (exhibit 5). By comparing the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions.

The City has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the Meals Tax Fund. The City has three funds considered nonmajor funds. These are the Community Development Block Grant Fund (CDBG), the Capital Reserve Fund, and the CARES Fund. For reporting purposes, the CDBG Fund is called the City Grants Fund and is combined with the CARES Fund to comprise the Special Revenue Funds. The Capital Reserve Fund is the City's nonmajor Capital Projects Fund. Together the Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund comprise the City's Nonmajor Governmental Funds. Information on these funds is contained in Exhibits 28, 29, and 30. This data is then combined in a single column for the governmental fund balance sheet (exhibit 3) and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, changes in fund balances (exhibit 4).

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds – *Proprietary funds* consist of enterprise funds which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the public. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private businesses.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Electric, Water, Sewer and Refuse/Landfill funds are presented on the statements individually as major funds (exhibits 6-8). Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business. The intent of the governing body is to finance these services primarily through user charges and fees.

Notes to the financial statements - Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required information supplements including budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As stated earlier in this discussion, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a City's financial position over time. For the City in FY2024, (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$52,370,275 at the close of the fiscal year as presented in the Table below. This was an increase of \$10,249,283 or 24.73% as compared to the FY2023 closing amount of \$41,442,373.

City of Martinsville, Virginia
Statement of Net Position
Governmental and Business-Type Activities
For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 27,329,021	\$ 28,663,581	\$ 16,074,796	\$ 14,673,689	\$ 43,403,817	\$ 43,337,270
Capital assets	17,158,093	17,484,998	54,958,316	51,141,874	72,116,409	68,626,872
Total assets	\$ 44,487,114	\$ 46,148,579	\$ 71,033,112	\$ 65,815,563	\$ 115,520,226	\$ 111,964,142
Deferred outflows of resources	2,893,687	3,988,455	1,316,845	865,898	4,210,532	4,854,353
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 47,380,801	\$ 50,137,034	\$ 72,349,957	\$ 66,681,461	\$ 119,730,758	\$ 116,818,495
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 24,077,806	\$ 26,486,267	\$ 27,161,369	\$ 27,696,924	\$ 51,239,175	\$ 54,183,191
Current liabilities	9,571,548	12,832,539	3,717,300	2,888,377	13,288,848	15,720,916
Total liabilities	\$ 33,649,354	\$ 39,318,806	\$ 30,878,669	\$ 30,585,301	\$ 64,528,023	\$ 69,904,107
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,390,719	\$ 3,818,105	\$ 441,741	\$ 975,291	\$ 2,832,460	\$ 4,793,396
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,731,433	\$ 10,651,069	\$ 33,356,327	\$ 29,124,441	\$ 44,087,760	\$ 39,775,510
Restricted	4,347,708	466,366	-	-	4,347,708	466,366
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,738,413)	(4,117,312)	7,673,220	5,996,428	3,934,807	1,879,116
Total net position	\$ 11,340,728	\$ 7,000,123	\$ 41,029,547	\$ 35,120,869	\$ 52,370,275	\$ 42,120,992
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 47,380,801	\$ 50,137,034	\$ 72,349,957	\$ 66,681,461	\$ 119,730,758	\$ 116,818,495

At the end of FY2024, the City's net investment in capital assets is \$44,087,760. These capital assets are used to deliver services to City residents and business; and accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the important and needed investment in capital assets is reported as net investment in capital assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay such debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

At the end of the current Fiscal Year, the City's Governmental Activities net investment in capital assets is \$10,731,433.

Restricted Assets represent resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. In FY2024, the City held cash restricted for Electric and Water customer deposits totaling \$427,564.

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased Martinsville City's net position by \$4,340,605. The key elements of this increase are found in exhibit 2.

City of Martinsville, Virginia
Changes in Net Position
Governmental and Business-Type Activities
For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

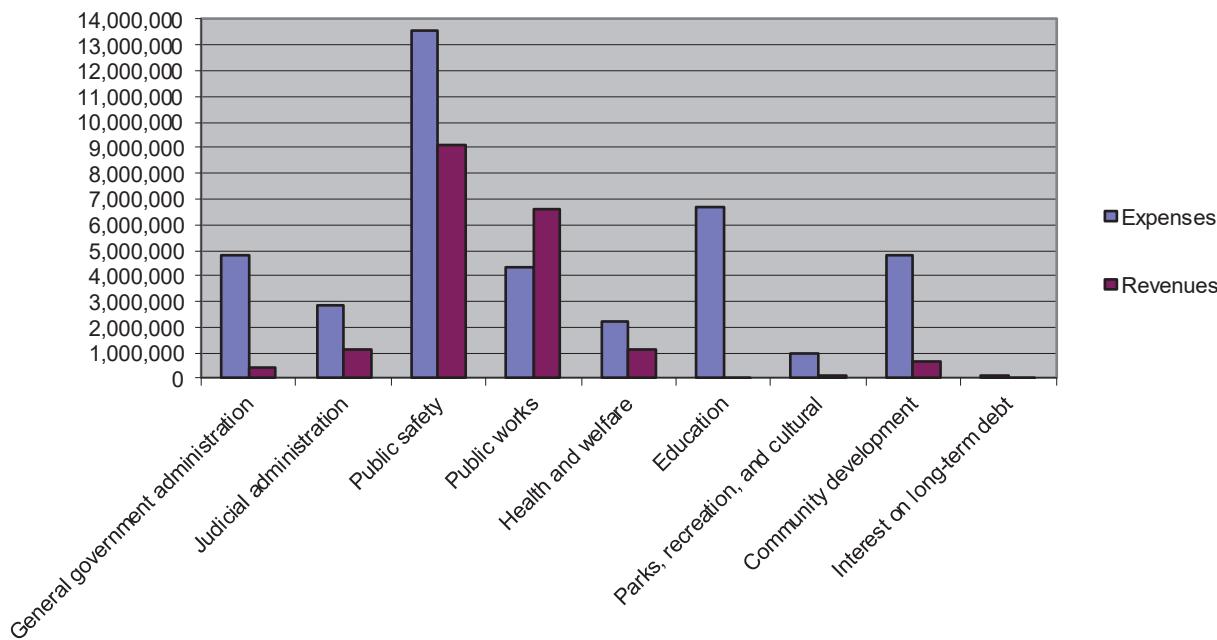
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,398,386	\$ 2,690,563	\$ 32,187,777	\$ 29,910,617	\$ 34,586,163	\$ 32,601,180
Operating grants and contributions	16,068,038	16,520,844	-	-	16,068,038	16,520,844
Capital grants and contributions	569,332	1,694,727	4,381,297	-	4,950,629	1,694,727
General revenues:						
General property taxes	11,553,269	10,432,820	-	-	11,553,269	10,432,820
Other local taxes	9,948,248	9,178,807	-	-	9,948,248	9,178,807
Commonwealth non-categorial aid	1,281,309	1,387,358	-	-	1,281,309	1,387,358
Other general revenues	2,246,902	1,795,327	684,655	841,863	2,931,557	2,637,190
Total revenues	\$ 44,065,484	\$ 43,700,446	\$ 37,253,729	\$ 30,752,480	\$ 81,319,213	\$ 74,452,926
Expenses:						
General government administration	\$ 4,828,694	\$ 5,194,243	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,828,694	\$ 5,194,243
Judicial administration	2,853,488	2,706,080	-	-	2,853,488	2,706,080
Public safety	13,555,439	13,073,788	-	-	13,555,439	13,073,788
Public works	4,319,615	4,698,354	-	-	4,319,615	4,698,354
Health and welfare	2,195,904	1,795,566	-	-	2,195,904	1,795,566
Education	6,661,732	5,182,631	-	-	6,661,732	5,182,631
Parks, recreation, and cultural	991,330	855,227	-	-	991,330	855,227
Community development	4,806,583	4,208,581	-	-	4,806,583	4,208,581
Interest on long-term debt	62,094	75,373	-	-	62,094	75,373
Electric	-	-	20,533,010	19,557,213	20,533,010	19,557,213
Water	-	-	3,453,752	2,566,198	3,453,752	2,566,198
Sewer	-	-	4,761,252	4,516,026	4,761,252	4,516,026
Refuse collection/landfill	-	-	2,047,037	2,005,597	2,047,037	2,005,597
Total expenses	\$ 40,274,879	\$ 37,789,843	\$ 30,795,051	\$ 28,645,034	\$ 71,069,930	\$ 66,434,877
Change in net position before transfers	\$ 3,790,605	\$ 5,910,603	\$ 6,458,678	\$ 2,107,446	\$ 10,249,283	\$ 8,018,049
Transfers	550,000	-	(550,000)	-	-	-
Change in net position	\$ 4,340,605	\$ 5,910,603	\$ 5,908,678	\$ 2,107,446	\$ 10,249,283	\$ 8,018,049
Net position - beginning	7,000,123	1,089,520	35,120,869	33,013,423	42,120,992	34,102,943
Net position - ending	\$ 11,340,728	\$ 7,000,123	\$ 41,029,547	\$ 35,120,869	\$ 52,370,275	\$ 42,120,992

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Revenues in governmental activities totaled \$44,065,484 with operating grants and contributions (36.46%), general property taxes (26.22%), and other local taxes (22.58%) comprising 85.26% of the City's revenues. Expenses for public safety (33.66%), education (16.54%), public works (10.73%), community development (11.93%), and general government administration (11.99%), account for 84.85% of total governmental expenses of \$40,274,879.

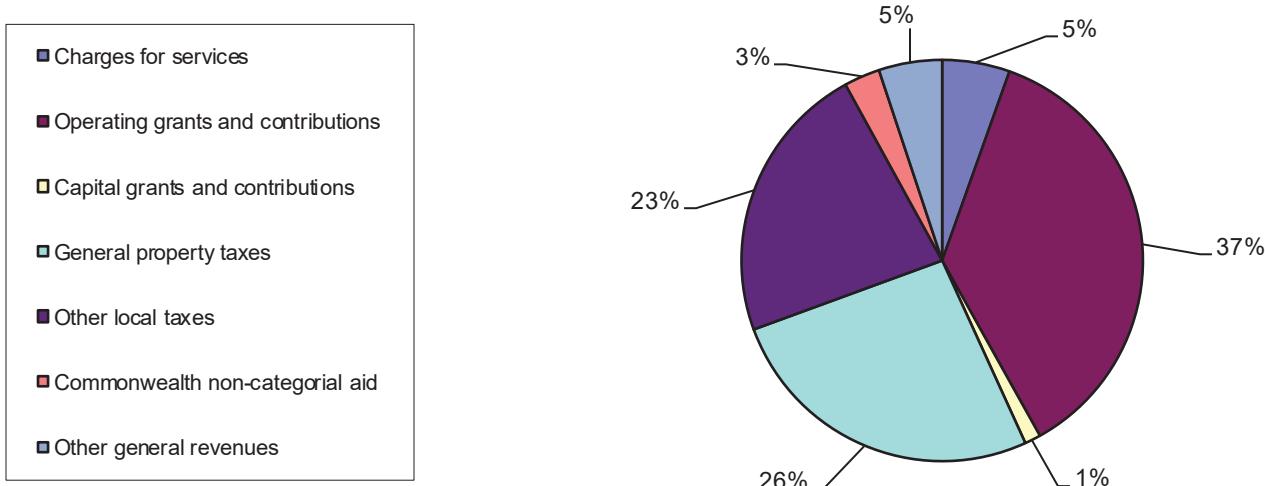
The chart below compares the revenues and expenses by program for governmental activities. It is common throughout the Commonwealth for expenses to outpace the revenues because most of the programs are not able to generate revenue. For those programs that can generate revenue (Recreation, Building Inspections etc.) the City has traditionally followed a policy of maintaining associated charges at a minimal level and funding the expenses from other revenue sources.

Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities



The chart below portrays the Sources of Revenue for the Governmental Activities of the City.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities increased the City's net position by \$5,908,678. Transfers out of business-type activities increased by \$550,000 compared to the prior fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

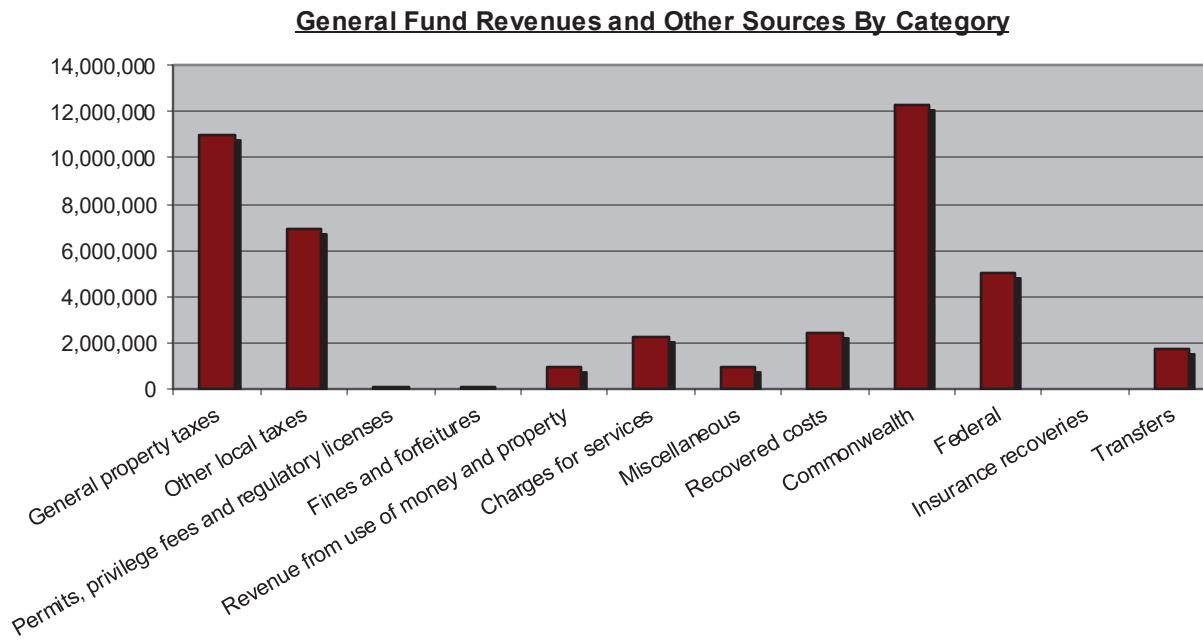
As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances at the end of the fiscal year can be used to measure net resources available for expenditure. Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$14,362,343, an increase of \$1,033,526 when compared to the prior year. \$5,255,868, or 36.59%, of the combined governmental fund balance is unassigned. The remaining \$9,106,475, or 63.41%, of the total fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to show it is not available for spending because it has been designated as nonspendable, committed or assigned for future projects.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the City. The General Fund reports a fund balance at June 30, 2024 of \$11,177,894. This is an increase from the prior year of \$1,498,143. The General Fund revenue exceeded expenditures in the current year by \$664,911; the expenditures exceeded revenues in FY23 by \$206,608. There were no transfers into the General Fund in FY23 as compared to \$1,755,000 of transfers into the General Fund in FY24. There was \$921,768 of transfers out of the General Fund in FY24. \$5,255,868, representing 47.02% of the total fund balance is unassigned, a decrease of \$1,973,969, compared to \$989,732 of unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2023. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 12.71% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance is 27.02% of that same amount.

General Fund Revenues and Other Sources by Category

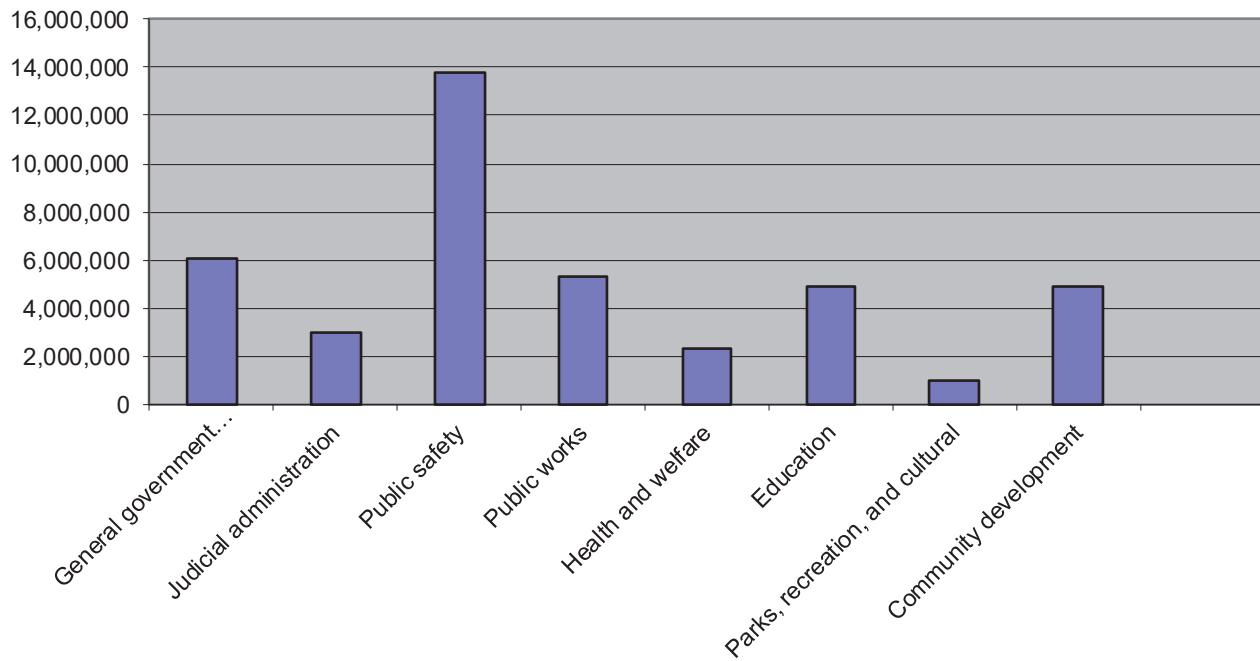
The following graph depicts General Fund revenues and other sources by categories. Total revenues and other sources are \$42,032,759.



General Fund Revenues and Other Sources by Category (Continued)

The graph below displays General Fund expenditures and other uses by category. Total expenditures and uses are \$41,367,848.

General Fund Expenditures and Other Sources By Category



Proprietary funds – reported combined ending net position of \$41,029,547, an increase of \$5,908,678 in comparison with the amount reported on June 30, 2023. The Electric Fund increased \$988,361; the Refuse Fund decreased \$268,587; the Water Fund increased \$283,175; and the Sewer Fund increased \$4,905,729.

The Enterprise Funds contributed \$550,000 in support of other City operations. Transfers were made to the General Fund in FY2024.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were as follows. Revenues were increased by \$6,051,255 or 17.06%, while expenditures increased by \$5,246,255 or 13.47%.

The Revenue increases (decreases) were as follows:

- \$13,324 in Fines and forfeitures
- \$36,090 in Miscellaneous
- \$536,751 in Intergovernmental revenues from the Commonwealth
- \$5,465,090 in Intergovernmental revenues from the Federal Government

The Expenditure amendments were as follows:

- \$1,097,800 in General government administration
- \$16,320 in Judicial administration
- \$704,958 in Public Safety
- \$2,163,177 in Public Works
- \$280,000 in Health and welfare
- \$625,000 in Parks, recreation, and cultural
- \$359,000 in Community development

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

During the year, actual revenues were greater than budgeted by \$519,738 or 1.25%; actual expenditures were less than the budget by \$2,820,739 or 6.38%. The result was a positive variance of \$3,340,477 to the revised budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets – The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and enterprise operations as of June 30, 2024, is \$72,116,409 (net of accumulated depreciation) as listed in the table below. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment. Significant capital asset events during FY2024 were: public works equipment, patrol cars, trucks, and continuing facility renovations.

**City of Martinsville, Virginia's
Capital Assets
June 30, 2024 and 2023**

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	\$ 4,379,094	\$ 4,379,094	\$ 683,624	\$ 683,624	\$ 5,062,718	\$ 5,062,718
Construction in progress	2,260,590	1,546,343	6,598,332	1,467,693	8,858,922	3,014,036
Buildings and improvements	13,094,631	13,877,501	6,779,238	6,779,238	19,873,869	20,656,739
Infrastructure	34,775,970	34,775,970	95,685,926	95,685,926	130,461,896	130,461,896
Equipment	13,722,865	12,925,621	11,848,611	11,257,465	25,571,476	24,183,086
Total	\$ 68,233,150	\$ 67,504,529	\$ 121,595,731	\$ 115,873,946	\$ 189,828,881	\$ 183,378,475
Less: accumulated depreciation	51,075,057	50,019,531	66,637,415	64,732,072	117,712,472	114,751,603
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 17,158,093</u>	<u>\$ 17,484,998</u>	<u>\$ 54,958,316</u>	<u>\$ 51,141,874</u>	<u>\$ 72,116,409</u>	<u>\$ 68,626,872</u>

Additional information on Martinsville City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long-term debt – At the close of FY2024, Martinsville City had total outstanding obligations (not including pension or OPEB obligations) of \$29,962,653. Of this amount, \$5,747,967 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources, i.e., revenue bonds and capital financing agreements.

During the Fiscal Year, there was a net decrease in the City's long-term debt of \$2,344,575. This amount does not include increases and decreases of the City's pension and OPEB obligations.

The Commonwealth of Virginia imposes a legal limit of 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable real property on the amount of general obligation borrowing which a City may issue. On June 30, 2024 the City's ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value was 0.73%. This was a decrease from the previous fiscal year.

Additional information on the Martinsville City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Economic Factors Influencing FY2025 Budget and Tax Rates

The FY25 budget continued the strategy of streamlining expenses, funding essential capital expenditures, evaluating personnel vacancies on a case-by-case basis, and continuing an internal cost allocation plan to ensure costs attributed to utility operations are fairly and accurately recovered in the City's General Fund.

The City Council reduced the real estate tax rate from \$1.03975 to \$0.99 per \$100 to lessen the tax burden resulting from increased assessment values. Other basic tax rates remain unchanged in FY25. Meals Tax revenue is generally applied to School debt service and capital needs while Cigarette Tax revenue simply accrues to General Fund revenue.

Economic Factors Influencing FY2025 Budget and Tax Rates: (Continued)

The City faces both opportunities and challenges in FY25, including the following issues:

1. **COVID-19 Impacts** – The COVID-19 pandemic impacted national, state, and local economies as businesses were closed or in some cases reduced hours and capacity in response to aggressive mandates aimed at reducing public exposure. A variety of grant programs, utility assistance, and the American Rescue Plan Act have been essential in the recovery.
2. **Unemployment, under-employment, and other workforce challenges** – After many years of experiencing higher unemployment relative to other localities around the state, Martinsville realized substantial and steady improvement – until COVID-19 and that number has since rebounded favorably. The unemployment rate for the City on June 30, 2024, was 4.9% compared to 4.6% on June 30, 2023. Since June 30 the rate has improved somewhat, but challenges continue to be reported by employers in filling vacant positions throughout the community with qualified individuals. Workforce issues will continue to be a challenge as economic growth and expansion occurs. The inability to fill City government positions will impact salary and benefit expenditures as well as overtime and contractual services. The city experienced higher turnover in FY24 as well as turnover in key city positions.
3. **Reductions in state and unfunded mandates** – A continuing concern for the city is regarding potential reductions in state aid during periods when the state revenue fails to meet budget projections. The practice is unpredictable and creates additional fiscal stress for the city. For example, House Bill 599 (HB599) is an example of the fiscal stress to the City's General Fund.
4. **Personnel Costs** – The City continues to address the rising cost of employee health care, market-related adjustments in the pay/classification plan to remain competitive, and changes in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) contributions, all of which have a significant and continuing impact to the city. The ability to remain competitive with pay and benefits in the regional market to retain and attract a talented workforce is a significant challenge, not necessarily unique to Martinsville.
5. **Policy** – The City Council approves the annual budget following City Manager/staff recommendations, and its analysis of the needs of the City, including the City's overall financial position, and economic conditions, with careful consideration of input and comments from citizens. This methodical process has led to the development of conservative budget principles of minimizing increases in taxes and fees while maintaining the same levels of service that citizens of Martinsville are accustomed to receiving. Management and Council realize the trend of providing current levels of service without evaluating the rate structure, revenues, and charges for services.
6. **Exploration of new revenue opportunities** – With direction from the City Council, staff continues to explore opportunities for revenue growth. Continued expansion of the City's fiber optic system shows potential while expansion opportunities are evaluated based on expected return on investment.
7. **Exploration of opportunities to reduce costs/outsource** - City staff continues to investigate options for outsourcing certain governmental functions/operations in areas where service can be provided at least as well if not better at less cost than providing the same service internally. Outsourcing housing functions, changes in management of the City's baseball team, the Martinsville Mustangs, and continuing to contract with the Martinsville Chamber of Commerce's Partnership for Economic Growth for small business development are several examples. The City recently contracted with Martinsville Henry County YMCA to provide management of recreation services, again at a substantial saving while keeping services unchanged, and other such opportunities are being considered. The City's Electric Department in cooperation with AEP Energy recently completed a battery storage project that is expected to generate significant savings for the city and utility customers.

Economic Factors Influencing FY2025 Budget and Tax Rates: (Continued)

8. **Uptown Revitalization Projects** – To accelerate the redevelopment of vacant and underutilized properties, the City is taking a more aggressive position on property acquisitions with a plan to leverage available funding through grants, and or other sources to repurpose properties to enhance the community. The establishment of the Land Bank is expected to complement the revitalization efforts with several projects. Additionally, the City is involved in several uptown redevelopment projects that will positively impact housing capacity, tax revenue growth, etc. Projects include BB & T project, the Five Points Housing Project, the Aaron Mill's Senior Living Project, and the property located at 62 Fayette Street.
9. **Job Creation** – The City continues to partner with Martinsville Henry County Economic Development Corporation (EDC), Henry County Administrators, in economic development. In FY25, efforts continue to retain and attract business and industries to our area and Martinsville and Henry County and region.
10. **Industrial Parks** – The City and Henry County partner in economic development through joint funding of the Martinsville-Henry County Economic Development Corporation. Additionally, a revenue-sharing agreement exists between the City and County at two County Industrial Parks. Under the agreement, the city is to receive one-third of the revenue generated after Henry County recovers its initial investment. The newest industrial Park, Commonwealth Crossing Business Center (CCBC), a 726-acre rail-served site, has become the focus of strategic development efforts and grading of several tracts at the site is completed/underway. The first tenant, Press Glass, now operates a 43.5M to construct a 280,000 square foot facility. Crown Holdings, the second tenant built an estimated 145M facility, with 20M expansion underway. Both the City and County expect more and more economic interest in these sites.
11. **Infrastructure Needs** – The City continues to address essential infrastructure needs, recently completing several projects – repairs to the sewer collection system, replaced water and election meters with an automation system, and upgraded lighting in city facilities in the past several years. Jones Creek Interceptor Project, Doe Run sewer line improvement, investments in Hooker Field, and other improvements using grants, American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), etc.
12. **Opioid Epidemic** – The opioid epidemic in Virginia has a significant financial impact on local governments, contributing to an overall economic burden in the state. Increased costs in healthcare, public safety, and child and family services to name a few. Virginia receives a portion of the national opioid settlement funds with a specific allocation to localities to address the opioid crisis. The Virginia Opioid Abatement Authority is responsible for distributing these funds.

Looking Ahead

For Fiscal year 2025, the City Council approved a General Fund Budget of \$38,096,430 with no changes in utility rates, a 13% increase in refuse collection fees, and a decision to tax certain tangible personal properties (eligible vehicles) at 80% FMV to account for substantial increases in assessed values and to provide relief to taxpayers.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Martinsville's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Martinsville, Finance Department, 55 West Church Street, Martinsville, Virginia 24112.

Basic Financial Statements

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Government-wide Financial Statements

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Statement of Net Position
At June 30, 2024

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,803,202	\$ 9,676,299	\$ 28,479,501	\$ 3,248,079
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-	427,564	427,564	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Property taxes	2,591,660	-	2,591,660	-
Accounts receivable	1,519,227	3,351,440	4,870,667	2,279
Inventory	2,885,696	1,995,780	4,881,476	-
Due from other governments	1,529,236	623,713	2,152,949	2,318,818
Total Current Assets	\$ 27,329,021	\$ 16,074,796	\$ 43,403,817	\$ 5,569,176
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				
Land and land improvements	\$ 4,379,094	\$ 683,624	\$ 5,062,718	\$ 47,172
Construction in progress	2,260,590	6,598,332	8,858,922	1,408,301
Buildings and improvements	3,109,854	1,710,977	4,820,831	12,934,228
Equipment	3,634,873	3,514,336	7,149,209	875,911
Infrastructure	3,773,682	42,451,047	46,224,729	-
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 17,158,093	\$ 54,958,316	\$ 72,116,409	\$ 15,265,612
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 17,158,093	\$ 54,958,316	\$ 72,116,409	\$ 15,265,612
Total Assets	\$ 44,487,114	\$ 71,033,112	\$ 115,520,226	\$ 20,834,788
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Items related to:				
Pension	\$ 2,516,049	\$ 1,221,273	\$ 3,737,322	\$ 4,095,574
OPEB	377,638	95,572	473,210	402,645
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,893,687	\$ 1,316,845	\$ 4,210,532	\$ 4,498,219
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 47,380,801	\$ 72,349,957	\$ 119,730,758	\$ 25,333,007
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 3,769,290	\$ 2,295,613	\$ 6,064,903	\$ 2,130,794
Accrued interest payable	181,524	46,637	228,161	-
Unearned revenues	4,423,082	-	4,423,082	-
Current portion of long-term obligations	1,197,652	1,375,050	2,572,702	-
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 9,571,548	\$ 3,717,300	\$ 13,288,848	\$ 2,130,794
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	\$ 24,077,806	\$ 27,161,369	\$ 51,239,175	\$ 16,831,316
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 24,077,806	\$ 27,161,369	\$ 51,239,175	\$ 16,831,316
Total Liabilities	\$ 33,649,354	\$ 30,878,669	\$ 64,528,023	\$ 18,962,110
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$ 146,796	\$ -	\$ 146,796	\$ -
Items related to:				
Pension	2,078,941	403,189	2,482,130	2,192,393
OPEB	164,982	38,552	203,534	459,441
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,390,719	\$ 441,741	\$ 2,832,460	\$ 2,651,834
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,731,433	\$ 33,356,327	\$ 44,087,760	\$ 14,458,216
Restricted:				
Opioid settlement	1,270,919	-	1,270,919	-
State highway maintenance	2,810,182	-	2,810,182	-
Asset forfeiture	266,607	-	266,607	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,738,413)	7,673,220	3,934,807	(10,739,153)
Total Net Position	\$ 11,340,728	\$ 41,029,547	\$ 52,370,275	\$ 3,719,063
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 47,380,801	\$ 72,349,957	\$ 119,730,758	\$ 25,333,007

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Governmental activities:				
General government administration	\$ 4,828,694	\$ 17,721	\$ 372,352	\$ -
Judicial administration	2,853,488	151,854	987,193	-
Public safety	13,555,439	654,063	8,434,731	-
Public works	4,319,615	1,574,748	4,495,402	569,332
Health and welfare	2,195,904	-	1,101,156	-
Education	6,661,732	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	991,330	-	42,666	-
Community development	4,806,583	-	634,538	-
Interest on long-term debt	62,094	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	\$ 40,274,879	\$ 2,398,386	\$ 16,068,038	\$ 569,332
Business-type activities:				
Electric	\$ 20,533,010	\$ 21,262,767	\$ -	\$ -
Water	3,453,752	3,791,718	-	-
Sewer	4,761,252	5,248,710	-	4,381,297
Refuse collection / landfill	2,047,037	1,884,582	-	-
Total business-type activities	\$ 30,795,051	\$ 32,187,777	\$ -	\$ 4,381,297
Total primary government	\$ 71,069,930	\$ 34,586,163	\$ 16,068,038	\$ 4,950,629
COMPONENT UNIT:				
School Board	\$ 31,176,686	\$ 158,837	\$ 30,123,694	\$ -
General revenues:				
General property taxes				
Local sales tax				
Business license tax				
Meals tax				
Consumer utility tax				
Other local taxes				
Unrestricted revenues from use of money				
Miscellaneous				
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				
City contribution to the school board, unrestricted				
Transfers				
Total general revenues and transfers				
Change in net position				
Net position (deficit) - beginning, as originally reported				
Restatements				
Net position (deficit) - beginning, as restated				
Net position - ending				

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Primary Government			Component Unit	
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	Functions/Programs
				PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:
				Governmental activities:
\$ (4,438,621)	\$ -	\$ (4,438,621)	\$ -	General government administration
(1,714,441)	-	(1,714,441)	-	Judicial administration
(4,466,645)	-	(4,466,645)	-	Public safety
2,319,867	-	2,319,867	-	Public works
(1,094,748)	-	(1,094,748)	-	Health and welfare
(6,661,732)	-	(6,661,732)	-	Education
(948,664)	-	(948,664)	-	Parks, recreation, and cultural
(4,172,045)	-	(4,172,045)	-	Community development
(62,094)	-	(62,094)	-	Interest on long-term debt
\$ (21,239,123)	\$ -	\$ (21,239,123)	\$ -	Total government activities
				Business-type activities:
\$ -	\$ 729,757	\$ 729,757	\$ -	Electric
-	337,966	337,966	-	Water
-	4,868,755	4,868,755	-	Sewer
-	(162,455)	(162,455)	-	Refuse collection / landfill
\$ -	\$ 5,774,023	\$ 5,774,023	\$ -	Total business-type activities
\$ (21,239,123)	\$ 5,774,023	\$ (15,465,100)	\$ -	Total primary government
				COMPONENT UNIT:
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (894,155)	School Board
				General revenues:
\$ 11,553,269	\$ -	\$ 11,553,269	\$ -	General property taxes
2,714,108	-	2,714,108	-	Local sales tax
2,222,227	-	2,222,227	-	Business license tax
3,005,116	-	3,005,116	-	Meals tax
642,213	-	642,213	-	Consumer utility tax
1,364,584	-	1,364,584	-	Other local taxes
918,251	27,638	945,889	48,370	Unrestricted revenues from use of money
1,328,651	657,017	1,985,668	434,833	Miscellaneous
1,281,309	-	1,281,309	-	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
-	-	-	4,892,265	City contribution to the school board, unrestricted
550,000	(550,000)	-	-	Transfers
\$ 25,579,728	\$ 134,655	\$ 25,714,383	\$ 5,375,468	Total general revenues and transfers
\$ 4,340,605	\$ 5,908,678	\$ 10,249,283	\$ 4,481,313	Change in net position
6,321,504	35,120,869	41,442,373	(762,250)	Net position (deficit) - beginning, as originally reported
678,619	-	678,619	-	Restatements
7,000,123	35,120,869	42,120,992	(762,250)	Net position (deficit) - beginning, as restated
\$ 11,340,728	\$ 41,029,547	\$ 52,370,275	\$ 3,719,063	Net position - ending

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Fund Financial Statements

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Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2024

	General	Meals Tax Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,749,257	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 1,238,869	\$ 18,952,687
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes, including penalties	2,591,660	-	-	2,591,660
Accounts	1,519,227	-	-	1,519,227
Inventory	1,337,764	-	-	1,337,764
Due from other governments	1,323,913	-	205,323	1,529,236
Total assets	\$ 22,521,821	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 1,444,192	\$ 25,930,574
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 3,694,471	-	\$ 74,819	\$ 3,769,290
Reconciled overdraft	-	-	149,485	149,485
Unearned revenue	4,423,082	-	-	4,423,082
Total liabilities	\$ 8,117,553	\$ -	\$ 224,304	\$ 8,341,857
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$ 2,394,637	-	-	\$ 2,394,637
Unavailable revenue-opioid settlement	831,737	-	-	831,737
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 3,226,374	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,226,374
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$ 1,337,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,337,764
Restricted:				
Opioid settlement	439,182	-	-	439,182
State highway maintenance	2,810,182	-	-	2,810,182
Asset forfeiture	266,607	-	-	266,607
Committed:				
General government administration	369,409	-	-	369,409
Judicial administration	9,071	-	-	9,071
Public safety	682,510	-	-	682,510
Public works	7,301	-	-	7,301
Assigned:				
Capital reserve fund	-	-	1,219,888	1,219,888
Meals tax fund	-	1,964,561	-	1,964,561
Unassigned	5,255,868	-	-	5,255,868
Total fund balances	\$ 11,177,894	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 1,219,888	\$ 14,362,343
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 22,521,821	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 1,444,192	\$ 25,930,574

Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to government-wide Statement of Net Position:

Total fund balances per exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 14,362,343
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds.	17,158,093
Inventory of land and buildings held for resale	1,547,932
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 2,247,841
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	831,737
	3,079,578

Items related to the measurement of the net pension and OPEB liabilities are considered deferred outflows and deferred inflows and will be amortized and recognized as expenses in future periods.

Deferred outflows related to:	
Pension items	\$ 2,516,049
OPEB items	377,638
Deferred inflows related to:	2,893,687
Pension items	\$ (2,078,941)
OPEB items	(164,982)
	(2,243,923)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and grant repayment liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. All liabilities--both current and long-term--are reported in the statement of net position.

(25,275,458)

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

(181,524)

Net position of General Government Activities

\$ 11,340,728

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
 Governmental Funds
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	Meals Tax Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 11,032,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,032,843
Other local taxes	6,943,132	3,005,116	-	9,948,248
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	88,648	-	-	88,648
Fines and forfeitures	84,025	-	-	84,025
Revenue from use of money and property	979,611	-	1,185	980,796
Charges for services	2,225,713	-	-	2,225,713
Miscellaneous	963,280	-	-	963,280
Recovered costs	2,427,287	-	-	2,427,287
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	12,287,271	-	-	12,287,271
Federal	5,000,949	373,820	630,456	6,005,225
Total revenues	\$ 42,032,759	\$ 3,378,936	\$ 631,641	\$ 46,043,336
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 6,085,582	\$ 75,259	\$ 923,137	\$ 7,083,978
Judicial administration	3,008,329	-	-	3,008,329
Public safety	13,797,409	-	387,073	14,184,482
Public works	5,290,248	-	456,558	5,746,806
Health and welfare	2,313,818	-	-	2,313,818
Education	4,912,100	-	-	4,912,100
Parks, recreation, and cultural	980,290	-	14,000	994,290
Community development	4,865,164	-	772,469	5,637,633
Nondepartmental	114,908	-	-	114,908
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	780,079	341,437	1,121,516
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	422,009	19,941	441,950
Total expenditures	\$ 41,367,848	\$ 1,277,347	\$ 2,914,615	\$ 45,559,810
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 664,911	\$ 2,101,589	\$ (2,282,974)	\$ 483,526
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	\$ 1,755,000	\$ -	\$ 1,512,086	\$ 3,267,086
Transfers (out)	(921,768)	(1,795,318)	-	(2,717,086)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 833,232	\$ (1,795,318)	\$ 1,512,086	\$ 550,000
Changes in fund balances	\$ 1,498,143	\$ 306,271	\$ (770,888)	\$ 1,033,526
Fund balances at beginning of year, as originally reported	9,001,132	1,658,290	1,990,776	12,650,198
Restatements	678,619	-	-	678,619
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated	9,679,751	1,658,290	1,990,776	13,328,817
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 11,177,894	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 1,219,888	\$ 14,362,343

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Primary Government Funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,033,526
--	--------------

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current year.

Capital outlays	\$ 1,617,675
Depreciation expense	<u>(1,111,583)</u>
	506,092

The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position (50,127)

Inventory of land and buildings held for resale sold during the year	(62,545)
--	----------

Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit	(782,870)
--	-----------

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this item consist of the following:

Change in unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 520,426
Change in unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	365,371
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of:	
Pension items	1,365,878
OPEB items	<u>131,910</u>
	2,383,585

The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, similar items when obligations are first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Details supporting this adjustment are as follows:

Principal retired on general obligation bonds	\$ 92,300
Principal retired on capital financing activities	249,137
Principal retired on VPA subsidy bonds	<u>780,079</u>
	1,121,516

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Change in compensated absences	\$ 41,833
Change in deferred outflows related to:	
Pension items	(908,885)
OPEB items	(185,883)
Change in net pension liability	844,341
Change in net OPEB liability - group life insurance	(2,349)
Change in total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability	396,333
Change in accrued interest payable	<u>6,038</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 4,340,605</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds
 Statement of Net Position
 At June 30, 2024

	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Collection/ Landfill Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,016,075	\$ 4,826,250	\$ 1,526,462	\$ 2,307,512	\$ 9,676,299
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	377,026	50,538	-	-	427,564
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	2,261,877	442,616	402,445	244,502	3,351,440
Due from other governments	-	-	623,713	-	623,713
Inventory	1,797,855	197,925	-	-	1,995,780
Total current assets	\$ 5,452,833	\$ 5,517,329	\$ 2,552,620	\$ 2,552,014	\$ 16,074,796
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	\$ -	\$ 658,224	\$ 25,400	\$ -	\$ 683,624
Construction in progress	-	1,102,800	5,470,532	25,000	6,598,332
Buildings and improvements	586,744	1,993,728	1,230,905	2,967,861	6,779,238
Equipment	4,020,535	2,107,528	2,905,879	2,814,669	11,848,611
Infrastructure	41,110,304	18,925,393	35,650,229	-	95,685,926
Accumulated depreciation	(27,873,961)	(14,209,147)	(20,655,897)	(3,898,410)	(66,637,415)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$ 17,843,622	\$ 10,578,526	\$ 24,627,048	\$ 1,909,120	\$ 54,958,316
Total assets	\$ 23,296,455	\$ 16,095,855	\$ 27,179,668	\$ 4,461,134	\$ 71,033,112
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Items related to:					
Pension	\$ 632,091	\$ 185,778	\$ 284,029	\$ 119,375	\$ 1,221,273
OPEB	34,214	18,967	32,112	10,279	95,572
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 666,305	\$ 204,745	\$ 316,141	\$ 129,654	\$ 1,316,845
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 23,962,760	\$ 16,300,600	\$ 27,495,809	\$ 4,590,788	\$ 72,349,957
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 46,596	\$ 700,594	\$ 899,539	\$ 47,031	\$ 1,693,760
Retainage payable	-	-	174,289	-	174,289
Customers' deposits	377,026	50,538	-	-	427,564
Interest payable	28,605	14,375	-	3,657	46,637
Current portion of long-term obligations	348,650	337,737	641,134	47,529	1,375,050
Total current liabilities	\$ 800,877	\$ 1,103,244	\$ 1,714,962	\$ 98,217	\$ 3,717,300
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	4,406,769	4,371,169	14,989,626	3,393,805	27,161,369
Total liabilities	\$ 5,207,646	\$ 5,474,413	\$ 16,704,588	\$ 3,492,022	\$ 30,878,669
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Items related to:					
Pension	\$ 103,433	\$ 95,819	\$ 165,437	\$ 38,500	\$ 403,189
OPEB	12,953	7,856	13,528	4,215	38,552
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 116,386	\$ 103,675	\$ 178,965	\$ 42,715	\$ 441,741
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,025,622	\$ 6,903,845	\$ 9,807,740	\$ 1,619,120	\$ 33,356,327
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,613,106	3,818,667	804,516	(563,069)	7,673,220
Total net position	\$ 18,638,728	\$ 10,722,512	\$ 10,612,256	\$ 1,056,051	\$ 41,029,547
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 23,962,760	\$ 16,300,600	\$ 27,495,809	\$ 4,590,788	\$ 72,349,957

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Landfill Fund	Refuse Collection/ Landfill Fund	Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 21,262,767	\$ 3,791,718	\$ 5,248,710	\$ 1,884,582	\$ 32,187,777	
Miscellaneous	258,604	195,209	9,336	193,868		657,017
Total operating revenues	\$ 21,521,371	\$ 3,986,927	\$ 5,258,046	\$ 2,078,450	\$ 32,844,794	
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	\$ 1,410,811	\$ 846,982	\$ 1,226,228	\$ 411,011	\$ 3,895,032	
Fringe benefits	568,266	224,310	327,454	159,461		1,279,491
Contractual services	384,930	598,881	351,415	96,705		1,431,931
Other charges	17,395,403	1,283,448	2,289,342	1,139,334		22,107,527
Depreciation	699,514	450,385	566,813	232,499		1,949,211
Total operating expenses	\$ 20,458,924	\$ 3,404,006	\$ 4,761,252	\$ 2,039,010	\$ 30,663,192	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,062,447	\$ 582,921	\$ 496,794	\$ 39,440	\$ 2,181,602	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income	-	-	27,638	-		27,638
Interest expense	(74,086)	(49,746)	-	(8,027)		(131,859)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (74,086)	\$ (49,746)	\$ 27,638	\$ (8,027)	\$ (104,221)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	\$ 988,361	\$ 533,175	\$ 524,432	\$ 31,413	\$ 2,077,381	
Capital contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,381,297	\$ -	\$ 4,381,297	
Transfers (out)	-	(250,000)	-	(300,000)		(550,000)
Change in net position	\$ 988,361	\$ 283,175	\$ 4,905,729	\$ (268,587)	\$ 5,908,678	
Net position at beginning of year	\$ 17,650,367	\$ 10,439,337	\$ 5,706,527	\$ 1,324,638	\$ 35,120,869	
Net position at end of year	\$ 18,638,728	\$ 10,722,512	\$ 10,612,256	\$ 1,056,051	\$ 41,029,547	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds
 Statement of Cash Flows
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Collection/ Landfill Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 21,904,346	\$ 4,051,271	\$ 4,698,099	\$ 2,123,818	\$ 32,777,534
Payments to suppliers and other operating expenses	(18,311,878)	(1,947,047)	(2,650,875)	(1,169,223)	(24,079,023)
Payments to employees (including fringe (benefits))	(1,946,304)	(1,153,798)	(1,743,411)	(583,941)	(5,427,454)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,646,164	\$ 950,426	\$ 303,813	\$ 370,654	\$ 3,271,057
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Purchase and construction of capital assets	\$ -	\$ (239,272)	\$ (4,318,029)	\$ (326,570)	\$ (4,883,871)
Federal grants	-	-	4,381,297	-	4,381,297
Retirement of general obligation bonds	-	-	-	(44,000)	(44,000)
Retirement of revenue bonds	-	(96,889)	(634,336)	-	(731,225)
Retirement of capital financing obligations	(308,000)	(214,000)	-	-	(522,000)
Interest expense	(77,212)	(51,917)	-	(8,580)	(137,709)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$ (385,212)	\$ (602,078)	\$ (571,068)	\$ (379,150)	\$ (1,937,508)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Interest income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,638	\$ -	\$ 27,638
Net Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,260,952	\$ 98,348	\$ (239,617)	\$ (308,496)	\$ 811,187
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year, including restricted	\$ 132,149	\$ 4,778,440	\$ 1,766,079	\$ 2,616,008	\$ 9,292,676
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year, including restricted	\$ 1,393,101	\$ 4,876,788	\$ 1,526,462	\$ 2,307,512	\$ 10,103,863
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,062,447	\$ 582,921	\$ 496,794	\$ 39,440	\$ 2,181,602
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation	\$ 699,514	\$ 450,385	\$ 566,813	\$ 232,499	\$ 1,949,211
Changes in operating activities:					
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable	349,410	59,845	63,766	45,368	518,389
Due from other governments	-	-	(623,713)	-	(623,713)
Inventory	(512,460)	27,864	-	-	(484,596)
Deferred outflows of resources	(390,804)	(27,383)	(1,366)	(31,394)	(450,947)
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable	(19,085)	(92,582)	(10,118)	(16,083)	(137,868)
Customer deposits	33,565	4,499	-	-	38,064
Net pension liability	479,897	61,798	59,638	54,533	655,866
Net OPEB liability - group life insurance	1,211	(2,614)	(4,707)	377	(5,733)
Total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability	54,138	415	(10,088)	3,868	48,333
Compensated absences	8,334	20,277	1,828	2,661	33,100
Landfill closure and post-closure liability	-	-	-	82,899	82,899
Deferred inflows of resources	(120,003)	(134,999)	(235,034)	(43,514)	(533,550)
Total adjustments	\$ 583,717	\$ 367,505	\$ (192,981)	\$ 331,214	\$ 1,089,455
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,646,164	\$ 950,426	\$ 303,813	\$ 370,654	\$ 3,271,057
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities:					
Capital related payables	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 881,782	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
 Fiduciary Funds
 At June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>1,080,035</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>1,080,035</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ <u>87,085</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>87,085</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Retiree benefits	\$ 269,091
Inmates	25,468
Piedmont Regional Criminal Justice Training Academy	382,241
Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority	0
Blue Ridge Regional Library	251,226
Dan River ASAP	<u>64,924</u>
Total net position	\$ <u>992,950</u>
Total liabilities and net position	\$ <u>1,080,035</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
 Fiduciary Funds
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Retiree and City contributions	\$ 5,583,614
Interest income	5,247
Collections for inmates	283,030
Collections for Piedmont Regional Criminal Justice Training Academy	624,456
Collections for Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority	172,967
Collections for Blue Ridge Regional Library	1,988,811
Collections for Dan River ASAP	226,531
Total additions	<u><u>\$ 8,884,656</u></u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Retiree benefits	\$ 5,898,889
Disbursements for inmates	276,846
Disbursements for Piedmont Regional Criminal Justice Training Academy	626,778
Disbursements for Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority	196,523
Disbursements for Blue Ridge Regional Library	1,980,460
Disbursements for Dan River ASAP	199,084
Total deductions	<u><u>\$ 9,178,580</u></u>
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	<u><u>\$ (293,924)</u></u>
Net position, beginning of year	<u><u>\$ 1,286,874</u></u>
Net position, end of year	<u><u>\$ 992,950</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The City of Martinsville, Virginia (the "City") was incorporated in 1940 and its current Charter was granted in 1942. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The Council consists of a Mayor and four (4) council members. The Council is responsible for appointing the City Manager. The City provides a full range of services as authorized by its Charter. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure; recreational activities, cultural events, education, social services, water and sewer and electric.

The financial statements of the City of Martinsville, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - The financial statements are required to be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the government's original budget, final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the City of Martinsville (the primary government) and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The Economic Development Authority (EDA) board members are appointed by the City Council. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the EDA has been funded mostly by City intergovernmental revenue. The financial information of the EDA is presented with the General Fund as a blended component unit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. The School Board members are appointed by the City Council and are responsible for the operations of the City's School System within the City boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the City. The City has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the City. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the City financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the City's Financial Report

None

Excluded from the City's Financial Report

Blue Ridge Regional Library — The Blue Ridge Regional Library is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. The counties of Henry and Patrick and the City provide the financial support for the Library and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Library's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. The City holds assets in a custodial capacity for the Library. These assets are accounted for as a custodial fund in the City's financial statements.

Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board — The Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board is considered a component unit of Henry County and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. Henry County and the City provide the financial support for the Board and appoint its governing Board. Henry County appoints 6 members of the Board and the City appoints 3 members.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the City's government-wide financial statements for internal service funds. Exceptions to our general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are equivalent to interfund services provided and other charges between the government's proprietary funds and various other functions of government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The City reports the following governmental funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

The Meals Tax fund is a Capital Projects Fund and is a major fund of the City. This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds: (Continued)

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds: Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The nonmajor Special Revenue Fund is the City Grants Fund.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The only nonmajor Capital Projects Fund is the Capital Reserve Fund.

2. Proprietary Funds – account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the electric, water, sewer and refuse collection/landfill funds as major enterprise funds.

3. Fiduciary Funds – Custodial Funds – account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds. Custodial funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Custodial funds include the Insurance Trust Fund, Inmate Trust Fund, Police Academy Fund, Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority Fund, Blue Ridge Regional Library Fund, and Dan River ASAP Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's Electric, Water, Sewer, and Refuse Collection/Landfill funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various funds concerned.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value. Investments in custody of others include unspent bond proceeds and accumulated interest that the City intends to use for the electric and water meter installation projects.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$964,754 at June 30, 2024, and is composed of the following:

General Fund

Allowance for uncollectible property taxes	\$ 355,117
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Enterprise Funds

Allowance for uncollectible accounts:

Electric Fund	\$ 426,184
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Water Fund	74,620
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Sewer Fund	69,422
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Refuse Collection/Landfill Fund	39,411
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Total allowance for uncollectible accounts – Enterprise funds	\$ 609,637
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Total allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$ 964,754
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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and Payables: (Continued)

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	<u>Real Property</u>	<u>Personal Property</u>
Levy Due Date	January 1 December 5/June 5 (50% each date)	January 1 December 5th
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Inventory

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and commercial and residential property held for resale. Inventories are valued at cost or weighted average cost for the supplies held for consumption.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30 are reported as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. Capital Assets: (Continued)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	20-40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	4-10
Buses	12
Utility plant in service	40-50
Infrastructure	30

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, and opioid settlement are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the statement of net position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirement.

O. Unbilled Revenue

The City bills service charges to customers on a monthly basis. Service charges earned but unbilled are accrued based on the last billing and reported in the financial statements as billed receivables and revenues.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." The City's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance – amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the City Council prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Council adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Fund Balance: (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the City's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, that does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

R. Net Position

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

S. Leases

A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. The City has no leases requiring recognition at June 30, 2024.

Lessee

The City recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor

The City recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The City will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

T. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

T. Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

U. Component Unit—School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement of its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the City who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the Code of Virginia requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

In the Statement of Net Position, this scenario presents a dilemma for the City. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net position of the City. The corresponding capital assets are reported as assets of the Component Unit-School Board (title holder), thereby increasing its net position.

The Virginia General Assembly amended the Code of Virginia to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt.

V. Upcoming Pronouncements

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. On or before April 30th, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Ordinance.
4. The Appropriations Ordinance places legal restrictions on expenditures at the Fund level. The appropriation for each Fund can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a specific Fund; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all City units.
8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

The City Grants Fund and Cafeteria Fund ended the fiscal year with expenditures in excess of budgeted appropriations of \$772,297 and \$335,028, respectively.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Investments: (Continued)

The City has not adopted a formal investment policy to address the various types of risks associated with investments.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Total
Proprietary Funds:			
Utility customer deposits	\$ 377,026	\$ 50,538	\$ 427,564
Total	\$ 377,026	\$ 50,538	\$ 427,564

The component unit school board is part of the City's pooled cash and has a net balance in the amount of \$3,050,825 at June 30, 2024.

Note 4—Due from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2024, the City has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	\$ 201,811	\$ -
State sales tax	-	229,470
Constitutional officer reimbursements	578,544	-
Victim witness grants	4,257	-
Children's services	269,227	-
Communication taxes	49,464	-
Auto rental tax	12,064	-
Miscellaneous	4,281	24,902
Federal Government:		
Victim witness grants	8,938	-
Brownfields grants	170,332	-
EPA grants	513,973	-
DEQ grants	109,740	-
CDBG grants	205,323	-
Miscellaneous grants	24,995	-
School fund grants	-	2,064,446
Total due from other governments	\$ 2,152,949	\$ 2,318,818

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 5—Inventory:

At June 30, 2024, the City has inventory recorded in the various funds as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Expendable supplies	\$ 1,337,764	\$ 1,995,780
Land and building inventory held for resale:		
70 Commercial & residential lots held for resale	1,326,346	-
6 Commercial & residential buildings held for resale	221,586	-
Totals	\$ 2,885,696	\$ 1,995,780

Note 6—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

Primary Government:

Governmental Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,379,094	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,379,094
Construction in progress	<u>1,546,343</u>	<u>714,247</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,260,590</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,925,437	\$ 714,247	\$ -	\$ 6,639,684
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 7,931,855	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,931,855
Equipment	12,925,621	903,428	106,185	13,722,864
Infrastructure	34,775,970	-	-	34,775,970
Jointly owned assets	<u>5,945,646</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>782,870</u>	<u>5,162,776</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 61,579,092	\$ 903,428	\$ 889,055	\$ 61,593,465
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 5,387,872	\$ 198,110	\$ -	\$ 5,585,982
Equipment	9,495,562	648,487	56,058	10,087,991
Infrastructure	30,866,371	135,917	-	31,002,288
Jointly owned assets	<u>4,269,726</u>	<u>129,069</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,398,795</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 50,019,531	\$ 1,111,583	\$ 56,058	\$ 51,075,056
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 11,559,561	\$ (208,155)	\$ 832,997	\$ 10,518,409
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,484,998	\$ 506,092	\$ 832,997	\$ 17,158,093

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Electric Fund:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 586,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 586,744
Equipment	4,020,535	-	-	4,020,535
Infrastructure	<u>41,110,304</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>41,110,304</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 45,717,583</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 45,717,583</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 586,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 586,744
Equipment	2,800,563	162,083	-	2,962,646
Infrastructure	<u>23,787,140</u>	<u>537,431</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,324,571</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 27,174,447</u>	<u>\$ 699,514</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,873,961</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 18,543,136</u>	<u>\$ (699,514)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,843,622</u>
Electric fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 18,543,136</u>	<u>\$ (699,514)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,843,622</u>

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

	<u>Balance</u>	<u>July 1, 2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>
Water Fund:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and land improvements	\$ 658,224	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 658,224	
Construction in progress	<u>1,060,892</u>	<u>41,908</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,102,800</u>	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 1,719,116</u>	<u>\$ 41,908</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,761,024</u>	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,993,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,993,728	
Equipment	1,954,032	197,364	43,868		2,107,528	
Infrastructure	<u>18,925,393</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,925,393</u>	
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 22,873,153</u>	<u>\$ 197,364</u>	<u>\$ 43,868</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 23,026,649</u>	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,513,388	\$ 37,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,551,305	
Equipment	1,463,575	59,624	43,868		1,479,331	
Infrastructure	<u>10,825,667</u>	<u>352,844</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,178,511</u>	
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 13,802,630</u>	<u>\$ 450,385</u>	<u>\$ 43,868</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,209,147</u>	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 9,070,523</u>	<u>\$ (253,021)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,817,502</u>	
Water fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 10,789,639</u>	<u>\$ (211,113)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,578,526</u>	

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

	Balance		Balance	
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Sewer Fund:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 25,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,400
Construction in progress	<u>381,801</u>	<u>5,088,731</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,470,532</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 407,201</u>	<u>\$ 5,088,731</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,495,932</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,230,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,230,905
Equipment	2,794,799	111,080	-	2,905,879
Infrastructure	<u>35,650,229</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35,650,229</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 39,675,933</u>	<u>\$ 111,080</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 39,787,013</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,024,377	\$ 17,826	\$ -	\$ 1,042,203
Equipment	1,746,200	135,697	-	1,881,897
Infrastructure	<u>17,318,507</u>	<u>413,290</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,731,797</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 20,089,084</u>	<u>\$ 566,813</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,655,897</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 19,586,849</u>	<u>\$ (455,733)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,131,116</u>
Sewer fund capital asset, net	<u>\$ 19,994,050</u>	<u>\$ 4,632,998</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 24,627,048</u>

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2024</u>
Refuse Collection/Landfill Fund:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,967,861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,967,861
Equipment	<u>2,488,099</u>	<u>326,570</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,814,669</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 5,455,960	\$ 326,570	\$ -	\$ 5,782,530
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,751,096	\$ 136,913	\$ -	\$ 1,888,009
Equipment	<u>1,914,815</u>	<u>95,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,010,401</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,665,911	\$ 232,499	\$ -	\$ 3,898,410
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 1,790,049	\$ 94,071	\$ -	\$ 1,884,120
Refuse collection/landfill fund capital assets, net	\$ 1,815,049	\$ 94,071	\$ -	\$ 1,909,120

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

	Balance		Balance	
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Total Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 683,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 683,624
Construction in progress	<u>1,467,693</u>	<u>5,130,639</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,598,332</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 2,151,317	\$ 5,130,639	\$ -	\$ 7,281,956
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 6,779,238	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,779,238
Equipment	11,257,465	635,014	43,868	11,848,611
Infrastructure	<u>95,685,926</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>95,685,926</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 113,722,629	\$ 635,014	\$ 43,868	\$ 114,313,775
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 4,875,605	\$ 192,656	\$ -	\$ 5,068,261
Equipment	7,925,153	452,990	43,868	8,334,275
Infrastructure	<u>51,931,314</u>	<u>1,303,565</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>53,234,879</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 64,732,072	\$ 1,949,211	\$ 43,868	\$ 66,637,415
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 48,990,557	\$ (1,314,197)	\$ -	\$ 47,676,360
Total Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 51,141,874	\$ 3,816,442	\$ -	\$ 54,958,316

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Discretely Presented				
Component Unit—School Board:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 47,172	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,172
Construction in Progress	600,905	807,396	-	1,408,301
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 648,077	\$ 807,396	\$ -	\$ 1,455,473
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 8,197,449	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,197,449
Equipment	3,770,057	411,789	-	4,181,846
Jointly owned assets	17,791,112	782,870	-	18,573,982
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 29,758,618	\$ 1,194,659	\$ -	\$ 30,953,277
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 6,689,841	\$ 106,763	\$ -	\$ 6,796,604
Equipment	3,125,505	180,430	-	3,305,935
Jointly owned assets	6,576,249	464,350	-	7,040,599
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,391,595	\$ 751,543	\$ -	\$ 17,143,138
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 13,367,023	\$ 443,116	\$ -	\$ 13,810,139
School Board capital assets, net	\$ 14,015,100	\$ 1,250,512	\$ -	\$ 15,265,612

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$ 109,933
Judicial administration	580
Public safety	439,437
Public works	326,837
Health and welfare	9,596
Education	129,069
Parks, recreation and cultural	41,794
Community development	<u>54,337</u>
 Total Governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,111,583</u>

Business-type activities:

Electric	\$ 699,514
Water	450,385
Sewer	566,813
Refuse collection / landfill	<u>232,499</u>
 Total Business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,949,211</u>
 Component Unit School Board	<u>\$ 287,193 *</u>

* Note accumulated depreciation transferred from the Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board on Jointly owned assets totaled \$464,350 for the year ended June 30, 2024. When added to depreciation expense, the amount of \$751,543 agrees to total depreciation per the previous page.

Note 7—Interfund Transfers/Obligations:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government:		
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 921,768
Meals tax	-	1,795,318
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
City grants	16,768	-
Capital reserve	1,495,318	-
Proprietary Funds:		
Water	-	250,000
Refuse Collection/Landfill	-	300,000
Total	<u>\$ 3,267,086</u>	<u>\$ 3,267,086</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of change in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Issuances/ Additions	Retirements/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Obligations:					
Incurred by City:					
Direct borrowings and placements:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 384,700	-	\$ 92,300	\$ 292,400	\$ 94,800
Capital financing activity	503,583	-	249,137	254,446	254,446
Compensated absences	693,487	138,697	180,530	651,654	65,165
Net pension liability	16,824,333	7,211,399	8,055,740	15,979,992	-
Net OPEB liability - group life insurance	652,558	250,668	248,319	654,907	-
Total OPEB liability - Pay-as-you-Go	2,672,825	134,653	530,986	2,276,492	-
Total incurred by City	\$ 21,731,486	\$ 7,735,417	\$ 9,357,012	\$ 20,109,891	\$ 414,411
Incurred by School Board:					
Direct borrowings and placements:					
VPA subsidy bonds	\$ 5,945,646	-	\$ 780,079	\$ 5,165,567	\$ 783,241
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 5,945,646	-	\$ 780,079	\$ 5,165,567	\$ 783,241
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$ 27,677,132	\$ 7,735,417	\$ 10,137,091	\$ 25,275,458	\$ 1,197,652
Business-type Activities Obligations:					
Direct borrowings and placements:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 334,000	-	\$ 44,000	\$ 290,000	\$ 45,000
Revenue bonds	16,927,433	-	731,225	16,196,208	731,710
Capital financing activity	4,756,000	-	522,000	4,234,000	570,000
Compensated absences	250,303	83,161	50,061	283,403	28,340
Net pension liability	3,539,151	2,640,915	1,985,049	4,195,017	-
Net OPEB liability - group life insurance	143,041	53,470	59,203	137,308	-
Total OPEB liability - Pay-as-you-Go	557,175	182,225	133,892	605,508	-
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	2,512,076	82,899	-	2,594,975	-
Total Business-type Activities Obligations	\$ 29,019,179	\$ 3,042,670	\$ 3,525,430	\$ 28,536,419	\$ 1,375,050
Total Primary Government	\$ 56,696,311	\$ 10,778,087	\$ 13,662,521	\$ 53,811,877	\$ 2,572,702

The City's General Fund and Meals Tax Fund are responsible for repaying the City's long-term obligation amounts.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize city governments' long-term obligations are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities Obligations					Business-type Activities Obligations						
	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements				Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements				Capital Financing Activity			
	General Obligation Bonds		Capital Financing Activity		General Obligation Bonds		Revenue Bonds		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 94,800	\$ 8,041	\$ 254,446	\$ 4,053	\$ 45,000	\$ 7,356	\$ 731,710	\$ 11,172	\$ 570,000	\$ 104,580		
2026	97,500	5,434	-	-	46,000	6,105	732,197	10,684	638,000	90,501		
2027	100,100	2,753	-	-	48,000	4,813	732,687	10,194	494,000	74,743		
2028	-	-	-	-	49,000	3,479	733,179	9,702	501,000	62,541		
2029	-	-	-	-	50,000	2,118	733,674	9,207	530,000	50,166		
2030	-	-	-	-	52,000	715	734,172	8,710	561,000	37,075		
2031	-	-	-	-	-	-	734,671	8,210	592,000	23,218		
2032	-	-	-	-	-	-	735,174	7,708	348,000	8,596		
2033	-	-	-	-	-	-	735,679	7,203	-	-		
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	736,186	6,696	-	-		
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	736,696	6,186	-	-		
2036	-	-	-	-	-	-	737,208	5,673	-	-		
2037	-	-	-	-	-	-	737,723	5,158	-	-		
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	738,241	4,641	-	-		
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	738,761	4,121	-	-		
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	739,284	3,598	-	-		
2041	-	-	-	-	-	-	739,809	3,072	-	-		
2042	-	-	-	-	-	-	740,337	2,544	-	-		
2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	740,868	2,014	-	-		
2044	-	-	-	-	-	-	741,401	1,480	-	-		
2045	-	-	-	-	-	-	741,937	944	-	-		
2046	-	-	-	-	-	-	563,905	406	-	-		
2047	-	-	-	-	-	-	160,709	-	-	-		
Total	\$ 292,400	\$ 16,228	\$ 254,446	\$ 4,053	\$ 290,000	\$ 24,586	\$ 16,196,208	\$ 129,323	\$ 4,234,000	\$ 451,420		

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities Obligations		
	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements		
	School Board Obligations		
Year Ending June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 783,241	\$ 416,403	
2026	786,569	410,575	
2027	790,070	404,574	
2028	793,755	398,389	
2029	670,644	395,250	
2030	670,644	395,250	
2031	670,644	197,624	
Total	\$ 5,165,567	\$ 2,618,065	

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Governmental Activities Obligations:

Incurred by City:

Direct Borrowings and Placements:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$1,250,000 general obligation bond, Series 2012 issued (for Municipal building renovations) January 26, 2012, maturing in various annual installments of \$76,300 to \$100,100 through February 1, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 2.75% \$ 292,400

Total general obligations bonds \$ 292,400

Capital Financing Activity:

\$1,214,500 obligation for the purchase of major equipment, payable in semi-annual installments of \$129,250 beginning July 15, 2020 through January 15, 2025, interest at 2.120% \$ 254,446

Total capital financing activity obligations \$ 254,446

Compensated absences \$ 651,654

Net pension liability \$ 15,979,992

Net OPEB liability - group life insurance \$ 654,907

Total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability \$ 2,276,492

Total Incurred by City \$ 20,109,891

Incurred by School Board:

Direct Borrowings and Placements:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$1,936,758 Virginia Public Authority Subsidy Bonds issued (for Patrick Henry Elementary School) November 1, 2007, due in annual installments of varying amounts through 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 4.38% \$ 471,059

\$9,300,000 Qualified School Construction Bonds issued (for renovations to Martinsville High School) December 15, 2011, due in annual installments of varying amounts through December 1, 2030 interest free as a federal tax credit is provided to bondholders \$ 4,694,508

Total general obligation bonds \$ 5,165,567

Total Incurred by the School Board \$ 5,165,567

Total Governmental Activities Obligations \$ 25,275,458

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities Obligations:

Direct Borrowings and Placements:

Revenue Bonds:

\$10,000,000 water and sewer revenue bonds series 2016 bonds maturing in various semi-annual installments of \$178,571 beginning May 1, 2018 through November 1, 2045, interest payable at 0.00%. \$ 7,678,571

\$7,900,000 water and sewer revenue bonds series 2017 bonds maturing in various semi-annual installments of \$138,596 beginning April 1, 2019 through April 1, 2047, interest payable at 0.00%. 6,258,956

\$2,500,000 water and sewer revenue bonds series 2020 bonds maturing in various semi-annual installments of \$54,273 beginning March 1, 2022 through March 1, 2046, interest payable at 0.50% per annum. 2,258,681

Total revenue bonds \$ 16,196,208

General Obligation Bonds:

\$679,000 capital-related general obligation refunding series 2014B bonds maturing in various annual installments of \$36,000 to \$52,000 through July 15, 2029, interest payable semi-annually at 2.37% \$ 290,000

Total general obligation bonds \$ 290,000

Capital Financing Activity:

\$7,425,000 obligation for the purchase of utility meters for electric and water, payable in various annual installments of \$348,000 to \$638,000 beginning February 1, 2018 through February 1, 2032, interest at 2.46% \$ 4,234,000

Total capital financing activity obligations \$ 4,234,000

Compensated absences \$ 283,403

Net pension liability \$ 4,195,017

Net OPEB liability - group life insurance \$ 137,308

Total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability \$ 605,508

Landfill closure and postclosure costs \$ 2,594,975

Total Business-type Activities Obligations \$ 28,536,419

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

In the event of default for any general obligation bond, including the State Literary Fund Loan, the Commonwealth of Virginia may withhold state aid from the locality until such time that the event of default is cured in accordance with Section 15.2-2659 of the Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended.

Revenue bonds totaling \$16,196,208 contain a provision that, in the event of default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2024	Amounts Due Within One Year
Net pension liability - nonprofessional	\$ 1,684,863	\$ 681,827	\$ 764,097	\$ 1,602,593	-
Net pension liability - professional	12,236,825	6,015,323	5,475,630	12,776,518	-
Net OPEB liability - group life insurance	688,382	297,376	319,180	666,578	-
Net OPEB liability - health insurance credit	1,703,318	350,504	509,195	1,544,627	-
Total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability	<u>274,000</u>	<u>17,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>241,000</u>	-
Total	<u>\$ 16,587,388</u>	<u>\$ 7,362,030</u>	<u>\$ 7,118,102</u>	<u>\$ 16,831,316</u>	-

Note 9—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs:

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on each phase of its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste. In accordance with Statement 18 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board entitled *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*, the City reported a liability for a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs based on landfill capacity used. The \$2,594,975 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2024 is based on 100% of the estimated capacity used to date. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2024. Actual closure and postclosure care costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City plans to meet all federal laws, regulations and test of financial assurance related to the financing of closure and postclosure care when they become effective.

The City demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 10—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

The following is a summary of unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Government-wide Statements	Balance Sheet
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Funds
Deferred/Unavailable revenue:		
Unearned revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures		
	\$ -	\$ 2,247,841
Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the subsequent budget year	146,796	146,796
Opioid settlement	-	831,737
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$ 146,796	\$ 3,226,374
Unearned revenue:		
Unused CSLFRF	\$ 4,423,082	\$ 4,423,082
Total	\$ 4,569,878	\$ 7,649,456

Note 11—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the City and discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 12—Litigation:

At June 30, 2024, there were no matters of litigation involving the City or which would materially affect the City's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 13—Risk Management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The City is a member of the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self-Insurance Risk Pool (VACORP) for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City pays VACORP contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 14—Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report participate in the VRS plan through the City of Martinsville, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a member date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested as of January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 – April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age and service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.7% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The City's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 19.70% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$3,176,471 and \$2,972,810 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$20,175,009 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the City is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the City's proportion was 94.31% and 93.15%, respectively.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City of Martinsville, Virginia's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the City of Martinsville, Virginia's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.75%</u>
		Inflation	2.50%
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	<u>8.25%</u>

* The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

** On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes, and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 33,189,483	\$ 20,175,009	\$ 9,296,750

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,607,875. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 643,696
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,467,840
Changes in proportion	560,851	370,594
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>3,176,471</u>	-
Total	<u>\$ 3,737,322</u>	<u>\$ 2,482,130</u>

\$3,176,471 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government
2025	\$ (1,563,750)
2026	(1,736,424)
2027	1,326,412
2028	52,483
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report-pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	66
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	3
Non-vested inactive members	8
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	16
Total inactive members	27
Active members	18
Total covered employees	111

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 36.86% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$222,391 and \$193,594 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Increase (Decrease) Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 4,219,218	\$ 2,534,355	\$ 1,684,863
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 54,184	\$ -	\$ 54,184
Interest	276,665	-	276,665
Differences between expected and actual experience	(38,273)	-	(38,273)
Contributions - employer	-	193,300	(193,300)
Contributions - employee	-	24,604	(24,604)
Net investment income	-	158,539	(158,539)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(349,318)	(349,318)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(1,660)	1,660
Other changes	-	63	(63)
Net changes	\$ (56,742)	\$ 25,528	\$ (82,270)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 4,162,476	\$ 2,559,883	\$ 1,602,593

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,001,844	\$ 1,602,593	\$ 1,251,257

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$71,607. At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 52,620
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	222,391	-
Total	\$ 222,391	\$ 52,620

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$222,391 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2025	\$ (33,502)
2026	(57,735)
2027	37,008
2028	1,609
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$2,194,637 and \$1,995,492 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the Statement of Activities.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the Statement of Activities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$12,776,518 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was .1264% as compared to .1285% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$831,782. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,097,514	\$ 498,594
Change in assumptions	579,204	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	830,731
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,828	810,448
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>2,194,637</u>	-
Total	\$ 3,873,183	\$ 2,139,773

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$2,194,637 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>		
2025	\$	(646,465)
2026		(931,673)
2027		903,045
2028		213,866
2029		-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% – 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Teacher Employee Retirement Plan		
Total Pension Liability	\$	57,574,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	<u>10,107,204</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		
		82.45%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,648,209	\$ 12,776,518	\$ 4,661,176

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	Primary Government			
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net Pension	Pension Expense
VRS Pension Plan:				
Primary Government	<u>\$ 3,737,322</u>	<u>\$ 2,482,130</u>	<u>\$ 20,175,009</u>	<u>\$ 1,607,875</u>
Component Unit School Board				
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net Pension	Pension Expense
VRS Pension Plans:				
School Board Nonprofessional	<u>\$ 222,391</u>	<u>\$ 52,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,602,593</u>	<u>\$ 71,607</u>
School Board Professional	<u>3,873,183</u>	<u>2,139,773</u>	<u>12,776,518</u>	<u>831,782</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 4,095,574</u>	<u>\$ 2,192,393</u>	<u>\$ 14,379,111</u>	<u>\$ 903,389</u>

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the [Code of Virginia](#), as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the entity were \$90,250 and \$84,024 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the City; \$3,345 and \$2,890 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the component unit school board (nonprofessional); and \$95,695 and \$67,805 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the component unit school board (professional).

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity's proportionate share is reflected in the Statement of Activities.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, liabilities of \$792,215, \$27,224, and \$639,354 were reported for the City, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (professional), respectively, for the proportionate shares of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the participating employers' proportions were 0.06606%, 0.00227%, and 0.05331% as compared to 0.06608%, 0.00220%, and 0.05500% at June 30, 2022, for the City, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (professional), respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the participating employers recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$29,251, \$477, and \$3,391, for the City, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (professional), respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the employers reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		Component Unit School Board (professional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 79,123	\$ 24,048	\$ 2,719	\$ 826	\$ 63,856	\$ 19,408
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-	31,837	-	1,094	-	25,693
Change in assumptions	16,934	54,887	582	1,886	13,666	44,297
Changes in proportionate share	3,318	3,762	4,039	4,054	-	61,163
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	90,250	-	3,345	-	75,365	-
Total	\$ 189,625	\$ 114,534	\$ 10,685	\$ 7,860	\$ 152,887	\$ 150,561

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$90,250, \$3,345, \$75,365, for the City, component unit school board (nonprofessional), and component unit school board (professional), respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employers' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	Component Unit School Board (professional)
2025	\$ (7,196)	\$ (942)	\$ (25,241)
2026	(32,426)	(1,774)	(45,284)
2027	13,974	781	543
2028	2,436	1,020	(5,929)
2029	8,053	395	2,872
Thereafter	-	-	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,907,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,707,739
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,199,313

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	69.30%
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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net GLI OPEB Liability: (Continued)

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.75%</u>
		Inflation	2.50%
		Expected arithmetic nominal return*	<u>8.25%</u>

*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employers' Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employers' proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
City's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,174,311	\$ 792,215	\$ 483,288
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$ 40,355	\$ 27,224	\$ 16,608
Component Unit School Board (professional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$ 947,722	\$ 639,354	\$ 390,036

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	<u>22</u>
Total inactive members	<u>22</u>
Active members	18
Total covered employees	<u><u>40</u></u>

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the [Code of Virginia](#), as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 2.29% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$14,133 and \$12,257 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>		<u><u>5.75%</u></u>
		Inflation	2.50%
		Expected arithmetic nominal return*	<u><u>8.25%</u></u>

*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 114,244	\$ 11,329	\$ 102,915
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 659	\$ -	\$ 659
Interest	7,659	-	7,659
Differences between expected and actual experience	(78,195)	-	(78,195)
Contributions - employer	-	12,257	(12,257)
Net investment income	-	1,121	(1,121)
Benefit payments	(2,880)	(2,880)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(34)	34
Other changes	-	(1)	1
Net changes	\$ (72,757)	\$ 10,463	\$ (83,220)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 41,487	\$ 21,792	\$ 19,695

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 23,814	\$ 19,695	\$ 16,182

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$(14,265). At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 47,071
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	126	-
Change in assumptions	2,018	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	14,133	-
Total	\$ 16,277	\$ 47,071

\$14,133 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. There were no other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB that will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 16—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the [Code of Virginia](#), as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$168,542 and \$151,876 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$12 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the Statement of Activities.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$1,524,932 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.12590% as compared to 0.12813% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$72,166. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 67,120
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	765	-
Change in assumptions	35,498	1,537
Change in proportion	31	145,292
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>168,542</u>	-
Total	\$ 204,836	\$ 213,949

\$168,542 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30

2025	\$ (49,604)
2026	(41,954)
2027	(33,634)
2028	(26,323)
2029	(18,574)
Thereafter	(7,566)

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teacher employees	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan	
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,475,471
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	264,054
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ <u>1,211,417</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>		<u><u>5.75%</u></u>
		Inflation	2.50%
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	<u><u>8.25%</u></u>

*The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

**On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 17—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,724,869	\$ 1,524,932	\$ 1,355,503

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance:

Primary Government:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension and OPEB benefits previously described, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the City of Martinsville Post-Retirement Medical Plan (CMPRMP). The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the City's pension plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible retirees includes Medical insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. Retired employees, who were hired before July 1, 2005, who participated in the City's medical program with at least 15 years of continuous service and who retire under the VRS plan are eligible to elect post-retirement coverage in the CMPRMP. The CMPRMP is closed to new entrants.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary Government
Total active employees with coverage	67
Total retirees with coverage	40
Total	107

Contributions

The City holds assets accumulated for OPEB purposes in a custodial capacity. As required, the City reports these assets in a custodial fund. At June 30, 2024 the City held assets amounting to \$269,091 for OPEB purposes. The City Council establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. Council also determines how the plan will be funded each year whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again, this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. For retirees hired prior to July 1, 2000 with 15 years of uninterrupted service, the City pays 100% of the designated contribution towards the monthly single only coverage premium and the retiree contributes the remaining balance. Retirees hired on or after July 1, 2000 but prior to July 1, 2005, with 14 or less years of continuous service are not eligible for the designated contribution. For retirees hired in this same time frame with 15 through 19 years of continuous service, the City contributes 50% of the designated contribution and the retiree contributes the remaining balance. For retirees hired in this time frame with 20 or more years of continuous service, the City contributes 75% of the designated contribution and the retiree contributes the remaining balance. Retirees hired on or after July 1, 2005 are not eligible for the designated contribution.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	3.86%
Salary Scale	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	6.50% for fiscal year end 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.86% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the City will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Primary Government</u>	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balances at July 1, 2023	\$ 3,230,000	
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	33,000	
Interest	114,000	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(178,000)	
Changes in assumptions	25,000	
Benefit payments	(342,000)	
Net changes	(348,000)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 2,882,000	

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.86%) or one percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current discount rate:

Rate		
1% Decrease (2.86%)	Current Discount Rate (3.86%)	1% Increase (4.86%)
\$ 3,043,000	\$ 2,882,000	\$ 2,731,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Rates		
Healthcare Cost		
1% Decrease (5.50%)	Trend (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
\$ 2,695,000	\$ 2,882,000	\$ 3,084,000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$86,000. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 89,000
Changes in assumptions	12,000	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	271,585	-
Total	\$ 283,585	\$ 89,000

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future years as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Primary Government</u>
2025	\$ (77,000)
2026	-
2027	-
2028	-
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Component Unit School Board:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension and OPEB benefits previously described, the School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the City of Martinsville School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan (CMSBPRMP). The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible retirees includes Medical insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. Retired employees, who were hired before July 1, 2005, who participated in the School Board's medical program with at least 15 years of continuous service and who retire under the VRS plan are eligible to elect post-retirement coverage in the CMSBPRMP. The CMSBPRMP is closed to new entrants.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Component Unit School Board
Total active employees with coverage	38
Total retirees with coverage	11
Total	49

Contributions

The School Board, in conjunction with the City, holds assets accumulated for OPEB purposes in a fiduciary capacity. The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again, this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. For retirees hired prior to July 1, 2000 with 15 years of uninterrupted service, the School Board pays 100% of the designated contribution towards the monthly single only coverage premium and the retiree contributes the remaining balance. Retirees hired on or after July 1, 2000 but prior to July 1, 2005, with 14 or less years of continuous service are not eligible for the designated contribution. For retirees hired in this same time frame with 15 through 19 years of continuous service, the School Board contributes 50% of the designated contribution and the retiree contributes the remaining balance. For retirees hired in this time frame with 20 or more years of continuous service, the Board contributes 75% of the designated contribution and the retiree contributes the remaining balance. Retirees hired on or after July 1, 2005 are not eligible for the designated contribution.

Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	3.86%
Salary Scale	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	6.50% for fiscal year end 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.

Mortality

RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.86% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the School Board will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Component Unit School Board	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at July 1, 2023	\$ 274,000	
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	6,000	
Interest	10,000	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(8,000)	
Changes in assumptions	1,000	
Benefit payments	(42,000)	
Net changes	(33,000)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 241,000	

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.86%) or one percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current discount rate:

Rate		
1% Decrease (2.86%)	Current Discount Rate (3.86%)	1% Increase (4.86%)
\$ 252,000	\$ 241,000	\$ 231,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower 5.50% or one percentage point higher 7.50% than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Rates		
Healthcare Cost		
1% Decrease (5.50%)	Trend (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
\$ 226,000	\$ 241,000	\$ 257,000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$(77,000). At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows.

	Component Unit School Board	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 37,000
Changes in assumptions	2,000	3,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	15,960	-
Total	<u>\$ 17,960</u>	<u>\$ 40,000</u>

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 18—Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan) – Medical Insurance: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future years as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Component Unit School Board</u>
2025	\$ (36,000)
2026	(2,000)
2027	-
2028	-
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Aggregate OPEB Information

	<u>Primary Government</u>			
	<u>Net/Total</u>			
	<u>Deferred Outflows</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u>	<u>OPEB Liability</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>
VRS OPEB Plans:				
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 15):				
City	\$ 189,625	\$ 114,534	\$ 792,215	\$ 29,251
City Stand-Alone Plan (Note 18)	283,585	89,000	2,882,000	86,000
Totals	<u>\$ 473,210</u>	<u>\$ 203,534</u>	<u>\$ 3,674,215</u>	<u>\$ 115,251</u>
<u>Component Unit School Board</u>				
	<u>Deferred Outflows</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>
VRS OPEB Plans:				
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 15):				
School Board Nonprofessional	\$ 10,685	\$ 7,860	\$ 27,224	\$ 477
School Board Professional	152,887	150,561	639,354	3,391
Nonprofessional Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 16)	16,277	47,071	19,695	(14,265)
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 17)	204,836	213,949	1,524,932	72,166
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 18)	17,960	40,000	241,000	(77,000)
Totals	<u>\$ 402,645</u>	<u>\$ 459,441</u>	<u>\$ 2,452,205</u>	<u>\$ (15,231)</u>

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 19—Surety Bonds:

	<u>Amount</u>
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America - Surety	
Faithful Performance of Duty Schedule Position Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Jean P. Nunn, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000
Cindy Dickerson, Treasurer and/or Richard Stanfield, CFO	500,000
Ruth Easley, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Steve M. Draper, Sheriff	30,000
Lumberman's Mutual Casualty Company - Surety City funds	
Cindy Dickerson, Treasurer	250,000
Virginia Municipal League - Surety	
All School Board employees - blanket bond	
VACORP - Surety	
All City employees - blanket bond	
Honesty	100,000
Faithful performance	1,000,000

Note 20 – Restatement of Beginning Balances:

Beginning balances were restated in the general fund and governmental activities as follows:

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activites</u>
Fund Balance/Net Position at June 30, 2023, as previously reported	\$ 9,001,132	\$ 6,321,504
Unrecorded intergovernmental revenue accruals from prior year	<u>678,619</u>	<u>678,619</u>
Fund Balance/Net Position at June 30, 2023, as restated	<u>\$ 9,679,751</u>	<u>\$ 7,000,123</u>

Note 21 – Subsequent Event:

In January 2025, City Council authorized the termination of an agreement executed in July 2020 for a Company to construct a solar development. As part of the termination, the City will receive a termination payment of \$320,000 as liquidated damages.

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Required Supplementary Information

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 10,453,900	\$ 10,453,900	\$ 11,032,843	\$ 578,943
Other local taxes	6,375,350	6,375,350	6,943,132	567,782
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	72,700	72,700	88,648	15,948
Fines and forfeitures	87,500	100,824	84,025	(16,799)
Revenue from use of money and property	1,365,027	1,365,027	979,611	(385,416)
Charges for services	2,487,607	2,487,607	2,225,713	(261,894)
Miscellaneous	554,517	590,607	963,280	372,673
Recovered costs	2,372,758	2,372,758	2,427,287	54,529
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	11,563,836	12,100,587	12,287,271	186,684
Federal	128,571	5,593,661	5,000,949	(592,712)
Total revenues	\$ 35,461,766	\$ 41,513,021	\$ 42,032,759	\$ 519,738
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 5,364,556	\$ 6,462,356	\$ 6,085,582	\$ 376,774
Judicial administration	3,267,101	3,283,421	3,008,329	275,092
Public safety	13,479,056	14,184,014	13,797,409	386,605
Public works	5,799,093	7,962,270	5,290,248	2,672,022
Health and welfare	1,489,168	1,769,168	2,313,818	(544,650)
Education	5,562,472	5,562,472	4,912,100	650,372
Parks, recreation, and cultural	911,449	1,536,449	980,290	556,159
Community development	3,069,437	3,428,437	4,865,164	(1,436,727)
Nondepartmental	-	-	114,908	(114,908)
Total expenditures	\$ 38,942,332	\$ 44,188,587	\$ 41,367,848	\$ 2,820,739
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (3,480,566)	\$ (2,675,566)	\$ 664,911	\$ 3,340,477
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	\$ 1,035,000	\$ 1,635,000	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 120,000
Transfers (out)	(100,000)	(905,000)	(921,768)	(16,768)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 935,000	\$ 730,000	\$ 833,232	\$ 103,232
Changes in fund balances	\$ (2,545,566)	\$ (1,945,566)	\$ 1,498,143	\$ 3,443,709
Fund balances at beginning of year, as originally reported	2,545,566	1,945,566	9,001,132	7,055,566
Restatements	-	-	678,619	678,619
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated	2,545,566	1,945,566	9,679,751	7,734,185
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,177,894	\$ 11,177,894

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 VRS Pension Plans
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPL (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
Primary Government - City Retirement Plan					
2023	94.31%	\$ 20,175,009	\$ 15,560,251	129.66%	81.80%
2022	93.15%	20,363,484	14,339,008	142.01%	81.08%
2021	93.33%	16,628,757	13,189,627	126.07%	84.51%
2020	92.86%	28,687,616	13,201,219	217.31%	72.02%
2019	93.00%	23,520,960	12,536,671	187.62%	76.36%
2018	92.39%	18,646,917	12,201,190	152.83%	79.88%
2017	91.95%	18,955,341	12,117,472	156.43%	79.02%
2016	93.61%	22,696,623	13,409,915	169.25%	74.76%
2015	93.37%	19,919,054	13,216,981	150.71%	77.41%
2014	93.42%	18,187,446	12,797,381	142.12%	78.66%
Component Unit School Board (professional)					
2023	0.1264%	\$ 12,776,518	\$ 12,551,770	101.79%	82.45%
2022	0.1285%	12,236,825	11,942,248	102.47%	82.61%
2021	0.1323%	10,269,025	11,665,019	88.03%	85.46%
2020	0.1330%	19,357,903	11,629,331	166.46%	71.47%
2019	0.1436%	18,899,892	12,065,156	156.65%	73.51%
2018	0.1444%	16,979,000	11,697,771	145.15%	74.81%
2017	0.1473%	18,117,000	11,642,954	155.60%	72.92%
2016	0.1522%	21,328,000	11,653,559	183.02%	68.28%
2015	0.1667%	20,984,000	11,644,367	180.21%	70.68%
2014	0.1646%	19,896,000	12,040,187	165.25%	70.88%

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
 Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 54,184	\$ 35,466	\$ 34,400	\$ 40,331
Interest	276,665	268,409	266,430	271,048
Changes of assumptions	-	-	150,760	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(38,273)	150,953	(49,151)	29,332
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(349,318)	(353,156)	(464,015)	(354,242)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (56,742)	\$ 101,672	\$ (61,576)	\$ (13,531)
Total pension liability - beginning	4,219,218	4,117,546	4,179,122	4,192,653
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,162,476	\$ 4,219,218	\$ 4,117,546	\$ 4,179,122
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 193,300	\$ 132,602	\$ 105,041	\$ 94,136
Contributions - employee	24,604	21,844	17,563	18,988
Net investment income	158,539	776	627,500	49,077
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(349,318)	(353,156)	(464,015)	(354,242)
Administrative expense	(1,660)	(1,760)	(1,855)	(1,856)
Other	63	60	56	(55)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 25,528	\$ (199,634)	\$ 284,290	\$ (193,952)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,534,355	2,733,989	2,449,699	2,643,651
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,559,883	\$ 2,534,355	\$ 2,733,989	\$ 2,449,699
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,602,593	\$ 1,684,863	\$ 1,383,557	\$ 1,729,423
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.50%	60.07%	66.40%	58.62%
Covered payroll	\$ 535,232	\$ 479,965	\$ 380,908	\$ 413,317
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	299.42%	351.04%	363.23%	418.43%

Exhibit 13

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 47,066	\$ 45,512	\$ 41,329	\$ 45,589	\$ 54,322	\$ 56,141
275,813	271,267	279,172	282,746	283,560	284,255
91,229	-	11,088	-	-	-
3,332	86,439	(100,879)	(43,743)	(5,140)	-
<u>(329,941)</u>	<u>(346,627)</u>	<u>(340,625)</u>	<u>(330,699)</u>	<u>(358,029)</u>	<u>(342,606)</u>
\$ 87,499	\$ 56,591	\$ (109,915)	\$ (46,107)	\$ (25,287)	\$ (2,210)
4,105,154	4,048,563	4,158,478	4,204,585	4,229,872	4,232,082
<u>\$ 4,192,653</u>	<u>\$ 4,105,154</u>	<u>\$ 4,048,563</u>	<u>\$ 4,158,478</u>	<u>\$ 4,204,585</u>	<u>\$ 4,229,872</u>
\$ 111,669	\$ 128,396	\$ 127,356	\$ 113,958	\$ 110,982	\$ 119,537
22,489	21,938	21,782	20,903	21,192	25,188
169,498	192,350	301,389	42,268	123,775	399,239
<u>(329,941)</u>	<u>(346,627)</u>	<u>(340,625)</u>	<u>(330,699)</u>	<u>(358,029)</u>	<u>(342,606)</u>
(1,856)	(1,789)	(1,891)	(1,784)	(1,895)	(2,295)
<u>(106)</u>	<u>(166)</u>	<u>(262)</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>(23)</u>	<u>21</u>
\$ (28,247)	\$ (5,898)	\$ 107,749	\$ (155,373)	\$ (103,998)	\$ 199,084
2,671,898	2,677,796	2,570,047	2,725,420	2,829,418	2,630,334
<u>\$ 2,643,651</u>	<u>\$ 2,671,898</u>	<u>\$ 2,677,796</u>	<u>\$ 2,570,047</u>	<u>\$ 2,725,420</u>	<u>\$ 2,829,418</u>
\$ 1,549,002	\$ 1,433,256	\$ 1,370,767	\$ 1,588,431	\$ 1,479,165	\$ 1,400,454
63.05%	65.09%	66.14%	61.80%	64.82%	66.89%
\$ 488,976	\$ 476,016	\$ 470,771	\$ 442,484	\$ 426,964	\$ 503,742
316.78%	301.09%	291.17%	358.98%	346.44%	278.01%

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Schedule of Employer Contributions
 VRS Pension Plans
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
	Contractually Required Contribution (1)*	(2)*			(4)	(5)
Primary Government						
2024	\$ 3,176,471	\$ 3,176,471	\$ -	\$ 16,528,294		19.22%
2023	2,972,810	2,972,810	-	15,560,251		19.11%
2022	2,588,254	2,588,254	-	14,339,008		18.05%
2021	2,438,761	2,438,761	-	13,189,627		18.49%
2020	2,133,317	2,133,317	-	13,201,219		16.16%
2019	2,025,957	2,025,957	-	12,536,671		16.16%
2018	1,969,272	1,969,272	-	12,201,190		16.14%
2017	1,955,760	1,955,760	-	12,117,472		16.14%
2016	2,368,834	2,368,834	-	13,409,915		18.87%
2015	2,290,963	2,290,963	-	13,216,981		18.87%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)						
2024	\$ 222,391	\$ 222,391	\$ -	\$ 617,159		36.03%
2023	193,594	193,594	-	535,232		36.17%
2022	132,602	132,602	-	479,965		27.63%
2021	108,026	108,026	-	380,908		28.36%
2020	94,367	94,367	-	413,317		22.83%
2019	111,670	111,670	-	488,976		22.84%
2018	128,395	128,395	-	476,016		26.97%
2017	130,309	130,309	-	470,771		27.68%
2016	115,179	115,179	-	442,484		26.03%
2015	111,139	111,139	-	426,964		26.03%
Component Unit School Board (professional)						
2024	\$ 2,194,637	\$ 2,194,637	\$ -	\$ 13,929,054		15.76%
2023	1,995,492	1,995,492	-	12,551,770		15.90%
2022	1,909,414	1,909,414	-	11,942,248		15.99%
2021	1,871,335	1,871,335	-	11,665,019		16.04%
2020	1,767,607	1,767,607	-	11,629,331		15.20%
2019	1,839,146	1,839,146	-	12,065,156		15.24%
2018	1,867,973	1,867,973	-	11,697,771		15.97%
2017	1,706,857	1,706,857	-	11,642,954		14.66%
2016	1,632,707	1,632,707	-	11,653,559		14.01%
2015	1,682,744	1,682,744	-	11,644,367		14.45%

* Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
 VRS Pension Plans
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of the City of Martinsville, Virginia's Share of Net OPEB Liability
 Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability
Primary Government:					
2023	0.06606%	\$ 792,215	\$ 15,559,800	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.06608%	795,599	14,373,330	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.06564%	764,770	13,562,526	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.06571%	1,095,346	13,507,364	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.06584%	1,063,675	12,813,125	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.06556%	996,180	12,417,162	8.02%	51.22%
2017	0.06690%	1,006,978	12,340,571	8.16%	48.86%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):					
2023	0.00227%	\$ 27,224	\$ 535,232	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.00220%	26,611	479,965	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.00190%	21,539	380,908	5.65%	67.45%
2020	0.00201%	33,543	413,317	8.12%	52.64%
2019	0.00250%	40,682	488,976	8.32%	52.00%
2018	0.00256%	39,000	487,266	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.00255%	38,000	470,771	8.07%	48.86%
Component Unit School Board (professional):					
2023	0.05331%	\$ 639,354	\$ 12,556,520	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.05500%	661,771	11,955,720	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.05650%	658,279	11,673,818	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.05666%	945,562	11,661,219	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.06131%	997,677	12,019,507	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.06141%	933,000	11,676,842	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.06306%	948,000	11,631,723	8.15%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	(2)			(4)	(5)
Primary Government						
2024	\$ 90,250	\$ 90,250	\$ -	\$ 16,712,719		0.54%
2023	84,024	84,024	-	15,559,800		0.54%
2022	77,616	77,616	-	14,373,330		0.54%
2021	73,238	73,238	-	13,562,526		0.54%
2020	70,239	70,239	-	13,507,364		0.52%
2019	67,127	67,127	-	12,813,125		0.52%
2018	64,569	64,569	-	12,417,162		0.52%
2017	64,171	64,171	-	12,340,571		0.52%
2016	59,337	59,337	-	12,361,953		0.48%
2015	58,581	58,581	-	12,204,419		0.48%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)						
2024	\$ 3,345	\$ 3,345	\$ -	\$ 619,409		0.54%
2023	2,890	2,890	-	535,232		0.54%
2022	2,592	2,592	-	479,965		0.54%
2021	2,057	2,057	-	380,908		0.54%
2020	2,149	2,149	-	413,317		0.52%
2019	2,543	2,543	-	488,976		0.52%
2018	2,553	2,553	-	487,266		0.52%
2017	2,448	2,448	-	470,771		0.52%
2016	2,140	2,140	-	445,817		0.48%
2015	2,125	2,125	-	442,703		0.48%
Component Unit School Board (professional)						
2024	\$ 95,695	\$ 95,695	\$ -	\$ 17,721,236		0.54%
2023	67,805	67,805	-	12,556,520		0.54%
2022	64,561	64,561	-	11,955,720		0.54%
2021	63,039	63,039	-	11,673,818		0.54%
2020	60,638	60,638	-	11,661,219		0.52%
2019	62,501	62,501	-	12,019,507		0.52%
2018	61,187	61,187	-	11,676,842		0.52%
2017	60,485	60,485	-	11,631,723		0.52%
2016	55,718	55,718	-	11,607,840		0.48%
2015	59,769	59,769	-	12,451,790		0.48%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
 Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in the City of Martinsville, Virginia School Board's
 Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
 Nonprofessional Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 though June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 659	\$ 1,641	\$ 1,519	\$ -
Interest	7,659	6,031	5,422	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	80,326
Differences between expected and actual experience	(78,195)	(1,686)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	22,188	2,075	-
Benefit payments	(2,880)	(3,272)	-	-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ (72,757)	\$ 24,902	\$ 9,016	\$ 80,326
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	114,244	89,342	80,326	-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 41,487	\$ 114,244	\$ 89,342	\$ 80,326
<hr/>				
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 12,257	\$ 7,728	\$ 6,132	\$ -
Net investment income	1,121	(102)	892	-
Benefit payments	(2,880)	(3,272)	-	-
Administrator charges	(34)	(22)	(27)	-
Other	(1)	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 10,463	\$ 4,332	\$ 6,997	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	11,329	6,997	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 21,792	\$ 11,329	\$ 6,997	\$ -
School's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 19,695	\$ 102,915	\$ 82,345	\$ 80,326
<hr/>				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	52.53%	9.92%	7.83%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 535,232	\$ 479,965	\$ 380,908	N/A
School's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	3.68%	21.44%	21.62%	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Nonprofessional Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)			
2024	\$ 14,133	\$ 14,133	\$ -	\$ 617,159	2.29%
2023	12,257	12,257	-	535,232	2.29%
2022	7,727	7,727	-	479,965	1.61%
2021	6,133	6,133	-	380,908	1.61%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2021 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Nonprofessional Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of the City of Martinsville, Virginia School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability
 Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability
2023	0.12590%	\$ 1,524,932	\$ 12,551,770	12.1491%	17.90%
2022	0.12813%	1,600,403	11,942,248	13.4012%	15.08%
2021	0.13190%	1,693,028	11,665,019	14.5137%	13.15%
2020	0.13265%	1,730,441	11,629,331	14.8800%	9.95%
2019	0.14320%	1,874,627	12,011,142	15.6074%	8.97%
2018	0.14438%	1,833,000	11,676,842	15.6977%	8.08%
2017	0.14714%	1,867,000	11,612,639	16.0773%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	(2)	(3)			
2024	\$ 168,542	\$ 168,542	\$ -	\$ 13,929,054		1.21%
2023	151,876	151,876	-	12,551,770		1.21%
2022	144,501	144,501	-	11,942,248		1.21%
2021	141,147	141,147	-	11,665,019		1.21%
2020	139,552	139,552	-	11,629,331		1.20%
2019	144,134	144,134	-	12,011,142		1.20%
2018	143,625	143,625	-	11,676,842		1.23%
2017	128,900	128,900	-	11,612,639		1.11%
2016	123,000	123,000	-	11,603,738		1.06%
2015	131,395	131,395	-	12,395,708		1.06%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
 City and School OPEB Plan
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022
Primary Government:			
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 33,000	\$ 51,000	\$ 44,000
Interest	114,000	65,000	85,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	(178,000)	396,000	41,000
Changes of assumptions	25,000	(418,000)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(342,000)	(372,000)	(394,000)
Other changes	-	-	100,000
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (348,000)	\$ (278,000)	\$ (124,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	3,230,000	3,508,000	3,632,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,882,000	\$ 3,230,000	\$ 3,508,000
 Covered-employee payroll	 \$ 4,322,000	 \$ 4,322,000	 \$ 4,166,000
 City's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 66.68%	 74.73%	 84.21%
 Component Unit School Board:			
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 6,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 16,000
Interest	10,000	10,000	12,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	(8,000)	(198,000)	3,000
Changes of assumptions	1,000	(19,000)	14,000
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(42,000)	(44,000)	(35,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (33,000)	\$ (233,000)	\$ 10,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	274,000	507,000	497,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 241,000	\$ 274,000	\$ 507,000
 Covered-employee payroll	 \$ 1,959,000	 \$ 1,959,000	 \$ 2,564,000
 School's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 12.30%	 13.99%	 19.77%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 25

2021	2020	2019	2018
\$ 51,000	\$ 46,000	\$ 69,000	\$ 67,000
105,000	125,000	114,000	118,000
207,000	(14,000)	264,000	-
-	97,000	230,000	-
(331,000)	(397,000)	(375,000)	(241,000)
<u>135,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
\$ 167,000	\$ (143,000)	\$ 302,000	\$ (56,000)
3,465,000	3,608,000	3,306,000	3,362,000
<u>\$ 3,632,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,465,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,608,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,306,000</u>
\$ 4,166,000	\$ 5,601,000	\$ 5,601,000	\$ 7,427,000
87.18%	61.86%	64.42%	44.51%
\$ 19,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 22,000
21,000	24,000	25,000	26,000
(197,000)	19,000	38,000	-
17,000	18,000	(11,000)	-
(56,000)	(88,000)	(108,000)	(48,000)
<u>\$ (196,000)</u>	<u>\$ (8,000)</u>	<u>\$ (33,000)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
693,000	701,000	734,000	734,000
<u>\$ 497,000</u>	<u>\$ 693,000</u>	<u>\$ 701,000</u>	<u>\$ 734,000</u>
\$ 2,564,000	\$ 4,072,000	\$ 4,072,000	\$ 4,764,000
19.38%	17.02%	17.22%	15.41%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - City and School's OPEB
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date: 7/1/2022
Measurement Date: 7/1/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Discount Rate	3.86%
Salary Scale	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.50% for fiscal year end 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Mortality Rates	RP 2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2021

Other Supplementary Information

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Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

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Meals Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Other local taxes	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 3,005,116	\$ 305,116
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	<u>372,721</u>	<u>372,721</u>	<u>373,820</u>	<u>1,099</u>
Total revenues	\$ 3,072,721	\$ 3,072,721	\$ 3,378,936	\$ 306,215
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 75,259	\$ 75,259	\$ 75,259	\$ -
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	780,079	780,079	780,079	\$ -
Interest and other fiscal charges	<u>422,065</u>	<u>422,065</u>	<u>422,009</u>	<u>56</u>
Total expenditures	\$ 1,277,403	\$ 1,277,403	\$ 1,277,347	\$ 56
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,795,318	\$ 1,795,318	\$ 2,101,589	\$ 306,271
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers (out)	<u>\$ (1,795,318)</u>	<u>\$ (1,795,318)</u>	<u>\$ (1,795,318)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Changes in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 306,271	\$ 306,271
Fund balances at beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,658,290	\$ 1,658,290
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 1,964,561

Nonmajor Governmental Funds
 Combining Balance Sheet
 At June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total
	City Grants Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,592	\$ 1,224,277	\$ 1,238,869
Due from other governments	<u>205,323</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>205,323</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 219,915</u>	<u>\$ 1,224,277</u>	<u>\$ 1,444,192</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 70,430	\$ 4,389	\$ 74,819
Reconciled overdraft	<u>149,485</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>149,485</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 219,915</u>	<u>\$ 4,389</u>	<u>\$ 224,304</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Assigned:			
Capital reserve fund	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>1,219,888</u>	\$ <u>1,219,888</u>
Total fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,888</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,888</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 219,915</u>	<u>\$ 1,224,277</u>	<u>\$ 1,444,192</u>

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
	City Grants Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	
Revenues:			
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 1,185	\$ -	\$ 1,185
Intergovernmental:			
Federal	<u>630,456</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>630,456</u>
Total revenues	<u>\$ 631,641</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 631,641</u>
Expenditures:			
General government administration	\$ -	\$ 923,137	\$ 923,137
Public safety	<u>-</u>	<u>387,073</u>	<u>387,073</u>
Public works	<u>-</u>	<u>456,558</u>	<u>456,558</u>
Parks, recreation, and cultural	<u>-</u>	<u>14,000</u>	<u>14,000</u>
Community development	<u>772,469</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>772,469</u>
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	<u>-</u>	<u>341,437</u>	<u>341,437</u>
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u>	<u>19,941</u>	<u>19,941</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 772,469</u>	<u>\$ 2,142,146</u>	<u>\$ 2,914,615</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ (140,828)</u>	<u>\$ (2,142,146)</u>	<u>\$ (2,282,974)</u>
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	<u>\$ 16,768</u>	<u>\$ 1,495,318</u>	<u>\$ 1,512,086</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>\$ 16,768</u>	<u>\$ 1,495,318</u>	<u>\$ 1,512,086</u>
Changes in fund balances	<u>\$ (124,060)</u>	<u>\$ (646,828)</u>	<u>\$ (770,888)</u>
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>\$ 124,060</u>	<u>\$ 1,866,716</u>	<u>\$ 1,990,776</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,888</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,888</u>

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	
Revenues:				
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 1,185	\$ (1,515)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	_____ -	_____ -	630,456	630,456
Total revenues	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 631,641	\$ 628,941
Expenditures:				
General government administration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	-	-	-	-
Community development	172	172	772,469	(772,297)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	\$ 172	\$ 172	\$ 772,469	\$ (772,297)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 2,528	\$ 2,528	\$ (140,828)	\$ (143,356)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	_____ -	_____ -	16,768	16,768
Changes in fund balances	\$ 2,528	\$ 2,528	\$ (124,060)	\$ (126,588)
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>(2,528)</u>	<u>(2,528)</u>	<u>124,060</u>	<u>126,588</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Exhibit 30

		Capital Projects Fund			
		Capital Reserve Fund			
Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ 179,907	\$ 857,321	\$ 923,137	\$ (65,816)		
629,115	629,115	387,073	242,042		
340,916	340,916	456,558	(115,642)		
34,000	34,000	14,000	20,000		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
341,437	341,437	341,437	\$ -		
19,943	19,943	19,941	2		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ 1,545,318	\$ 2,222,732	\$ 2,142,146	\$ 80,586		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ (1,545,318)	\$ (2,222,732)	\$ (2,142,146)	\$ 80,586		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
1,545,318	1,545,318	1,495,318	(50,000)		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ -	\$ (677,414)	\$ (646,828)	\$ 30,586		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ -	\$ 677,414	\$ 1,866,716	\$ 1,189,302		
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,219,888	\$ 1,219,888		
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Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -
 Custodial Funds
 At June 30, 2024

Insurance Trust Fund	Inmate Trust Fund	Police Academy Fund	Blue Ridge Regional Library Fund	Dan River ASAP Fund	Total
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ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 269,091	\$ 25,468	\$ 417,344	\$ 300,253	\$ 67,879	\$ 1,080,035
Total assets	\$ 269,091	\$ 25,468	\$ 417,344	\$ 300,253	\$ 67,879	\$ 1,080,035

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ 35,103	\$ 49,027	\$ 2,955	\$ 87,085
Total liabilities	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ 35,103	\$ 49,027	\$ 2,955	\$ 87,085

NET POSITION

Restricted for:							
Retiree benefits	\$ 269,091	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 269,091
Inmates	-	25,468	-	-	-	-	25,468
Piedmont Regional Criminal Justice Training Academy	-	-	382,241	-	-	-	382,241
Blue Ridge Regional Library	-	-	-	251,226	-	-	251,226
Dan River ASAP	-	-	-	-	64,924	-	64,924
Total net position	\$ 269,091	\$ 25,468	\$ 382,241	\$ 251,226	\$ 64,924	\$ 992,950	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 269,091	\$ 25,468	\$ 417,344	\$ 300,253	\$ 67,879	\$ 1,080,035	

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE VIRGINIA

Custodial Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Insurance Trust Fund	Inmate Trust Fund	Police Academy Fund
ADDITIONS			
Retiree and City contributions	\$ 5,583,614	\$ -	\$ -
Interest income	324	-	-
Collections for inmates	-	283,030	-
Collections for Piedmont Regional Criminal Justice Tranining Academy	-	-	624,456
Collections for Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority	-	-	-
Collections for Blue Ridge Regional Library	-	-	-
Collections for Dan River ASAP	-	-	-
 Total additions	 \$ 5,583,938	 \$ 283,030	 \$ 624,456
DEDUCTIONS			
Retiree benefits	\$ 5,898,889	\$ -	\$ -
Disbursements for inmates	-	276,846	-
Disbursements for Piedmont Regional Criminal Justice Tranining Academy	-	-	626,778
Disbursements for Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority	-	-	-
Disbursements for Blue Ridge Regional Library	-	-	-
Disbursements for Dan River ASAP	-	-	-
 Total deductions	 \$ 5,898,889	 \$ 276,846	 \$ 626,778
 Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	 \$ (314,951)	 \$ 6,184	 \$ (2,322)
 Net position, beginning of year	 \$ 584,042	 \$ 19,284	 \$ 384,563
 Net position, end of year	 \$ 269,091	 \$ 25,468	 \$ 382,241

Exhibit 32

Southern Virginia Recreation Facility Authority Fund	Blue Ridge Regional Library Fund	Dan River ASAP Fund	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,583,614	
-	4,285	638	5,247
-	-	-	283,030
-	-	-	624,456
172,967	-	-	172,967
-	1,988,811	-	1,988,811
-	-	226,531	226,531
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ 172,967	\$ 1,993,096	\$ 227,169	\$ 8,884,656
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,898,889	
-	-	-	276,846
-	-	-	626,778
196,523	-	-	196,523
-	1,980,460	-	1,980,460
-	-	199,084	199,084
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ 196,523	\$ 1,980,460	\$ 199,084	\$ 9,178,580
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ (23,556)	\$ 12,636	\$ 28,085	(293,924)
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ 23,556	\$ 238,590	\$ 36,839	\$ 1,286,874
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
\$ -	\$ 251,226	\$ 64,924	\$ 992,950
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Combining Balance Sheet

Discretely Presented Component Unit -- School Board

At June 30, 2024

	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	School Grants Fund	School Activity Fund	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 669,824	\$ 1,977,350	\$ 403,651	\$ 197,254	\$ 3,248,079
Accounts receivable	2,279	-	-	-	2,279
Due from other governments	1,206,538	47,464	1,064,816	-	2,318,818
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,878,641</u>	<u>\$ 2,024,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,468,467</u>	<u>\$ 197,254</u>	<u>\$ 5,569,176</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 728,138	\$ 51,251	\$ 65,413	-	\$ 844,802
Accrued liabilities	1,150,503	42,660	92,829	-	1,285,992
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 1,878,641</u>	<u>\$ 93,911</u>	<u>\$ 158,242</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 2,130,794</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Committed:					
School food program	\$ -	\$ 1,930,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,930,903
Education	-	-	1,310,225	197,254	1,507,479
Total fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,930,903</u>	<u>\$ 1,310,225</u>	<u>\$ 197,254</u>	<u>\$ 3,438,382</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,878,641</u>	<u>\$ 2,024,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,468,467</u>	<u>\$ 197,254</u>	<u>\$ 5,569,176</u>

Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to government-wide Statement of Net Position:

Total Fund balances, above \$ 3,438,382

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 15,265,612

Items related to the measurement of the net pension, group life insurance OPEB, and health insurance OPEB liabilities are considered deferred outflows and will be amortized and recognized as expenses in future periods.

Deferred outflows related to:

Pension items	\$ 4,095,574
OPEB items	<u>402,645</u>
	4,498,219

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. All liabilities--both current and long-term--are reported in the statement of net position.

Details supporting this adjustment are as follows:

Net pension liability	(14,379,111)
Net OPEB liability - group life insurance	(666,578)
Net OPEB liability - health insurance credit	(1,544,627)
Total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability	(241,000)

Items related to the measurement of the net pension, group life insurance OPEB, and health insurance OPEB liabilities are considered deferred inflows and will be amortized and recognized as expenses in future periods.

Deferred inflows related to:

Pension items	\$ (2,192,393)
OPEB items	<u>(459,441)</u>
	(2,651,834)

Net position of General Government Activities \$ 3,719,063

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
 Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	School Grants Fund	School Activity Fund	Total
Revenues:					
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 10,717	\$ 37,653	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,370
Charges for services	-	158,837	-	-	158,837
Miscellaneous	65,678	-	-	369,155	434,833
Recovered costs	438,931	-	-	-	438,931
Intergovernmental:					
Local government	4,892,265	-	-	-	4,892,265
Commonwealth	19,714,781	41,775	1,259,922	-	21,016,478
Federal	4,099,019	1,883,972	2,937,825	-	8,920,816
Total revenues	\$ 29,221,391	\$ 2,122,237	\$ 4,197,747	\$ 369,155	\$ 35,910,530
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Education	\$ 29,238,638	\$ 2,404,396	\$ 2,710,144	\$ 381,200	\$ 34,734,378
Total expenditures	\$ 29,238,638	\$ 2,404,396	\$ 2,710,144	\$ 381,200	\$ 34,734,378
Other financing sources (uses):					
Insurance recoveries	\$ 17,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,247
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 17,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,247
Changes in fund balances					
	\$ -	\$ (282,159)	\$ 1,487,603	\$ (12,045)	\$ 1,193,399
Fund balances at beginning of year		- 2,213,062	(177,378)	209,299	2,244,983
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,930,903	\$ 1,310,225	\$ 197,254	\$ 3,438,382

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
 and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 1,193,399

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period computed as follows:

Capital outlays	\$ 1,219,185
Depreciation expense	<u>(751,543)</u> 467,642

Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to Component Unit School Board 782,870

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this item consist of the following:

Change in deferred inflows related to:

Pension items	\$ 1,404,645
OPEB items	<u>126,816</u> 1,531,461

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Change in deferred outflows related to:

Pension items	\$ 752,523
OPEB items	(2,654)
Change in net pension liability	(457,423)
Change in net OPEB liability - group life insurance	21,804
Change in net OPEB liability - health insurance credit	158,691
Change in total Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability	<u>33,000</u> 505,941

Changes in net position of governmental activities \$ 4,481,313

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --
 Budget and Actual -- Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	School Operating Fund				School Cafeteria Fund				Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original Budget	Budget		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Budget		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
		As Amended	Actual			As Amended	Actual			
Revenues:										
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,717	\$ 10,717	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 37,653	\$ (12,347)		
Charges for services					195,000	195,000	158,837	(36,163)		
Miscellaneous	-	55,000	65,678	10,678	-	-	-	-		
Recovered costs	285,000	285,000	438,931	153,931	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental:										
Local government	5,542,637	5,542,637	4,892,265	(650,372)	-	-	-	-		
Commonwealth	19,365,404	19,717,536	19,714,781	(2,755)	40,641	40,641	41,775	1,134		
Federal	37,300	5,621,987	4,099,019	(1,522,968)	1,415,000	1,415,000	1,883,972	468,972		
Total revenues	\$ 25,230,341	\$ 31,222,160	\$ 29,221,391	\$ (2,000,769)	\$ 1,700,641	\$ 1,700,641	\$ 2,122,237	\$ 421,596		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Education	\$ 25,230,341	\$ 31,693,606	\$ 29,238,638	\$ 2,454,968	\$ 2,069,368	\$ 2,069,368	\$ 2,404,396	\$ (335,028)		
Total expenditures	\$ 25,230,341	\$ 31,693,606	\$ 29,238,638	\$ 2,454,968	\$ 2,069,368	\$ 2,069,368	\$ 2,404,396	\$ (335,028)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures										
	\$ -	\$ (471,446)	\$ (17,247)	\$ 454,199	\$ (368,727)	\$ (368,727)	\$ (282,159)	\$ 86,568		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Insurance recoveries	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,247	\$ 17,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,247	\$ 17,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Changes in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (471,446)	\$ -	\$ 471,446	\$ (368,727)	\$ (368,727)	\$ (282,159)	\$ 86,568		
Fund balances at beginning of year	\$ -	471,446	\$ -	(471,446)	368,727	368,727	2,213,062	1,844,335		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,930,903	\$ 1,930,903		

School Grants Fund				School Activity Fund			
Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget
			Positive (Negative)				Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	369,155	369,155
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,259,922	1,259,922	-	-	-	-	-
-	2,484,388	2,937,825	453,437	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ 3,744,310	\$ 4,197,747	\$ 453,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,155	\$ 369,155
\$ -	\$ 3,766,750	\$ 2,710,144	\$ 1,056,606	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 381,200	\$ (381,200)
\$ -	\$ 3,766,750	\$ 2,710,144	\$ 1,056,606	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 381,200	\$ (381,200)
\$ -	\$ (22,440)	\$ 1,487,603	\$ 1,510,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (12,045)	\$ (12,045)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ -	\$ (22,440)	\$ 1,487,603	\$ 1,510,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (12,045)	\$ (12,045)
\$ -	22,440	(177,378)	(199,818)	-	-	209,299	209,299
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,310,225	\$ 1,310,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 197,254	\$ 197,254

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Supporting Schedules

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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule 1
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Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$ 7,645,000	\$ 7,645,000	\$ 7,758,041	\$ 113,041			
Personal property taxes	1,388,900	1,388,900	1,680,511	291,611			
Business equipment	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,065,158	65,158			
Machinery and tools taxes	135,000	135,000	152,980	17,980			
Penalties	135,000	135,000	180,511	45,511			
Interest and costs	150,000	150,000	195,642	45,642			
Total general property taxes	\$ 10,453,900	\$ 10,453,900	\$ 11,032,843	\$ 578,943			
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 2,601,500	\$ 2,601,500	\$ 2,714,108	\$ 112,608			
Consumers' utility taxes	576,800	576,800	642,213	65,413			
Business license tax	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,222,227	122,227			
Franchise license taxes	20,000	20,000	20,000	-			
Motor vehicle licenses	340,000	340,000	330,978	(9,022)			
Bank franchise tax	440,000	440,000	546,030	106,030			
Taxes on recordation and wills	70,000	70,000	181,758	111,758			
Grantor tax	32,000	32,000	28,129	(3,871)			
Cigarette tax	155,000	155,000	159,242	4,242			
Rental tax	50	50	14	(36)			
E911 tax	-	-	4,809	4,809			
Transient room tax	40,000	40,000	93,624	53,624			
Total other local taxes	\$ 6,375,350	\$ 6,375,350	\$ 6,943,132	\$ 567,782			
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,065	\$ (435)			
Other permits and licenses	69,200	69,200	85,583	16,383			
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$ 72,700	\$ 72,700	\$ 88,648	\$ 15,948			
Fines and Forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 80,000	\$ 81,298	\$ 76,980	\$ (4,318)			
Other fines and forfeitures	7,500	19,526	7,045	(12,481)			
Total fines and forfeitures	\$ 87,500	\$ 100,824	\$ 84,025	\$ (16,799)			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)				
General Fund: (Continued)				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 500,020	\$ 500,020	\$ 410,246	\$ (89,774)
Revenue from use of property	<u>865,007</u>	<u>865,007</u>	<u>569,365</u>	<u>(295,642)</u>
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 1,365,027	\$ 1,365,027	\$ 979,611	\$ (385,416)
Charges for services:				
Sheriff fees	\$ 3,624	\$ 3,624	\$ 3,625	\$ 1
Courthouse maintenance fees	6,000	6,000	5,161	(839)
Court appointed attorney fees	6,000	6,000	2,599	(3,401)
Court house security fees	22,000	22,000	26,030	4,030
Ambulance Fees	782,400	782,400	499,006	(283,394)
Document reproduction fee	1,700	1,700	1,664	(36)
Remote access fee	15,000	15,000	1,803	(13,197)
Commonwealth attorney fees	4,000	4,000	4,039	39
Other public safety fees	7,200	7,200	4,544	(2,656)
Prison farm labor / street maintenance	24,000	24,000	24,000	-
Telecom services	1,587,383	1,587,383	1,550,896	(36,487)
Other charges for services	<u>28,300</u>	<u>28,300</u>	<u>102,346</u>	<u>74,046</u>
Total charges for services	\$ 2,487,607	\$ 2,487,607	\$ 2,225,713	\$ (261,894)
Miscellaneous:				
Payment in lieu of tax	\$ 512,017	\$ 512,017	\$ 512,017	\$ -
Opioid settlement and related grants	-	-	243,410	243,410
Other miscellaneous revenue	<u>42,500</u>	<u>78,590</u>	<u>207,853</u>	<u>129,263</u>
Total miscellaneous	\$ 554,517	\$ 590,607	\$ 963,280	\$ 372,673
Recovered costs:				
WW Moore	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 92,123	\$ 42,123
SSI / LIDS	6,500	6,500	5,800	(700)
Circuit court and J&DR court	2,100	2,100	6,803	4,703
Meals tax administration	75,259	75,259	75,259	-
Street maintenance overhead	440,000	440,000	-	(440,000)
Demolition	5,000	5,000	10,722	5,722
Advance / recovered cost	150,000	150,000	366,985	216,985
Health department	5,000	5,000	6,529	1,529
Juror and witness	3,500	3,500	21,910	18,410
Sheriff	-	-	17,862	17,862
Medical co-pay reimbursement	6,000	6,000	2,811	(3,189)
Treasurer	20,000	20,000	31,487	11,487
Project lifesaver	1,000	1,000	104	(896)

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule 1
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Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)				
General Fund: (Continued)				
Recovered costs: (Continued)				
Traffic reimbursement	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 1,223	\$ 723
Telecom recovered costs	60,000	60,000	231,354	171,354
Collection expense	78,614	78,614	78,614	-
Billing expense	376,618	376,618	376,618	-
Safety expense	41,614	41,614	41,614	-
Communication	10,824	10,824	10,824	-
Public safety	10,000	10,000	12,608	2,608
Inmate fees	55,000	55,000	53,375	(1,625)
Crisis intervention team	30,000	30,000	36,787	6,787
Central garage	111,318	111,318	111,318	-
Other central services	804,786	804,786	804,786	-
Social services	23,525	23,525	23,526	1
Program income	1,000	1,000	1,200	200
Senior citizens - transportation	1,000	1,000	1,445	445
Fiscal agent fees - regional library	3,600	3,600	3,600	-
Total recovered costs	\$ 2,372,758	\$ 2,372,758	\$ 2,427,287	\$ 54,529
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 23,769,359	\$ 23,818,773	\$ 24,744,539	\$ 925,766
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Rolling stock tax	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,686	\$ 686
PPTRA	626,428	626,428	626,428	-
Communications tax	625,000	625,000	598,633	(26,367)
Auto rental tax	8,000	8,000	47,562	39,562
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,267,428	\$ 1,267,428	\$ 1,281,309	\$ 13,881
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 602,142	\$ 602,142	\$ 613,548	\$ 11,406
Sheriff	2,542,770	2,542,770	2,600,238	57,468
Commissioner of the Revenue	144,442	144,442	155,508	11,066
Treasurer	124,972	124,972	136,026	11,054
Registrar/electoral board	71,000	71,000	80,813	9,813
Clerk of the circuit court	371,424	371,424	373,645	2,221
Total shared expenses	\$ 3,856,750	\$ 3,856,750	\$ 3,959,778	\$ 103,028

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA
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Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)				
General Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)				
Other categorical aid:				
Senior citizens	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,592	\$ 8,592
Confiscated assets	-	151,256	4,124	(147,132)
Victim witness	33,888	33,888	32,141	(1,747)
House Bill # 599 - police	1,072,231	1,072,231	1,082,302	10,071
EMS four for life	10,000	43,523	38,943	(4,580)
Fire grant	55,940	101,744	60,716	(41,028)
Street maintenance	4,442,599	4,748,767	4,495,402	(253,365)
Jail per diem	250,000	250,000	214,577	(35,423)
Children's services	575,000	575,000	921,203	346,203
Other categorical aid	-	-	188,184	188,184
Total other categorical aid	\$ 6,439,658	\$ 6,976,409	\$ 7,046,184	\$ 69,775
Total categorical aid	\$ 10,296,408	\$ 10,833,159	\$ 11,005,962	\$ 172,803
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 11,563,836	\$ 12,100,587	\$ 12,287,271	\$ 186,684
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Victim witness	\$ 79,071	\$ 79,071	\$ 67,492	\$ (11,579)
Confiscated assets	-	314,900	-	(314,900)
DMV grant - police	9,000	9,000	11,884	2,884
Senior citizens	20,000	20,000	34,074	14,074
Viper overtime grant	3,000	3,000	5,770	2,770
Bulletproof vest grant	-	-	15,848	15,848
Brownfields grant	-	-	569,332	569,332
FEMA	7,500	7,500	7,500	-
Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds	-	5,150,190	3,989,697	(1,160,493)
Other categorical aid	10,000	10,000	299,352	289,352
Total categorical aid	\$ 128,571	\$ 5,593,661	\$ 5,000,949	\$ (592,712)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 128,571	\$ 5,593,661	\$ 5,000,949	\$ (592,712)
Total General Fund	\$ 35,461,766	\$ 41,513,021	\$ 42,032,759	\$ 519,738
Special Revenue Funds:				
City Grants Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ -	\$ (200)
Revenue from use of property	2,500	2,500	1,185	(1,315)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 1,185	\$ (1,515)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 1,185	\$ (1,515)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Community development block grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 630,456	\$ 630,456
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 630,456	\$ 630,456
Total City Grants Fund	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 631,641	\$ 628,941

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government: (Continued)							
Capital Projects Funds:							
Capital Reserve Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Miscellaneous	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -			
Total revenue from local sources	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -			
Total Capital Reserve Fund	<u>\$ _____ -</u>	<u>\$ _____ -</u>	<u>\$ _____ -</u>	<u>\$ _____ -</u>			
Meals Tax Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Other local taxes:							
Meals taxes	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 3,005,116	\$ 305,116			
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 3,005,116	\$ 305,116			
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Federal Government							
Categorical aid:							
QSCB tax credit	\$ 372,721	\$ 372,721	\$ 373,820	\$ 1,099			
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 372,721	\$ 372,721	\$ 373,820	\$ 1,099			
Total Meals Tax Fund	<u>\$ 3,072,721</u>	<u>\$ 3,072,721</u>	<u>\$ 3,378,936</u>	<u>\$ 306,215</u>			
Total Capital Projects Funds	<u>\$ 3,072,721</u>	<u>\$ 3,072,721</u>	<u>\$ 3,378,936</u>	<u>\$ 306,215</u>			
Total Revenues -- Primary Government	<u>\$ 38,537,187</u>	<u>\$ 44,588,442</u>	<u>\$ 46,043,336</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,894</u>			
Component Unit-School Board:							
Governmental Funds:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of property	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ 10,717	\$ 10,717			
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ _____ -	\$ 55,000	\$ 65,678	\$ 10,678			
Recovered costs:							
Recovered costs	\$ 285,000	\$ 285,000	\$ 438,931	\$ 153,931			
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 285,000	\$ 340,000	\$ 515,326	\$ 175,326			
Intergovernmental:							
Revenues from local governments:							
Contribution from City of Martinsville, Virginia	\$ 5,542,637	\$ 5,542,637	\$ 4,892,265	\$ (650,372)			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Component Unit-School Board: (Continued)							
Governmental Funds: (Continued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$ 2,804,438	\$ 2,804,438	\$ 2,658,574	\$ (145,864)			
Basic school aid	6,347,956	6,347,956	6,771,945	423,989			
Share of fringe benefits - FICA	421,894	421,894	419,785	(2,109)			
Share of fringe benefits - VRS	984,420	984,420	979,498	(4,922)			
English as a second language	183,455	183,455	143,213	(40,242)			
Group life insurance benefits	30,229	30,229	30,078	(151)			
Regional tuition special education	281,699	281,699	441,001	159,302			
Early reading intervention	130,775	130,775	161,950	31,175			
Vocational SOQ payments	69,659	69,659	69,310	(349)			
Special education - basic	549,383	549,383	567,829	18,446			
At risk students	2,111,949	2,111,949	1,110,243	(1,001,706)			
Homebound education	-	-	2,959	2,959			
Remedial education	140,795	140,795	172,133	31,338			
Remediation SOQ payments	520,468	520,468	517,866	(2,602)			
Reduced K-3	629,062	629,062	633,634	4,572			
Preschool initiative	611,075	611,075	671,077	60,002			
Textbooks	173,989	173,989	173,119	(870)			
Technology	154,000	154,000	-	(154,000)			
Other state funds	3,220,158	3,572,290	4,190,567	618,277			
Total categorical aid	\$ 19,365,404	\$ 19,717,536	\$ 19,714,781	\$ (2,755)			
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 19,365,404	\$ 19,717,536	\$ 19,714,781	\$ (2,755)			
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Education stabilization fund	\$ -	\$ 5,573,258	\$ 4,028,162	\$ (1,545,096)			
Other federal categorical aid	37,300	48,729	70,857	22,128			
Total categorical aid	\$ 37,300	\$ 5,621,987	\$ 4,099,019	\$ (1,522,968)			
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 37,300	\$ 5,621,987	\$ 4,099,019	\$ (1,522,968)			
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 25,230,341	\$ 31,222,160	\$ 29,221,391	\$ (2,000,769)			

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule 1
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Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit-School Board: (Continued)				
Governmental Funds: (Continued)				
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 37,653	\$ (12,347)
Charges for services:				
Cafeteria sales	\$ 195,000	\$ 195,000	\$ 158,837	\$ (36,163)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
School food	\$ 40,641	\$ 40,641	\$ 41,775	\$ 1,134
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
School food	\$ 1,415,000	\$ 1,415,000	\$ 1,883,972	\$ 468,972
Total School Cafeteria Fund	<u>\$ 1,700,641</u>	<u>\$ 1,700,641</u>	<u>\$ 2,122,237</u>	<u>\$ 421,596</u>
School Grants Fund:				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
All In VA Initiative	\$ -	\$ 1,259,922	\$ 1,259,922	\$ -
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	\$ -	\$ 1,249,632	\$ 1,779,585	\$ 529,953
Title II - teacher quality	\$ -	\$ 160,920	\$ 167,126	\$ 6,206
Title III - language acquisition grant	\$ -	\$ 15,925	\$ 12,012	\$ (3,913)
Title IV - student support and academic enrichment	\$ -	\$ 311,951	\$ 261,921	\$ (50,030)
Title VI - rural education	\$ -	\$ 56,368	\$ 58,949	\$ 2,581
Special education - flow through	\$ -	\$ 598,800	\$ 570,967	\$ (27,833)
Special education - preschool	\$ -	\$ 8,064	\$ 5,094	\$ (2,970)
Perkins vocational education	\$ -	\$ 82,728	\$ 82,171	\$ (557)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ 2,484,388	\$ 2,937,825	\$ 453,437
Total School Grants Fund	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,744,310</u>	<u>\$ 4,197,747</u>	<u>\$ 453,437</u>
School Activity Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,155	\$ 369,155
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,155	\$ 369,155
Total School Activity Fund	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 369,155</u>	<u>\$ 369,155</u>
Total Revenues--Component Unit - School Board	<u>\$ 26,930,982</u>	<u>\$ 36,667,111</u>	<u>\$ 35,910,530</u>	<u>\$ (756,581)</u>

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget			
				Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
General Government Administration:							
Legislative:							
City council	\$ 62,559	\$ 62,559	\$ 70,661	\$ (8,102)			
General and Financial Administration:							
Clerk of council	\$ 5,367	\$ 5,367	\$ 7,295	\$ (1,928)			
City attorney	97,600	97,600	417,096	\$ (319,496)			
City manager's office	288,368	288,368	428,933	\$ (140,565)			
Assistant city manager	124,739	124,739	24	124,715			
Human resources	265,990	265,990	280,639	\$ (14,649)			
Employment services	378,833	378,833	339,090	39,743			
Communications	123,014	123,014	137,732	\$ (14,718)			
Commissioner of the Revenue	591,085	591,085	546,859	44,226			
Assessor	1,535	1,535	1,120	415			
Treasurer	441,224	441,224	431,887	9,337			
Finance director	294,527	294,527	297,597	\$ (3,070)			
Accounting	212,035	212,035	195,969	16,066			
Utility billing	440,387	440,387	422,413	17,974			
Information services	554,408	554,408	635,196	\$ (80,788)			
Central garage	557,751	557,751	520,200	37,551			
Purchasing	211,877	211,877	209,140	2,737			
Risk management	330,690	330,690	13,242	317,448			
ARPA expenditures	-	1,097,800	527,390	570,410			
General expenses	109,973	109,973	294,686	\$ (184,713)			
Total general and financial administration	\$ 5,029,403	\$ 6,127,203	\$ 5,706,508	\$ 420,695			
Board of Elections:							
Electoral board and officials	\$ 28,216	\$ 28,216	\$ 42,222	\$ (14,006)			
Registrar	244,378	244,378	266,191	\$ (21,813)			
Total board of elections	\$ 272,594	\$ 272,594	\$ 308,413	\$ (35,819)			
Total general government administration	\$ 5,364,556	\$ 6,462,356	\$ 6,085,582	\$ 376,774			
Judicial Administration:							
Courts:							
Circuit court	\$ 184,587	\$ 184,587	\$ 189,083	\$ (4,496)			
General district court	35,162	35,162	6,866	28,296			
Juvenile and domestic relations court	4,655	4,655	2,683	1,972			
Clerk of the circuit court	553,145	553,145	535,407	17,738			
Sheriff - courts	1,419,325	1,425,415	1,358,868	66,547			
Total Courts	\$ 2,196,874	\$ 2,202,964	\$ 2,092,907	\$ 110,057			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Commonwealth Attorney:							
Commonwealth attorney	\$ 944,859	\$ 955,089	\$ 799,113	\$ 155,976			
Victim witness program	125,368	125,368	116,309	9,059			
Total Commonwealth attorney	\$ 1,070,227	\$ 1,080,457	\$ 915,422	\$ 165,035			
Total judicial administration	\$ 3,267,101	\$ 3,283,421	\$ 3,008,329	\$ 275,092			
Public Safety:							
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:							
Police department	\$ 4,880,535	\$ 5,506,166	\$ 5,072,409	\$ 433,757			
Transportation safety commission	1,500	1,500	1,484	16			
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 4,882,035	\$ 5,507,666	\$ 5,073,893	\$ 433,773			
Fire and Rescue Services:							
Fire services	\$ 2,769,249	\$ 2,815,053	\$ 2,658,983	\$ 156,070			
Emergency medical services	446,917	480,440	442,352	38,088			
Total fire and rescue services	\$ 3,216,166	\$ 3,295,493	\$ 3,101,335	\$ 194,158			
Correction and Detention:							
Sheriff -corrections	\$ 4,191,541	\$ 4,191,541	\$ 4,141,983	\$ 49,558			
Sheriff -jail annex	175,199	175,199	315,548	(140,349)			
Probation office	355,205	355,205	375,953	(20,748)			
Total correction and detention	\$ 4,721,945	\$ 4,721,945	\$ 4,833,484	\$ (111,539)			
Inspections:							
Building and other	\$ 420,609	\$ 420,609	\$ 516,664	\$ (96,055)			
Other Protection:							
Safety	\$ 238,301	\$ 238,301	\$ 272,033	\$ (33,732)			
Total other protection	\$ 238,301	\$ 238,301	\$ 272,033	\$ (33,732)			
Total public safety	\$ 13,479,056	\$ 14,184,014	\$ 13,797,409	\$ 386,605			
Public Works:							
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:							
Director of public works	\$ 132,566	\$ 132,566	\$ 161,190	\$ (28,624)			
Engineering	158,659	158,659	55,822	102,837			
Street maintenance	2,978,485	3,284,653	1,575,574	1,709,079			
Street marking and signs	293,752	293,752	220,755	72,997			
Traffic signals	640,259	640,259	489,646	150,613			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Public Works: (Continued)							
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: (Continued)							
Street cleaning	\$ 501,605	\$ 501,605	\$ 475,413	\$ 26,192			
ARPA expenditures	-	1,857,009	1,190,575	666,434			
Street construction	292,838	292,838	318,508	(25,670)			
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$ 4,998,164	\$ 7,161,341	\$ 4,487,483	\$ 2,673,858			
Maintenance of buildings and grounds:							
Uptown maintenance	\$ 72,250	\$ 72,250	\$ 66,054	\$ 6,196			
City hall maintenance	494,344	494,344	552,269	(57,925)			
Warehouse / garage complex	126,103	126,103	121,087	5,016			
WPBDC building	61,142	61,142	47,447	13,695			
Chief Tassel / Med School / BB&T	47,090	47,090	15,908	31,182			
Total maintenance of buildings and grounds	\$ 800,929	\$ 800,929	\$ 802,765	\$ (1,836)			
Total public works	\$ 5,799,093	\$ 7,962,270	\$ 5,290,248	\$ 2,672,022			
Health and Welfare							
Health:							
Contribution to local health department	\$ 132,907	\$ 132,907	\$ 132,907	\$ -			
Opioid abatement	-	-	9,001	(9,001)			
Total health	\$ 132,907	\$ 132,907	\$ 141,908	\$ (9,001)			
Mental Health and Mental Retardation:							
Chapter X board	\$ 58,125	\$ 58,125	\$ 58,125	\$ -			
Welfare/Social Services:							
Comprehensive services	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 1,331,076	\$ (631,076)			
Regional social services board	598,136	598,136	502,709	95,427			
ARPA expenditures	-	280,000	280,000	\$ -			
Total welfare/social services	\$ 1,298,136	\$ 1,578,136	\$ 2,113,785	\$ (535,649)			
Total health and welfare	\$ 1,489,168	\$ 1,769,168	\$ 2,313,818	\$ (544,650)			
Education:							
Contributions to community colleges	\$ 19,835	\$ 19,835	\$ 19,835	\$ -			
Contributions to School Board Component Unit	5,542,637	5,542,637	4,892,265	650,372			
Total education	\$ 5,562,472	\$ 5,562,472	\$ 4,912,100	\$ 650,372			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget			
				Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural:							
Parks and recreation:							
Parks & Recreation	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -			
Park maintenance	287,838	312,838	370,217	(57,379)			
Hooker field/Mustangs	85,585	85,585	81,982	3,603			
Senior services	160,076	160,076	167,181	(7,105)			
National Guard readiness center	19,500	19,500	2,460	17,040			
ARPA expenditures	-	600,000	-	600,000			
Total parks and recreation	\$ 602,999	\$ 1,227,999	\$ 671,840	\$ 556,159			
Library:							
Regional library	\$ 308,450	\$ 308,450	\$ 308,450	\$ -			
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$ 911,449	\$ 1,536,449	\$ 980,290	\$ 556,159			
Community Development:							
Planning and Community Development:							
Community Development	\$ 317,418	\$ 322,418	\$ 938,616	\$ (616,198)			
Telecom system	1,817,382	1,817,382	1,828,429	(11,047)			
Planning and zoning	6,762	6,762	3,580	3,182			
ARPA expenditures	-	354,000	944,859	(590,859)			
Contributions to local organizations	920,119	920,119	1,141,924	(221,805)			
Total planning and community development	\$ 3,061,681	\$ 3,420,681	\$ 4,857,408	\$ (1,436,727)			
Cooperative Extension Program:							
Horticulture and family resources	\$ 7,756	\$ 7,756	\$ 7,756	\$ -			
Total community development	\$ 3,069,437	\$ 3,428,437	\$ 4,865,164	\$ (1,436,727)			
Nondepartmental:							
Motor vehicle rental tax repayment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,908	\$ (114,908)			
Total nondepartmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,908	\$ (114,908)			
Total General Fund	\$ 38,942,332	\$ 44,188,587	\$ 41,367,848	\$ 2,820,739			
Special Revenue Fund:							
City Grants Fund:							
Community Development:							
Community development block grant	\$ 172	\$ 172	\$ 772,469	\$ (772,297)			
Total City Grants Fund	\$ 172	\$ 172	\$ 772,469	\$ (772,297)			
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$ 172	\$ 172	\$ 772,469	\$ (772,297)			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget			
				Positive (Negative)			
Capital Projects Funds:							
Capital Reserve Fund:							
General Government Administration:							
Computer software - information services	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 54,342	\$ 20,658			
Physical plant expansion - Finance	81,469	81,469	28,425	53,044			
Physical plant expansion - Schools	-	677,414	840,370	(162,956)			
Contingency	23,438	23,438	-	23,438			
Total general government administration	\$ 179,907	\$ 857,321	\$ 923,137	\$ (65,816)			
Public Safety:							
Police department - vehicles	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000	\$ 89,249	\$ 751			
EMS - vehicles	365,940	365,940	149,847	216,093			
Other safety - vehicles	-	-	18,078	(18,078)			
Major tools and equipment - Police	55,373	55,373	-	55,373			
Major tools and equipment - Fire	81,950	81,950	81,297	653			
Major tools and equipment - Sheriff / Jail	29,652	29,652	29,652	-			
Physical plant expansion - Inspections	-	-	12,750	(12,750)			
Physical plant expansion - Fire	6,200	6,200	6,200	-			
Total public safety	\$ 629,115	\$ 629,115	\$ 387,073	\$ 242,042			
Public Works:							
Public works - vehicles	\$ 220,866	\$ 220,866	\$ 359,365	\$ (138,499)			
Major tools and equipment - public works	88,000	88,000	86,285	1,715			
Physical plant expansion - WPBDC building	18,050	18,050	-	18,050			
Physical plant expansion - warehouse complex	14,000	14,000	10,908	3,092			
Total public works	\$ 340,916	\$ 340,916	\$ 456,558	\$ (115,642)			
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural:							
Parks and recreation:							
Senior services - vehicles	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	-	\$ 20,000			
Major tools and equipment - park maintenance	14,000	14,000	14,000	-			
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$ 34,000	\$ 34,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 20,000			
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$ 341,437	\$ 341,437	\$ 341,437	\$ -			
Interest and other debt costs	19,943	19,943	19,941	2			
Total debt service	\$ 361,380	\$ 361,380	\$ 361,378	\$ 2			
Total Capital Reserve Fund	\$ 1,545,318	\$ 2,222,732	\$ 2,142,146	\$ 80,586			

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Primary Government: (Continued)							
Capital Projects Funds: (Continued)							
Meals Tax Fund:							
General Government Administration:							
Meals tax administration	\$ 75,259	\$ 75,259	\$ 75,259	\$ -			
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$ 780,079	\$ 780,079	\$ 780,079	\$ -			
Interest and other debt costs	422,065	422,065	422,009	56			
Total debt service	\$ 1,202,144	\$ 1,202,144	\$ 1,202,088	\$ 56			
Total Meals Tax Fund	\$ 1,277,403	\$ 1,277,403	\$ 1,277,347	\$ 56			
Total Capital Projects Funds	\$ 2,822,721	\$ 3,500,135	\$ 3,419,493	\$ 80,642			
Total Expenditures - Primary Government	\$ 41,765,225	\$ 47,688,894	\$ 45,559,810	\$ 2,129,084			
Component Unit - School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Education:							
Instruction	\$ 17,628,352	\$ 19,825,616	\$ 17,807,220	\$ 2,018,396			
Administration, attendance and health	1,891,144	4,267,175	3,955,440	311,735			
Pupil transportation	1,117,494	1,117,494	1,315,259	(197,765)			
Operation and maintenance of school plant	3,149,843	4,345,826	4,118,888	226,938			
Technology	1,443,508	2,137,495	2,041,831	95,664			
Total operating costs	\$ 25,230,341	\$ 31,693,606	\$ 29,238,638	\$ 2,454,968			
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 25,230,341	\$ 31,693,606	\$ 29,238,638	\$ 2,454,968			
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Education:							
School food services	\$ 2,069,368	\$ 2,069,368	\$ 2,404,396	\$ (335,028)			
School Grants Fund:							
Education:							
Instruction costs	\$ -	\$ 3,766,750	\$ 2,710,144	\$ 1,056,606			
School Activity Fund:							
Education:							
Instruction costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 381,200	\$ (381,200)			
Total Expenditures - Component Unit - School Board	\$ 27,299,709	\$ 37,529,724	\$ 34,734,378	\$ 2,795,346			

Pledged Revenue Coverage - Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds
 For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Less Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenues Available For Debt Service	Debt Service			Coverage
				Principal	Interest		
2024	\$ 9,272,611	\$ 7,197,806	\$ 2,074,805	\$ 731,225	\$ 11,657		279%
2023	8,535,973	5,832,980	2,702,993	730,742	12,140		364%
2022	8,192,898	5,549,516	2,643,382	682,359	6,250		384%
2021	8,387,678	6,032,903	2,354,775	634,336	-		371%
2020	8,268,755	5,554,602	2,714,153	634,336	-		428%
2019	7,874,781	5,344,145	2,530,636	495,740	-		510%
2018	7,794,909	4,815,388	2,979,521	178,571	-		1669%

(1) Operating revenue and interest from the Water and Sewer Funds.

(2) Net of depreciation expense. Includes interest expense (not an operating expense).

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The City did not have revenue bond obligations prior to fiscal year 2018.

<u>Section</u>	<u>Description / Table Name</u>	<u>Table Number</u>
<u><i>Financial Trends</i></u>		
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.		
Net Position by Component		1
Changes in Net Position		2
Level of Unrestricted Net Position		3
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source--(Accrual Basis of Accounting)		4
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		5
Fund Balance Summary		6
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		7
Level of Unassigned Fund Balance		8
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)		9
Utility Analysis of Unrestricted Net Position		10
<u><i>Revenue Capacity</i></u>		
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.		
Local Sales Tax Growth		11
Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Tax Rates		12
Property Tax Levies and Collections		13
<u><i>Debt Capacity</i></u>		
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue debt in the future.		
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type		14
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita		15
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt		16
Expenditures Per Capita Ratios		17
<u><i>Demographic and Economic Statistics</i></u>		
This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.		
Demographic and Economic Statistics		18
<u><i>Operating Information</i></u>		
This table offers contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relate to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.		
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function--Last Ten Fiscal Years		19
Operating Indicators by Function--Last Ten Fiscal Years		20
Capital Asset Statistics by Function--Last Ten Fiscal Years		21

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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Table 1

Net Position by Component
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,309,912	\$ 10,250,210	\$ 10,624,972	\$ 10,317,087	\$ 10,741,090	\$ 9,567,363	\$ 9,375,841	\$ 9,218,432	\$ 10,651,069	\$ 10,731,433
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	466,366	4,347,708
Unrestricted	(4,717,533)	(5,823,340)	(7,197,367)	(9,652,267)	(9,136,286)	(8,626,444)	(8,510,553)	(8,128,912)	(4,117,312)	(3,738,413)
Total governmental activities										
net position	<u>\$ 3,592,379</u>	<u>\$ 4,426,870</u>	<u>\$ 3,427,605</u>	<u>\$ 664,820</u>	<u>\$ 1,604,804</u>	<u>\$ 940,919</u>	<u>\$ 865,288</u>	<u>\$ 1,089,520</u>	<u>\$ 7,000,123</u>	<u>\$ 11,340,728</u>
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,933,157	\$ 20,792,962	\$ 20,155,003	\$ 21,620,820	\$ 24,696,125	\$ 25,296,901	\$ 26,753,935	\$ 26,842,796	\$ 29,124,441	\$ 33,356,327
Unrestricted	6,106,918	4,335,678	9,186,299	6,855,519	6,529,974	7,979,888	8,228,683	6,170,627	5,996,428	7,673,220
Total business-type activities										
net position	<u>\$ 25,040,075</u>	<u>\$ 25,128,640</u>	<u>\$ 29,341,302</u>	<u>\$ 28,476,339</u>	<u>\$ 31,226,099</u>	<u>\$ 33,276,789</u>	<u>\$ 34,982,618</u>	<u>\$ 33,013,423</u>	<u>\$ 35,120,869</u>	<u>\$ 41,029,547</u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 27,243,069	\$ 31,043,172	\$ 30,779,975	\$ 31,937,907	\$ 35,437,215	\$ 34,864,264	\$ 36,129,776	\$ 36,061,228	\$ 39,775,510	\$ 44,087,760
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	466,366	4,347,708
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,389,385	(1,487,662)	1,988,932	(2,796,748)	(2,606,312)	(646,556)	(281,870)	(1,958,285)	1,879,116	3,934,807
Total primary government	<u>\$ 28,632,454</u>	<u>\$ 29,555,510</u>	<u>\$ 32,768,907</u>	<u>\$ 29,141,159</u>	<u>\$ 32,830,903</u>	<u>\$ 34,217,708</u>	<u>\$ 35,847,906</u>	<u>\$ 34,102,943</u>	<u>\$ 42,120,992</u>	<u>\$ 52,370,275</u>

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 3,800,766	\$ 4,612,205	\$ 3,245,979	\$ 3,201,860	\$ 3,431,098	\$ 4,618,016	\$ 4,682,408	\$ 6,235,576	\$ 4,356,550	\$ 4,828,694
Judicial administration	2,096,773	2,250,373	2,322,293	2,314,974	2,262,276	2,641,457	2,762,578	2,767,408	2,706,080	2,853,488
Public safety	9,176,453	9,837,593	9,805,711	9,902,833	9,801,973	11,826,946	12,944,151	12,894,682	13,073,788	13,555,439
Public works	3,456,455	4,246,016	3,659,946	4,926,615	3,545,037	4,354,892	5,353,609	3,942,681	4,698,354	4,319,615
Health and welfare	674,858	770,780	859,053	960,166	1,114,250	1,227,588	1,469,097	1,625,251	1,795,566	2,195,904
Education	7,794,188	7,091,099	7,401,665	7,305,996	7,296,370	6,282,794	5,381,040	6,220,948	6,020,324	6,661,732
Parks, recreation, and cultural	930,080	941,835	923,286	883,520	855,335	955,956	935,267	990,529	855,227	991,330
Community development	4,958,922	3,373,272	3,381,324	3,231,968	3,073,604	3,282,279	5,332,000	3,478,652	4,208,581	4,806,583
Interest and other fiscal charges	616,888	216,619	184,109	153,162	126,708	133,477	103,981	89,952	75,373	62,094
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 33,505,383	\$ 33,339,792	\$ 31,783,366	\$ 32,881,094	\$ 31,506,651	\$ 35,323,405	\$ 38,964,131	\$ 38,245,679	\$ 37,789,843	\$ 40,274,879
Business-type activities:										
Electric	\$ 15,552,584	\$ 16,266,023	\$ 16,860,239	\$ 18,842,419	\$ 18,277,367	\$ 17,444,975	\$ 17,591,291	\$ 20,597,013	\$ 19,557,213	\$ 20,533,010
Water	1,576,999	1,817,456	1,979,099	1,998,279	2,199,820	2,359,706	2,647,895	2,559,635	2,566,198	3,453,752
Sewer	3,063,555	3,104,212	3,279,987	3,352,971	4,011,522	4,202,694	4,469,997	4,141,061	4,516,026	4,761,252
Refuse collection / landfill	1,454,477	1,586,815	1,765,041	1,792,739	1,956,974	1,959,383	1,883,910	1,997,015	2,005,597	2,047,037
Total business-type activities expenses	\$ 21,647,615	\$ 22,774,506	\$ 23,884,366	\$ 25,986,408	\$ 26,445,683	\$ 25,966,758	\$ 26,593,093	\$ 29,294,724	\$ 28,645,034	\$ 30,795,051
Total primary government expenses	\$ 55,152,998	\$ 56,114,298	\$ 55,667,732	\$ 58,867,502	\$ 57,952,334	\$ 61,290,163	\$ 65,557,224	\$ 67,540,403	\$ 66,434,877	\$ 71,069,930
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	\$ 71,257	\$ 58,315	\$ 54,221	\$ 54,132	\$ 52,714	\$ 25,092	\$ 24,179	\$ 52,987	\$ 55,049	\$ 17,721
Judicial administration	220,001	170,680	199,722	216,855	209,082	139,760	140,128	132,617	148,516	151,854
Public safety	556,608	533,667	557,825	570,985	638,338	773,151	673,967	754,526	850,784	654,063
Public works	367,457	1,239,954	1,327,920	1,483,813	1,572,827	1,656,197	1,558,169	1,629,025	1,636,214	1,574,748
Parks, recreation, and cultural	13,847	10,735	12,162	12,589	3,825	2,241	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions:										
General government administration	230,355	228,325	218,070	230,181	233,651	277,684	505,481	1,400,975	948,759	372,352
Judicial administration	766,853	789,944	793,561	808,053	828,856	841,540	847,081	891,637	894,408	987,193
Public safety	3,192,089	3,366,678	3,600,720	3,446,573	3,415,292	3,497,408	4,780,825	4,140,591	6,295,010	8,434,731
Public works	3,139,103	3,220,499	3,267,296	3,628,653	3,400,619	3,494,529	3,844,187	3,825,406	4,401,127	4,495,402
Health and welfare	107,481	171,032	201,601	241,134	373,462	385,528	639,624	764,404	1,656,429	1,101,156
Parks, recreation, and cultural	27,393	31,257	43,729	34,468	32,786	30,259	63,054	87,932	43,771	42,666
Community development	1,840,583	884,321	474,766	184,155	43,759	125,876	686,735	64,518	2,281,340	634,538
Capital grants and contributions	1,099,371	2,641	199,426	327,400	755,137	1,199,002	2,221,585	179,625	1,694,727	569,332
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 11,632,398	\$ 10,708,048	\$ 10,951,019	\$ 11,238,991	\$ 11,560,348	\$ 12,448,267	\$ 15,985,015	\$ 13,924,243	\$ 20,906,134	\$ 19,035,756

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Table 2
Page 2 of 2

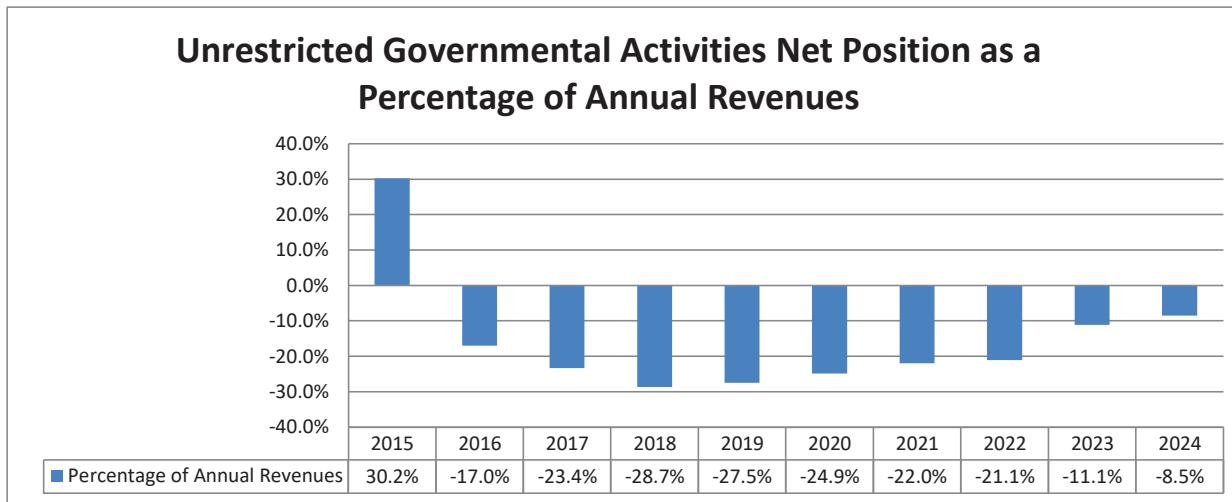
Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Electric	\$ 17,630,862	\$ 17,770,846	\$ 18,680,678	\$ 18,787,334	\$ 19,245,478	\$ 19,251,609	\$ 19,232,456	\$ 19,242,484	\$ 19,678,564	\$ 21,262,767
Water	3,301,837	3,284,234	3,602,775	3,497,724	3,537,366	3,565,780	3,487,960	3,555,725	3,680,789	3,791,718
Sewer	3,929,737	4,226,823	4,255,883	4,269,547	4,314,029	4,675,337	4,675,061	4,362,696	4,601,211	5,248,710
Refuse collection / landfill	2,199,089	2,232,517	2,280,710	2,237,742	2,244,328	2,434,359	1,713,245	1,739,784	1,950,053	1,884,582
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	-	522,011	57,989	-	4,381,297
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$ 27,061,525	\$ 27,514,420	\$ 28,820,046	\$ 28,792,347	\$ 30,341,201	\$ 29,927,085	\$ 29,630,733	\$ 28,958,678	\$ 29,910,617	\$ 36,569,074
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 37,769,573	\$ 38,465,439	\$ 39,771,065	\$ 40,031,338	\$ 41,901,549	\$ 42,375,352	\$ 45,615,748	\$ 42,882,921	\$ 50,816,751	\$ 55,604,830
Net (expense) / revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (22,631,744)	\$ (20,832,347)	\$ (20,832,347)	\$ (21,642,103)	\$ (19,946,303)	\$ (22,875,138)	\$ (22,979,116)	\$ (24,321,436)	\$ (16,883,709)	\$ (21,239,123)
Business-type activities	4,287,019	3,630,054	4,935,680	2,805,939	3,895,518	3,960,327	3,037,640	(336,046)	1,265,583	5,774,023
Total primary government net expense	\$ (18,344,725)	\$ (17,202,293)	\$ (15,896,667)	\$ (18,836,164)	\$ (16,050,785)	\$ (18,914,811)	\$ (19,941,476)	\$ (24,657,482)	\$ (15,618,126)	\$ (15,465,100)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
General property taxes	\$ 8,984,049	\$ 8,949,568	\$ 9,072,495	\$ 8,964,713	\$ 9,728,127	\$ 9,591,164	\$ 9,448,108	\$ 9,681,294	\$ 10,432,820	\$ 11,553,269
Local sales and use taxes	1,921,102	2,033,632	2,046,701	1,968,475	2,039,498	2,075,778	2,346,936	2,765,851	2,495,785	2,714,108
Consumer utility taxes	678,862	654,989	640,608	656,804	606,852	566,901	568,104	585,152	2,231,478	642,213
Business license taxes	1,607,168	1,715,637	1,770,305	1,984,863	1,957,688	1,908,324	1,943,342	2,157,701	2,754,823	2,222,227
Meals tax	1,665,418	1,717,249	1,738,415	1,804,893	1,909,213	1,960,507	2,163,683	2,340,491	575,551	3,005,116
Other local taxes	895,763	884,145	925,346	961,884	1,041,265	929,801	1,071,966	1,170,046	1,121,170	1,364,584
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	1,629,988	1,622,427	1,605,957	1,577,765	1,526,595	1,883,750	1,436,736	1,403,996	1,387,358	1,281,309
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	649,438	958,834	1,024,325	1,225,674	1,326,137	1,195,720	1,198,865	1,207,421	1,170,396	918,251
Miscellaneous	243,521	249,786	258,851	349,751	361,768	551,813	544,762	1,092,028	624,931	1,328,651
Transfers	3,946,547	4,679,968	750,079	2,891,539	1,169,144	1,547,495	2,000,000	2,141,688	-	550,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 22,221,856	\$ 23,466,235	\$ 19,833,082	\$ 22,386,361	\$ 21,666,287	\$ 22,211,253	\$ 22,722,502	\$ 24,545,668	\$ 22,794,312	\$ 25,579,728
Business-type activities:										
Transfers	\$ (3,946,547)	\$ (4,679,968)	\$ (750,079)	\$ (2,891,539)	\$ (1,169,144)	\$ (1,547,495)	\$ (2,000,000)	\$ (2,141,688)	\$ -	\$ (550,000)
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	23,386	28,619	27,061	27,638	23,386	27,638	25,512	25,512	23,386	27,638
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	15,195	-	-	642,677	483,027	818,477	657,017
Loss on asset disposal	-	-	-	-	-	(389,780)	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	\$ (3,923,161)	\$ (4,651,349)	\$ (723,018)	\$ (2,848,706)	\$ (1,145,758)	\$ (1,909,637)	\$ (1,331,811)	\$ (1,633,149)	\$ 841,863	\$ 134,655
Total primary government	\$ 18,298,695	\$ 18,814,886	\$ 19,110,064	\$ 19,537,655	\$ 20,520,529	\$ 20,301,616	\$ 21,390,691	\$ 22,912,519	\$ 23,636,175	\$ 25,714,383
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (409,888)	\$ 2,633,888	\$ (999,265)	\$ 744,258	\$ 1,719,984	\$ (663,885)	\$ (256,614)	\$ 224,232	\$ 5,910,603	\$ 4,340,605
Business-type activities	363,858	(1,021,295)	4,212,662	(42,767)	2,749,760	2,050,690	1,705,829	(1,969,195)	2,107,446	5,908,678
Total primary government	\$ (46,030)	\$ 1,612,593	\$ 3,213,397	\$ 701,491	\$ 4,469,744	\$ 1,386,805	\$ 1,449,215	\$ (1,744,963)	\$ 8,018,049	\$ 10,249,283

Level of Unrestricted Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)



Unrestricted net position represents the resources that are neither invested in capital assets or whose use is constrained to a particular purpose. This net position can be used for any purpose, though it is not necessarily liquid.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA**Table 4**

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	General Property Taxes	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Consumer Utility Taxes	Business License Taxes	Meals Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Total
2024	\$ 11,553,269	\$ 2,714,108	\$ 642,213	\$ 2,222,227	\$ 3,005,116	\$ 1,364,584	\$ 21,501,517
2023	10,432,820	2,495,785	575,551	2,231,478	2,754,823	1,121,170	19,611,627
2022	9,681,294	2,765,851	585,152	2,157,701	2,340,491	1,170,046	18,700,535
2021	9,448,108	2,346,936	568,104	1,943,342	2,163,683	1,071,966	17,542,139
2020	9,591,164	2,075,778	566,901	1,908,324	1,960,507	929,801	17,032,475
2019	9,728,127	2,039,498	606,852	1,957,688	1,909,213	1,041,265	17,282,643
2018	8,964,713	1,968,475	656,804	1,984,863	1,804,893	961,884	16,341,632
2017	9,072,495	2,046,701	640,608	1,770,305	1,738,415	925,346	16,193,870
2016	8,949,568	2,033,632	654,989	1,715,637	1,717,249	884,145	15,955,220
2015	8,984,049	1,921,102	678,862	1,607,168	1,665,418	895,763	15,752,362

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 759,894	\$ 1,123,501	\$ 1,205,350	\$ 1,202,606	\$ 1,198,249
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	2,267,064	1,218,099	1,820,414	851,339	712,456
Assigned	25,000	25,000	-	-	-
Unassigned	<u>4,122,660</u>	<u>4,401,718</u>	<u>3,031,355</u>	<u>4,660,378</u>	<u>4,331,449</u>
Total general fund	\$ <u>7,174,618</u>	\$ <u>6,768,318</u>	\$ <u>6,057,119</u>	\$ <u>6,714,323</u>	\$ <u>6,242,154</u>
All other governmental funds					
Special revenue funds	\$ 53,123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Assigned, reported in:					
Capital projects funds	1,523,314	1,424,363	798,619	1,165,244	534,861
Special revenue funds	-	3,381	109,148	50,595	70,345
Unassigned, reported in:					
Special revenue funds (deficit)	<u>(53,031)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total all other governmental funds	\$ <u>1,523,406</u>	\$ <u>1,427,744</u>	\$ <u>907,767</u>	\$ <u>1,215,839</u>	\$ <u>605,206</u>
Total governmental funds	\$ <u>8,698,024</u>	\$ <u>8,196,062</u>	\$ <u>6,964,886</u>	\$ <u>7,930,162</u>	\$ <u>6,847,360</u>

Table 5

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$	1,293,059	\$ 1,463,423	1,453,499	\$ 1,309,691	\$ 1,337,764
	-	-	-	184,685	3,515,971
729,155		755,367	1,054,965	1,261,156	1,068,291
	-	-	-	-	-
<u>4,938,739</u>	<u>7,574,286</u>	<u>6,286,060</u>	<u>6,924,219</u>	<u>5,255,868</u>	
\$	<u>6,960,953</u>	\$ <u>9,793,076</u>	<u>8,794,524</u>	\$ <u>9,679,751</u>	\$ <u>11,177,894</u>
\$	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
1,501,117		1,406,274	1,944,898	3,525,006	3,184,449
90,671		108,674	100,955	124,060	-
	-	-	-	-	-
\$	<u>1,591,788</u>	\$ <u>1,514,948</u>	<u>2,045,853</u>	\$ <u>3,649,066</u>	\$ <u>3,184,449</u>
\$	<u>8,552,741</u>	\$ <u>11,308,024</u>	<u>10,840,377</u>	\$ <u>13,328,817</u>	\$ <u>14,362,343</u>

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Fund Balance Summary
 Year Ended June 30, 2024
 (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraints;
- Assigned fund balance - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

	General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Meals Tax Fund	Total
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$ 1,337,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,337,764
Restricted for:				
Opioid settlement	439,182	-	-	439,182
State highway maintenance	2,810,182	-	-	2,810,182
Asset forfeiture	266,607	-	-	266,607
Committed to:				
General Gov't Administration	369,409	-	-	369,409
Judicial Administration	9,071	-	-	9,071
Public Safety	682,510	-	-	682,510
Public Works	7,301	-	-	7,301
Assigned to:				
Capital reserve fund	-	1,219,888	-	1,219,888
Meals tax fund	-	-	1,964,561	1,964,561
Unassigned	<u>5,255,868</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,255,868</u>
Total fund balance	\$ 11,177,894	\$ 1,219,888	\$ 1,964,561	\$ 14,362,343

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

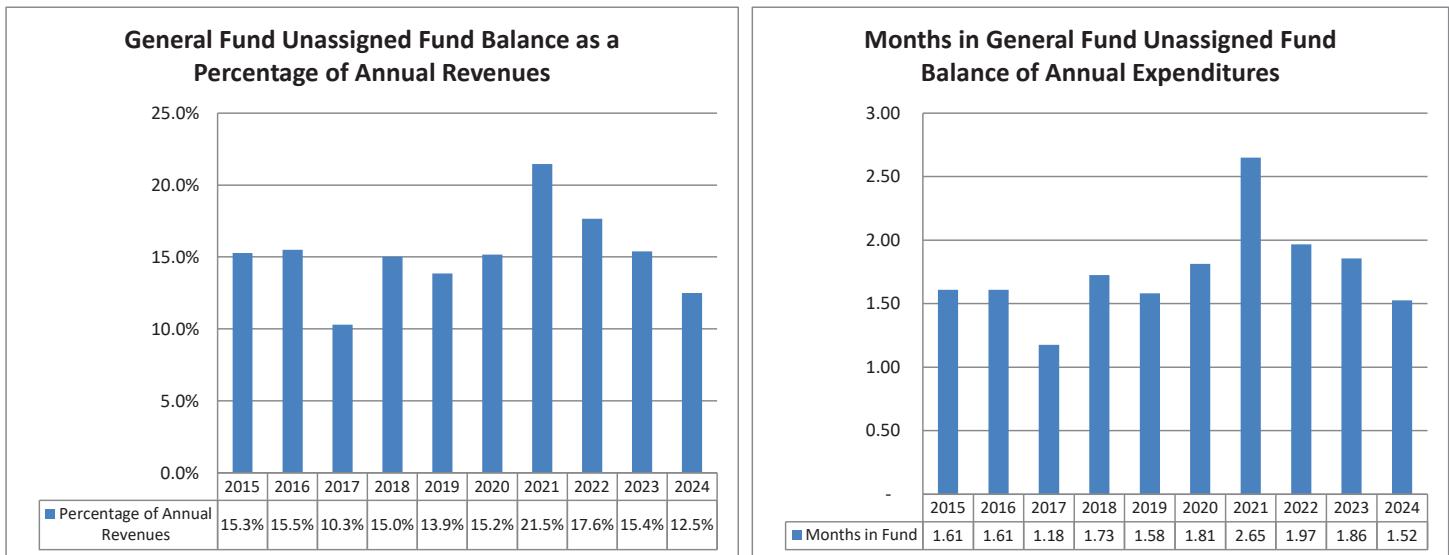
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 9,083,158	\$ 8,745,402	\$ 8,877,122	\$ 9,180,279
Other local taxes	6,768,313	7,005,652	7,121,375	7,376,919
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	94,162	100,068	93,979	56,503
Fines and forfeitures	174,262	109,396	140,171	170,759
Revenue from use of money and property	649,438	958,834	1,144,249	1,225,674
Charges for services	960,746	1,803,887	1,917,701	2,111,112
Miscellaneous	243,521	249,786	258,852	349,751
Recovered costs	1,490,324	1,735,766	2,108,095	2,173,575
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	9,827,014	9,746,076	9,231,666	9,825,527
Federal	2,206,202	939,421	1,541,438	1,022,020
Total revenues	\$ 31,497,140	\$ 31,394,288	\$ 32,434,648	\$ 33,492,119
Expenditures:				
General government administration	\$ 4,633,537	\$ 6,277,216	\$ 4,042,520	\$ 4,019,965
Judicial administration	2,144,310	2,319,579	2,293,175	2,332,335
Public safety	9,712,097	10,320,222	10,131,848	9,992,439
Public works	4,403,469	4,639,584	4,775,364	5,997,499
Health and welfare	725,947	812,079	874,554	993,510
Education	6,587,543	5,957,670	6,267,041	6,170,116
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,185,463	927,402	861,036	837,001
Community development	4,932,864	3,447,169	3,293,876	3,199,403
Nondepartmental	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,243,918	1,271,763	1,305,581	1,338,158
Interest and other fiscal charges	631,509	603,532	570,908	537,956
Total expenditures	\$ 36,200,657	\$ 36,576,216	\$ 34,415,903	\$ 35,418,382
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (4,703,517)	\$ (5,181,928)	\$ (1,981,255)	\$ (1,926,263)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital lease proceeds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	4,440,920	5,191,579	1,845,097	3,479,752
Transfers (out)	(494,373)	(511,611)	(1,095,018)	(588,213)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 3,946,547	\$ 4,679,968	\$ 750,079	\$ 2,891,539
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (756,970)	\$ (501,960)	\$ (1,231,176)	\$ 965,276
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.32%	5.27%	5.61%	5.43%

Table 7

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$	9,136,565	9,335,603	9,762,106	9,941,727	9,862,327	11,032,843
7,554,516	7,441,311	8,094,031	9,019,241	9,178,807	9,948,248	
93,318	109,659	82,265	93,850	65,904	88,648	
139,591	99,924	92,397	86,287	92,088	84,025	
1,332,679	1,206,581	1,198,865	1,207,421	1,170,396	980,796	
2,243,877	2,386,857	2,221,781	2,389,019	2,532,571	2,225,713	
361,768	551,813	544,762	533,807	716,786	963,280	
2,108,652	2,312,618	2,312,178	1,980,275	2,365,961	2,427,287	
10,014,169	10,510,007	11,563,521	10,355,671	12,750,724	12,287,271	
966,733	1,598,952	3,834,510	2,776,133	7,224,926	6,005,225	
\$	<u>33,951,868</u>	<u>35,553,325</u>	<u>39,706,416</u>	<u>38,383,431</u>	<u>45,960,490</u>	<u>46,043,336</u>
\$	4,585,789	5,190,992	5,221,495	7,238,190	6,617,454	7,083,978
2,401,821	2,513,322	2,572,521	2,810,364	2,823,022	3,008,329	
11,170,618	11,375,251	12,261,058	13,116,930	13,602,920	14,184,482	
4,951,335	5,472,305	5,928,325	4,817,861	5,918,156	5,746,806	
1,229,160	1,186,193	1,381,590	1,659,407	1,901,735	2,313,818	
6,164,347	5,157,042	4,109,180	4,959,911	4,256,525	4,912,100	
852,802	855,004	851,159	1,017,070	917,257	994,290	
3,240,807	3,064,544	4,920,270	3,486,559	5,868,989	5,637,633	
-	-	-	-	-	114,908	
1,265,724	1,290,239	1,389,689	1,419,207	1,111,203	1,121,516	
512,608	505,045	496,826	467,267	454,789	441,950	
\$	<u>36,375,011</u>	<u>36,609,937</u>	<u>39,132,113</u>	<u>40,992,766</u>	<u>43,472,050</u>	<u>45,559,810</u>
\$	<u>(2,423,143)</u>	<u>(1,056,612)</u>	<u>574,303</u>	<u>(2,609,335)</u>	<u>2,488,440</u>	<u>483,526</u>
\$	-	1,214,500	-	-	-	-
171,197	-	-	-	-	-	
1,935,368	2,639,171	2,852,648	3,439,242	1,450,799	3,267,086	
(766,224)	(1,091,676)	(852,648)	(1,297,554)	(1,450,799)	(2,717,086)	
\$	<u>1,340,341</u>	<u>2,761,995</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,141,688</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>550,000</u>
\$	<u>(1,082,802)</u>	<u>1,705,383</u>	<u>2,574,303</u>	<u>(467,647)</u>	<u>2,488,440</u>	<u>1,033,526</u>
	<u>5.11%</u>	<u>5.18%</u>	<u>5.03%</u>	<u>4.80%</u>	<u>3.76%</u>	<u>3.43%</u>

Level of Unassigned Fund Balance
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



The level of unassigned fund balance is an indication of the amount of unexpended, unencumbered and available resources the government has at a point in time to carryover into the next fiscal year to fund budgetary emergencies, shortfalls, or other unexpected needs.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Table 9

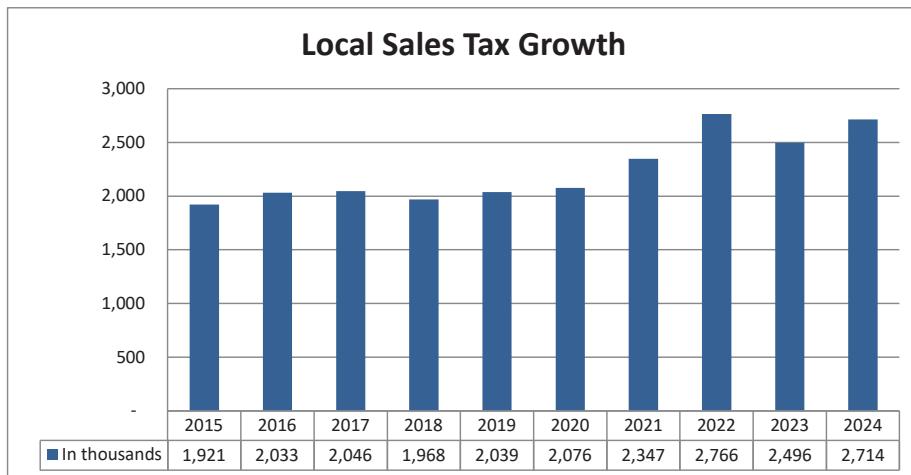
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Local						Other Local Taxes	Total
	General Property Taxes	Sales and Use Taxes	Consumer Utility Taxes	Business License Taxes	Meals Taxes	Communications Taxes		
2024	\$ 11,032,843	\$ 2,714,108	\$ 642,213	\$ 2,222,227	\$ 3,005,116	\$ 598,633	\$ 1,364,584	\$ 21,579,724
2023	9,862,327	2,495,785	575,551	2,231,478	2,754,823	631,884	1,121,170	19,673,018
2022	9,941,727	2,765,851	585,152	2,157,701	2,340,491	648,446	1,170,046	19,609,414
2021	9,762,106	2,346,936	568,104	1,943,342	2,163,683	681,836	1,071,966	18,537,973
2020	9,335,603	2,075,778	566,901	1,908,324	1,960,507	750,186	929,801	17,527,100
2019	9,136,565	2,039,498	606,852	1,957,688	1,909,213	778,932	1,041,265	17,470,013
2018	9,180,279	1,968,475	656,804	1,984,863	1,804,893	833,760	961,884	17,390,958
2017	8,877,122	2,046,701	640,608	1,770,305	1,738,415	859,331	925,346	16,857,828
2016	8,745,402	2,033,632	654,989	1,715,637	1,717,249	880,952	884,145	16,632,006
2015	9,083,158	1,921,102	678,862	1,607,168	1,665,418	911,387	895,763	16,762,858

Utility Analysis of Unrestricted Net Position
At June 30, 2024

	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Collection/ Landfill Fund	Total
Net Position at June 30, 2024	\$ 18,638,728	\$ 10,722,512	\$ 10,612,256	\$ 1,056,051	\$ 41,029,547
Less capital assets	(17,843,622)	(10,578,526)	(24,627,048)	(1,909,120)	(54,958,316)
Add current portion of long-term obligations	348,650	337,737	641,134	47,529	1,375,050
Add noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	4,406,769	4,371,170	14,989,626	3,393,805	27,161,370
Add capital related payables	-	-	881,782	-	881,782
Less compensated absences	(106,498)	(83,631)	(67,989)	(25,286)	(283,404)
Less net pension liability	(1,565,911)	(802,209)	(1,375,520)	(451,377)	(4,195,017)
Less net group life insurance OPEB liability	(41,943)	(28,783)	(51,155)	(15,427)	(137,308)
Less net Pay-as-you-Go OPEB liability	(223,067)	(119,603)	(198,570)	(64,269)	(605,509)
Less landfill closure and post-closure costs	-	-	-	(2,594,975)	(2,594,975)
Unrestricted Net Position at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 3,613,106</u>	<u>\$ 3,818,667</u>	<u>\$ 804,516</u>	<u>\$ (563,069)</u>	<u>\$ 7,673,220</u>

Local Sales Tax Growth
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



Local sales tax growth is a measure of the state of the local economy by comparing revenue collected in the prior year to the current year.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City experienced an increase in sales tax collections of approximately \$218,323 or 9.30%.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year(1)	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Public Service Real Estate	Public Service Pers Prop	Total
2024	\$ 784,860,900	\$ 150,012,855	\$ 9,243,527	\$ 34,200,288	\$ 413,107	\$ 978,730,677
2023	651,746,786	138,411,104	7,986,149	22,212,329	283,985	820,640,353
2022	649,822,186	106,101,631	7,249,876	28,548,649	367,533	792,089,875
2021	639,698,900	119,086,342	6,727,040	25,767,607	388,462	791,668,351
2020	638,496,000	114,103,654	6,678,102	25,997,604	485,196	785,760,556
2019	631,445,800	111,703,797	6,702,953	24,296,670	571,227	774,720,447
2018	630,238,700	108,990,284	6,764,153	21,839,490	585,532	768,418,159
2017	639,432,100	104,500,889	5,684,864	22,387,747	565,832	772,571,432
2016	637,317,000	96,930,746	8,947,408	24,215,061	475,737	767,885,952
2015	640,608,600	93,920,412	9,236,280	23,076,423	294,246	767,135,961

(1) 100% fair market value.

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

Table 12

Tax Rates						
Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Public Service R/E	Public Service P/P		
\$ 0.99000	\$ 2.30	\$ 1.85	\$ 0.99000	\$ 2.30		
1.03975	2.30	1.85	1.03975	2.30		
1.03975	2.30	1.85	1.03975	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		
1.0621	2.30	1.85	1.0621	2.30		

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Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total (1) Tax Levy	Current Tax (1), (3) Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent (1) Tax (2) Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2024	\$ 11,821,283	\$ 9,812,104	83.00%	\$ 1,471,015	\$ 11,283,119	95.45%	\$ 2,946,777	24.93%
2023	10,418,148	8,859,886	85.04%	641,384	9,501,270	91.20%	2,265,020	21.74%
2022	9,695,951	9,053,769	93.38%	567,984	9,621,753	99.23%	1,931,199	19.92%
2021	9,984,210	8,701,968	87.16%	696,297	9,398,265	94.13%	1,888,557	18.92%
2020	9,864,021	8,316,022	84.31%	746,057	9,062,079	91.87%	2,241,958	22.73%
2019	9,713,056	8,301,079	85.46%	602,847	8,903,926	91.67%	2,241,958	23.08%
2018	9,615,111	8,846,029	92.00%	587,029	9,433,058	98.11%	1,274,200	13.25%
2017	9,596,296	8,834,417	92.06%	513,318	9,347,735	97.41%	1,381,163	14.39%
2016	9,465,270	8,763,769	92.59%	392,885	9,156,654	96.74%	1,314,580	13.89%
2015	9,424,583	8,873,795	94.16%	547,335	9,421,130	99.96%	1,084,664	11.51%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) Does not include land redemptions.

(3) Note: Current Tax Collections includes PPTRA funds.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities				Capital Financing Activities
	General Obligation Bonds	State Literary Loans	VPSA Bonds		
2024	\$ 292,400	\$ -	\$ 5,165,567	\$ 254,446	
2023	384,700	-	5,945,646	503,583	
2022	474,500	-	6,723,111	747,521	
2021	561,900	-	7,816,070	986,369	
2020	647,000	375,000	8,517,528	1,214,500	
2019	1,033,800	750,000	9,045,967	-	
2018	1,412,400	1,125,000	9,558,091	-	
2017	1,786,800	1,500,000	10,051,894	94,955	
2016	2,153,100	2,125,000	10,272,721	188,409	
2015	2,509,400	2,750,000	10,471,207	280,386	

Table 14

Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			Net Bonded Debt per Capita
General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Capital Financing Activities					
\$ 290,000	\$ 16,196,208	\$ 4,234,000		\$ 26,432,621	\$		1,586
334,000	16,927,433	4,756,000		28,851,362			1,719
377,000	17,658,175	5,271,000		31,251,307			1,871
418,000	17,366,870	5,775,000		32,924,209			2,084
557,000	16,474,870	6,220,000		34,005,898			2,117
712,000	16,805,680	6,636,000		34,983,447			2,112
863,000	12,810,146	7,044,000		32,812,637			1,885
1,011,000	7,066,376	7,425,000		28,936,025			1,630
1,155,000	3,242,399	7,425,000		26,561,629			1,947
1,444,900	-	-		17,455,893			1,288

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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA**Table 15**

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to
 Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value		Net Bonded Debt per Capita
		(in thousands) (2)		Debt to Assessed Value		
2024	13,834	\$ 978,730,677	\$ 21,944,175	2.24%	\$ 1,586	
2023	13,725	820,640,353	23,591,779	2.87%	1,719	
2022	13,485	792,089,875	25,232,786	3.19%	1,871	
2021	12,554	791,668,351	26,162,840	3.30%	2,084	
2020	12,554	785,760,556	26,571,398	3.38%	2,117	
2019	13,422	774,720,447	28,347,447	3.66%	2,112	
2018	13,670	768,418,159	25,768,637	3.35%	1,885	
2017	13,142	772,571,432	21,416,070	2.77%	1,630	
2016	13,544	767,885,952	18,948,220	2.47%	1,389	
2015	13,552	767,135,961	17,175,507	2.24%	1,267	

Sources:

(1) Estimates - United States Census Bureau

(2) From Table 12

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund Loans, and revenue bonds.

Excludes leases and compensated absences.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA**Table 16**

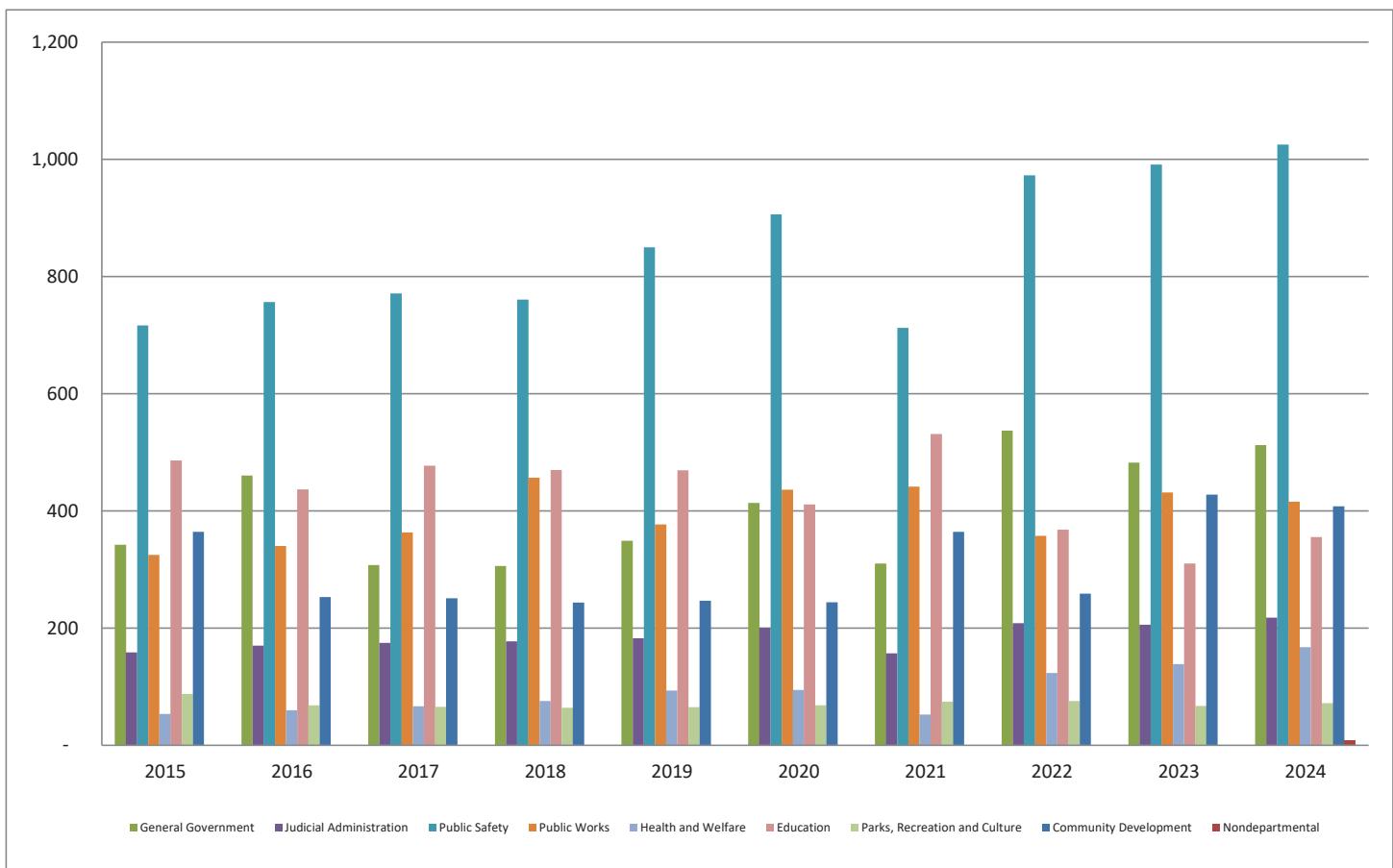
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt
At June 30, 2024

Direct:(1)

City of Martinsville	\$ 21,944,175	100%	\$ 21,944,175
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The City of Martinsville has no overlapping debt.

Expenditures Per Capita Ratios
Last Ten Fiscal Years



Note:

Information included is governmental expenditures - Table 7

Population - Table 18

Demographic and Economic Statistics
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	City Per Capita Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)	Personal Income In Thousands (5)
2024	13,834	\$ 50,015	1,807	4.60%	\$ n/a
2023	13,725	47,455	1,810	4.60%	3,174,180
2022	13,485	46,758	1,881	4.90%	3,019,634
2021	13,485	43,380	1,876	8.30%	2,905,682
2020	12,554	22,669	1,820	14.30%	2,718,356
2019	13,422	32,892	1,830	4.60%	2,558,838
2018	13,670	33,545	1,893	5.10%	2,449,831
2017	13,142	37,827	2,019	7.30%	2,434,875
2016	13,544	36,598	2,056	7.00%	2,368,764
2015	13,552	35,976	2,300	9.58%	2,291,342

n/a - not available at publication

Sources:

- (1) The Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis - data for "Henry + Martinsville, VA Micropolitan SA"
- (3) School Board Office
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission
- (5) Bureau of Economic Analysis - data for "Henry + Martinsville, VA Micropolitan SA"

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Table 19

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General government	26	22	21	20	20	21	21	21	22	28
Public safety										
Police department	50	56	50	51	51	51	51	47	42	47
Fire department	29	27	27	27	26	26	26	28	28	39
Public works										
General maintenance	40	38	35	37	37	37	37	38	37	36
Refuse Collection	3	3	5	5	5	6	6	7	9	7
Engineering	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	7	6	5	6	5	5	5	5	4	8
Community development										
Planning	4	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	2
Totals	<u>162</u>	<u>157</u>	<u>149</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>147</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>169</u>

Source: Individual city departments

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2015	2016	2017	2018
Police Protection	Number of stations	1	1	1	1
	Number of police personnel and officers	51	53	50	51
	Number of law violations:				
	Physical arrests	1,559	1,394	1,694	2,932
	Traffic violations	3,314	1,772	2,877	3,314
Fire Protection	Number of stations	2	2	2	2
	Number of fire personnel and officers	46	42	41	42
	Number of calls answered	3,093	3,041	3,024	3,053
	Number of inspections conducted	790	530	659	768
Streets	Streets (miles)	100	100	100	100
	Streetlights	2,721	2,871	2,695	3,069
Recreation & Culture	Number of parks and recreation facilities	13	13	13	13
	Number of libraries	1	1	1	1
	Number of community centers	1	1	1	1
Water	Service Connections	7,300	7,300	7,250	7,250
	Miles of water mains	120	120	120	120
	Number of fire hydrants	555	555	555	555
	Daily average consumption in gallons	1.8 MGD	1.8 MGD	1.8 MGD	1.8 MGD
	Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	7.4 MGD	7.4 MGD	7.4 MGD	7.4 MGD
Sewer	Service Connections	6,800	6,800	6,800	6,800
	Miles of sanitary sewers	140	140	140	140
	Miles of storm sewers	1	1	1	1
	Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1
	Daily average treatment in gallons	4.5 MGD	4.5 MGD	4.5 MGD	4.5 MGD
	Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	8.0 MGD	8.0 MGD	8.0 MGD	8.0 MGD
Electric Distribution Systems	Miles of service	100	100	100	100
	Number of distribution systems	1	1	1	1
Facilities and services not included in the primary government					
	Number of elementary schools	3	3	3	3
	Number of middle schools	2	2	2	2
	Number of secondary schools	1	1	1	1
Facilities and services not included in the reporting entity					
	Hospitals:				
	Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1
	Number of patient beds	220	220	220	220

Source: Individual city departments

Table 20

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1 51	1 51	1 51	1 47	1 42	1 47
1,994 2,786	1,645 2,663	1,383 2,539	1,234 2,324	1,393 2,112	1,187 2,476
2 40	2 43	2 41	2 42	2 37	2 39
3,602 914	2,965 826	3,504 838	4,214 1,342	4,458 1,136	4,410 1,166
100 3,069	100 3,069	100 3,072	100 3,072	100 3,072	100 3,093
13 1 1	13 1 1	13 1 1	13 1 1	13 1 1	13 1 1
7,250 120 555	7,069 120 555	7,069 120 555	8,098 120 555	7,074 120 555	7,097 120 555
1.78 MGD 7.4 MGD	1.95 MGD 7.4 MGD	1.65 MGD 7.4 MGD	1.70 MGD 7.4 MGD	1.35MGD 7.4 MGD	2.05MGD 7.4 MGD
6,800 140 1 1	6,535 140 1 1	6,631 140 1 1	7,494 140 1 1	6,541 140 1 1	6,556 140 1 1
5.8 MGD 8.0 MGD	5.4 MGD 8.0 MGD	5.5 MGD 8.0 MGD	4.49 MGD 8.0 MGD	4.71MGD 8.0 MGD	4.78MGD 8.0 MGD
100 1	100 1	100 1	100 1	100 1	100 1
3 2 1	3 2 1	3 2 1	3 2 1	3 2 1	3 2 1
1 220	1 220	1 220	1 220	1 220	1 220

Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General government										
Administration buildings	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Vehicles	4	4	3	3	4	2	2	4	2	4
Public safety										
Police department:										
Patrol units	23	22	26	27	29	27	30	26	24	20
Other vehicles*	13	16	15	17	18	19	16	17	19	20
Sheriffs department:										
Patrol units	12	13	13	13	16	15	15	16	15	15
Other vehicles*	10	10	12	12	12	10	10	10	11	12
Fire department:										
Vehicles	12	12	14	14	16	14	14	15	15	15
Building inspections:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2
Animal control:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Trucks/vehicles	60	59	59	60	57	60	62	66	66	58
Refuse:										
Vehicles	10	10	9	10	12	14	13	13	13	14
Sites	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	13	12	12	12	12	11	11	10	12	13
Playing Fields	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Tennis courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Community development										
Planning:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
Schools	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
School buses	30	30	31	33	32	31	31	33	32	35
Other vehicles	23	29	25	26	29	27	23	25	27	27

Source: Individual city departments

*Police: includes Admin, CID & K-9

Sheriff: includes Admin, Annex & M/C's



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

**To The Honorable Members of
City Council
City of Martinsville, Virginia**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Martinsville, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Martinsville, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 24, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 and 2024-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Martinsville, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Martinsville, Virginia's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on City of Martinsville, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Martinsville, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no such opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia

April 24, 2025

**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on
Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

**To The Honorable Members of
City Council
City of Martinsville, Virginia**

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Martinsville, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Martinsville, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. City of Martinsville, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of Martinsville, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of Martinsville, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Martinsville, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Martinsville, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Martinsville, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Martinsville, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Martinsville, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Martinsville, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia

April 24, 2025

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and
Discretely Presented Component Unit
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Pass through payments:				
Highway Safety Cluster:				
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	BPT-2024-54034	\$ 10,404	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	FM6OT-2023-53029	1,480	
Total Highway Safety Cluster			11,884	-
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 11,884	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	Unknown	\$ 179,953	\$ 179,953
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Unknown	13,802	-
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 193,755	\$ 179,953
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:				
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	114801	\$ 49,623	\$ -
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	120478, 122439	7,500	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	120478	49,983	-
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ 107,106	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
Direct payments:				
Economic Development Cluster:				
Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	N/A	\$ 2,424,182	\$ -
Total Department of Commerce			\$ 2,424,182	\$ -
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY:				
Direct payments:				
Brownfields Multipurpose, Assessment , Revolving Loan Fund, and				
Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	N/A	\$ 569,332	\$ -
Total Environmental Protection Agency			\$ 569,332	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:				
Community Development Block Grants / State's Program and Non-Entitlement				
Grants in Hawaii	14.228	120928	\$ 630,456	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services:				
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235	Unknown	\$ 34,074	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
Direct payments:				
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	\$ 15,848	\$ -
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	89,496	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	N/A	20,423	-
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	116418, 118457	67,492	-
Total Department of Justice			\$ 193,259	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Accounts:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unknown	\$ 3,747,825	\$ -
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	122373	142,267	-
Virginia Department of Environmental Quality:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	17505	1,957,115	5,847,207
Total Department of the Treasury			\$ 5,847,207	\$ -

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and
 Discretely Presented Component Unit
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients
COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD:				
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Pass through payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:				
Food Distribution - National School Lunch Program	10.555	Unknown	\$ 81,610	
Virginia Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE41106 & APE40254	<u>1,091,773</u>	\$ 1,173,383
School Breakfast Program	10.553	APE41110 & APE40253		484,733
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	APE60302 & APE60303		110,144
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	APE40252		<u>64,993</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 1,833,253 \$ -
Virginia Department of Education:				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	APE70027		<u>50,719</u> -
Total Department of Agriculture				\$ 1,883,972 \$ -
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Direct payments:				
Adult Education - National Leadership Activities	84.191	N/A	\$ 57,175	\$ -
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE42901		1,779,585
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE43071	\$ 570,965	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE62521	<u>5,094</u>	
Total Special Education Cluster				576,059
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE61095		82,171
Rural Education	84.358			58,949
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	APE43405		12,012
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	APE61480		167,127
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE60281		261,921
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	APE501931		<u>4,041,845</u>
Total Department of Education				\$ 7,036,844 \$ -
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 18,932,071 \$ 179,953

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the City of Martinsville, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the reporting requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Martinsville, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Martinsville, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 5,000,949
Special Revenue Funds:	
City Grants Fund	630,456
Meals Tax Fund	373,820
Sewer Fund	<u>4,381,297</u>
Total primary government	\$ <u>10,386,522</u>
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 4,099,019
School Grants Fund	2,937,825
School Cafeteria Fund	<u>1,883,972</u>
Total component unit school board	\$ <u>8,920,816</u>
Reconcile federal revenues to expenditures:	
Less: Joint Law Enforcement Operation Funds (JLEO formerly ALN 16.111)	(1,447)
Less: Federal tax credit subsidy on QSCB bond	<u>(373,820)</u>
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ <u>18,932,071</u>

Note 5 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 6 - Loan Balance

The City has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
11.307	Economic Adjustment Assistance
14.228	Community Development Block Grants / State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
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Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
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CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2024-001 – Material Audit Adjustments

Criteria: City management is responsible for developing and maintaining an effective system of internal controls over financial closing and reporting that provides reasonable assurance for the reliability of the reported financial information. Identification of material adjustments to the financial statements that were not detected by the City's internal controls in a timely manner indicates that a deficiency in internal control may exist.

Condition: The financial statements did not include necessary adjustments to ensure such statements were materially correct in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP).

Cause: The City did not have adequate internal controls in place to timely detect and correct errors in the financial reporting process.

Effect: There is a reasonable possibility that a misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected in a timely manner by the City's internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: The City should evaluate the internal controls in place over the financial year-end closing and reporting process and review proposed audit adjustments to ensure that the financial statements are materially correct in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Management's Response:

The Finance Department lost half of its staff within a 3-month window from July 2024 through September 2024 including both the Finance Director and the Deputy Finance Director as well as the Payroll Specialist. This is normally when year-end adjustments would be made by experienced staff.

2024-002 – Timely Request of Reimbursement for Expenditures Incurred

Criteria: Reimbursement requests for expenditures incurred under all grant funded programs should be filed in a timely manner and, at the very least, within 60 days of the same year the expenditures are incurred.

Condition: The City requested reimbursement in late November 2024 for expenditures related to the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Pine Hall Housing Rehabilitation Project that were incurred as far back as January 2024.

Cause: The Department responsible for overseeing the CDBG program did not have adequate controls in place to ensure that reimbursement requests were being filed in a timely manner.

Effect: There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected in a timely manner.

Recommendation: The City should evaluate the controls in place over the CDBG program to ensure that expenditures are being captured in the proper fiscal year and that reimbursement requests are being filed in a timely manner.

Management's Response:

The Community Development Department lost key personnel during the year as well and unfortunately without experienced staff in place items were overlooked and reimbursements were not timely requested.

CITY OF MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV – Prior Year Findings

There are no prior year findings.